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LEFT THE PITS

Coal Miners Obeying the Order to Suspend Work.

Thousands Desert the Shafts in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

CONFLICTING REPORTS REGARDING THE STRIKE IN ILLINOIS.

President Crawford Claims That the Suspension Will Be General at the Chief Mining Points in the State—The Situation in Missouri, Iowa, Kentucky and Alabama—McBride's Estimate of the Effect of the Shut-Down.

From reports received by telegraph in the office of the POST-DISPATCH up to 3 o'clock this afternoon the strike of the soft coal miners, ordered to take place to-day, has been very generally observed in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois.

Reports received from John McBride, President of the United Mine Workers' Association, whose headquarters are at Columbus, O., indicate that the order to strike has been generally respected by the members of the organization and that within a few days there will be scarcely one minor at work in the soft coal producing regions.

J. A. Crawford, President of the Illinois Miners' Association, has reports from the chief mining points of that State, which show that in nearly every district the shafts were deserted at noon to-day, but the POST-DISPATCH correspondents at Minonk, Carlinville, Virden, Collinsville and other points say the strike has not yet gone into effect.

Crawford claims to have information that 140,000 men, in various parts of the country, left work at noon to-day.

IN OHIO.

The Strike Inaugurated in the Pomeroy District at Noon.

POMEROY, O., April 21.—The coal miners of the twenty-two mines in this district will lay down their tools to-day and join the general strike.

Seven hundred of the 840 employed in Pomeroy Bend had signed an agreement last night to abide by the terms of the strike.

Five operators have signified their willingness to pay the price demanded.

President John McBride of the United Mine Workers, with headquarters at Columbus, says that he is in receipt of reliable information to the effect that at noon to-day 152,000 men will lay down their tools. He bases this total estimate on the following table:

Pennsylvania	56,000	Tenn. and Ky.	5,000
Ohio	26,000	Missouri	3,000
Illinois	15,000	Alabama	8,000
Iowa	5,000	Colorado	4,000
West Virginia	6,000	Indian Territory	12,000
Maryland	3,000		
Indiana	5,000	Total	132,000

McBride predicts that within four days after the order goes into effect 25,000 block coal miners in Illinois, Missouri and Kansas and 20,000 coke miners in Pennsylvania will go out, so that by May 1 not a soft coal miner in the country will be at work unless at a proper scale of wages.

The strike promises to be the greatest in the history of the country. It will stop work in mines that produced upwards of 100,000,000 tons of coal last year in twelve States and Territories. These miners received $53,850,437 in wages in 1890, according to the eleventh census of the United States. In that year, 189,886 mines produced 79,899,108 tons of coal valued at $89,850,669.

Should the strike be effective to the fullest extent anticipated, the effect upon the business of the country will be simply terrorious, as the strike will enforce the suspension of many trades dependent upon the coal industry and may seriously affect the operation of the railroads of the country in the States where the miners will go out.

The miners' strike for the restoration of the interstate wage agreement which was abandoned during the summer, first voluntarily by a small number of miners in the Pittsburg (Pa.) district, and thus forced a reduction in every competitive district in the United States.

It is admitted by both sides that the success or failure of the whole strike depends on the outcome of the movement in the Pittsburg (Pa.) district. The average price of mining prevailing in the Pittsburg district for the last six months has been 55 cents per ton, and in all other districts in the country in proportion. Many operators in that district declare that it is impossible to pay the wages asked the miners and say they are satisfied to permit the mines to remain idle, but this does not represent the sentiments of all the operators, many of whom acknowledge that the wages demanded could be paid if all would keep faith and not seek an advantage.

REPORTS RECEIVED AT COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, O., April 21.—Reports at National headquarters of the Miners' Union are to the effect that in the block coal fields of Indiana, where the men have a contract, they will work two days a week until May 1, when they will join in the suspension.

Maryland, where nothing was expected, has joined in the suspension. On the New and Kanawha rivers there is every indication of a general suspension.

It is an open secret in Columbus that the operators of this region are in sympathy with the suspension and hope the miners will win. The operators here desire to pay the scale proposed by the miners, but are prevented by certain operators in the Pittsburg district, who have been paying lower wages.

Seven hundred men are out at New Straitsville. These miners are among the most conservative and intelligent in the country. A telegram from Trimble says all of the miners in the Sunday Creek Valley are out. There are about 1,500 of them.

General good feeling exists between operators and miners in the coal fields of Ohio. The dark passages of 1874 and 1884 will not be repeated this year. At New Straitsville, for example, the men, while earning scarcely any money during the past year, are in a very good way to stand a siege, as the majority of them are owners of their own homes. Several hundred railroad men on coal roads centering here will be thrown out of employment. It is the opinion of the best miners at straitsville that as soon as the coal now stored is consumed all districts will pay the scale and work will be resumed.

The operators in Ohio stand ready to pay the scale forthwith, provided Pittsburg will fall into line. Heretofore one or more big operators who had mines in Ohio and Pennsylvania played one against the other. When the Ohio miners struck these operators worked their Pittsburg mines, and vice versa. This year, with the Pittsburg miners working in harmony with the Ohio miners, the latter feel that the suspension cannot be of great duration.

Public sympathy here is with the miners, regardless of the vocations of the men, for the reason that Ohio operators want to pay the scale when operators elsewhere consent, and because of the further fact that the miners cannot do well at 80 cents, but can at 90, and consumers who need coal are willing to pay the price at that rate for mining.

FOUR THOUSAND MEN QUIT.

JACKSON, O., April 21.—All the mines of Jackson County shut down at 11 a. m., today, and 4,000 men have joined the great army. The miners have worked so little the last year that many of them have no surplus and must suffer if the strike continues for any length of time.

A small number want to break away from the United Mine Workers' Union and wish to organize a local union for the county. The majority will not hear to this, however, and will stick with the mine workers.

The operators are not fearful about the result. They have a large amount of coal on hand and think that the strike will be broken before they need more.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Uncertainty as to Whether the Cokers Will Join the Strike.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 21.—There is great uncertainty throughout the entire region to-day as to the probabilities of the cokers joining the general strike. Among the operators the opinion is general that the men will not go out. They say that the cokers are discouraged at the failure of the recent strike and will not quit work soon again.

The strike leaders, however, are confident the men will come out again, and that they will be successful this time, because they have the backing of the National Board.

Meetings are being held to-day to select delegates to the Scottdale convention, which meets Monday to decide the question.

COLUMBIA AND BLAIR COUNTIES.

ALTOONA, Pa., April 21.—All the coal mines in Blair County that have been actively operated are located at Bennington and in the vicinity of Kittering Point. They employ 500 men. Three months ago the rate of wages was cut from 45 cents to 40 cents a ton, and two weeks ago some of the operators made another reduction to 35 cents. The men all quit work yesterday, twenty-four hours in advance of the time fixed by the Columbus meeting.

Cambria County has 6,000 miners, every one of which went out at noon to-day. The men at Gallitzen, in the county, quit work yesterday morning, and all those employed at Frugality, and 500 men at Hastings quit at noon. All the other miners at Hastings and those at Patton joined the strikers at noon to-day. The miners at Ben's Creek, Lilis, Portage, Sonman, South Fork and Sumner Hill continued at work until noon to-day when they also went out. This includes the entire Cambria County mining district. Some of the Cambria County operators tried to induce the men to continue at work by promising to pay from this date whatever price may be hereafter fixed should the strike be successful, but the men refused to accept such terms. The small operators admit that the price of mining is too low, but they say they were forced by the larger companies to scale it down to meet prices of coal. No one here feels competent to give an opinion as to the outcome of the strike. It is generally admitted, however, that the miners will succeed if they can hold out a month. No disorder has yet been reported in this district.

A SUCCESS AT PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 21.—The great coal strike, so far as this district is concerned at least appears to be a success. At noon to-day the 6,000 men in the river district and the 6,500 in the railroad district laid down their picks, and receiving their wages quietly left the mines. Dispatches from the Clearfield district report that the 18,000 men there also struck and that the mines are generally closed. In the Philipsburg region, east of the mountains, all the mines are idle. The suspension in the Clearfield region will enforce idleness upon 400 trainmen on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad.

In the Connellsville region the men are still at work, but the leaders expect to have almost the entire region of 18,000 men out on Monday. The leaders say there is no longer a doubt as to the attitude of the men regarding the national strike. They are largely in favor of it, and nearly three-fourths of them are expected to lay down their tools. During the past week the local leaders have been working secretly among the employes of every plant, organizing them for the strike, and these leaders report that they find no opposition to the movement.

ONE REASON ASSIGNED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 21.—If all the miners in what is known as the Clearfield district of the butuminous coal region strike at noon to-day there will be 20,000 men out of work in that territory. Added to these are 5,000 in the Philipsburg district, 4,000 in the Indiana district, 5,000 in the Jefferson district, and about 8,000 in the mountain district. A prominent operator, member of a firm that employs several thousand miners, said to-day:

"The strike is not against the reduction in wages, but simply and solely for the purpose of keeping the officers of the Miners' National Organization in office. Things had been quiet for so long a time that the working miners were kicking against paying big salaries to general officers for doing nothing. As far as we are concerned, we have been practically maintaining a charity organization for some time. It would have paid us to close our mines six months ago. When we found it necessary to reduce wages in order to keep the men at work they accepted the situation quietly and did not offer objection."

WILL NUMBER AT LEAST 7,000.

PHILLIPSBURG, Pa., April 21.—The number of men in this district, the Eighth Bituminous, who will go on strike by 12 o'clock today will number at least 7,000. The Houtzdale and Oscala mines quit completely at 12 o'clock to-day.

There is no excitement. The men are determined, and the operators say that they have sufficient coal to keep their customers supplied for two or three weeks.

No trouble is anticipated unless some of the operators should undertake to start their mines, in which event the scenes in the coke regions will be repeated here.

CUMBERLAND AND CLEARFIELD.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., April 21.—Advices from the Cumberland bituminous coal regions state that all is quiet there. In the Clearfield region the miners struck at noon, as agreed, and in this they were joined by the Huntington and Broadtop miners.

REFUSED TO GO TO WORK.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., May 21.—The 200 miners employed at the Red Sun Mine at Ralston refused to go to work this morning. They are members of the United Mine Workers' Association.

SITUATION IN ILLINOIS.

Reports From Various Points Say All Is Comparatively Quiet.

CARLINVILLE, Ill., April 21.—The strike among the United Mine-Workers of America, to commence to-day, has not as yet affected the mines of this city and county. The operators here have made no cut in wages, the scale of 40 cents being maintained, with which the men seem to be satisfied. Unless the agitators reach here no trouble is expected.

At Nilwood, in this county, the men have been out for two weeks on account of a local trouble, with hopes of an amicable adjustment Monday.

THE STRIKE GENERAL.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 21.—At 12:30 to-day less than 200 men had quit work at the mines in the immediate vicinity of Springfield with the strike order. The indications are, however, that many others will quit before night. About 1,500 miners are employed here. Advices from Virden and several other small places south, where the miners are not well organized, say that the strike order is being ignored and that the men are working as usual.

J. A. Crawford, State President of the United Mine Workers of America, arrived here this morning. Shortly after noon he said: "Telegrams have been pouring in all morning, and they show that the strike is general throughout the country. One hundred and forty thousand men quit work at noon. There will be many more thousand next week. In the block coal regions of Indiana the men will go out May 1. In the Northern Illinois fields the miners came out at noon to a man. Along the lines of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Iowa Central and the Toledo, Peoria & Western Railroads the shafts are deserted. In Southern Illinois the men are ready to strike, and will go out this evening. At Canton the men are all out. The strike will be a peaceful one, the men everywhere being enjoined from violence."

THREE THOUSAND OUT.

MORRIS, Ill., April 21.—This noon about 3,000 miners of Coal City, Braceville, Gardner, Carbonhill of this county, and of Clarke City and Braidwood of the same coal fields, laid down their tools in pursuance of a decision made in the convention Thursday. Their contracts do not expire until May and June, but they are striking in response to the manifesto of the Columbus convention, pending further instructions.

The work has been half time here and no rates have been offered for the coming year. The movement here is incited by foreign agitators, only half of the workmen at first consenting.

WILL OBEY THE ORDER.

DU QUOIN, Ill., April 21.—The miners in this city have been on a strike since April 1 against a 25 per cent reduction in wages, and it is reported that the St. Johns miners will come out to-day.

The miners are peaceable and orderly, and although not organized express a determination to stay with the order of the Columbus conference, saying that it will be no harder to starve doing nothing than to work at the price offered by the operators.

Nothing worthy of incident has happened.

LA SALLE AND PERU.

LA SALLE, Ill., April 21.—The miners of La Salle and Peru held a meeting last evening and decided to quit work to-day. There seems to be a lack of harmony among the men, however, many thinking it would be right to remain at work until May 1, according to terms of a contract, under which all are working.

AT WORK AS USUAL.

MINONK, Ill., April 21.—The miners went to work to-day as usual. Owing to the fire in the mine some time ago and the enforced idleness of the men it is not at this time thought they will join the general strike.

MAY GO OUT SOON.

VIRDEN, Ill., April 21.—The miners are not out here yet. There are 250 men here. All have plenty of work and fair wages. They will probably go out within six days in sympathy with Springfield and other places.

QUIET AT COLLINSVILLE.

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., April 21.—There is no strike here. All the miners are quiet. Work is poor, but there is no disturbance.

AT OTHER POINTS.

Effect of the Order to Go Out in Kentucky, Iowa and Colorado.

ASHLAND, Ky., April 21.—The strike of the United Mine Workers will not affect any of the mines in the Big Sandy Valley, as no reductions have been made in that section. The miners of the Ashland Coal & Iron Railway's mines, out on that road, and those of the Lexington & Carter County Mining Co. at Muncia and Mt. Savage will go out, but it is not thought they will so remain long.

IN ALABAMA.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 21.—At Corona, Walker Co., to-day 500 more miners joined those now on strike in this district. A miners' meeting is being held at Days Gap, which will probably result in all the remaining mines in Walker County joining the strikers. Leaders of the strike are holding a conference to-day with Birmingham merchants with a view to settling the wage difference. No conclusion has yet been reached. The situation at Blue Creek is unchanged. About 100 imported negro laborers are still at work under the protection of deputy sheriffs, and the operators are making efforts to get more negroes.

FEW WILL STRIKE.

DENVER, Colo., April 21.—The indications are that there will be little or no striking by coal miners in Colorado. Some corporations are two months behind on pay and employes may go out, but not in connection with the general strike.

WILL NOT COME OUT.

OSKALOOSA, Io., April 21.—None of the miners at the five Mahaska camps will come out. All are working and will so continue according to their declarations.

NO TROUBLE EXPECTED,

St. Louis District Coal Miners Will Hardly Join the Strike.

According to men interested in coal mines in what is known as the St. Louis district this city will be but little affected by the national strike, which has been ordered by President McBride of the National Mine Workers' Association. Illinois has long been known to be but poorly organized by the union men. The order of the national leaders are not likely to be obeyed unless more urgently enforced.

General Manager Simpson of the Consolidated Coal Co., which brings the largest supply of coal into St. Louis of any concern, stated this morning that he anticipated no trouble.

"The difficulty is all outside of the St. Louis district," he said. "We have contracts with our miners which have yet to run some months and both sides are satisfied. The matter is hardly of interest to St. Louis at all."

"In case 100,000 men go out the price of coal will be raised, will it not?"

"Oh, yes; and in that case we would be benefited, but there is no probability of any such number of men going out."

General Manager Williams of the Carterville Coal Co. said his men were perfectly satisfied.

"We cut them 10 per cent some time ago," he said, "because we had to, and they have not objected. The leaders have told me they would not go out. Of course there is the danger that some other mines may close up and the men from them force us to do the same but our men will not willingly stop work.

"It will be impossible to tell anything about how much of a strike this will be until Monday morning, when the whistles blow for work. Just at present you can't tell anything about it; even the men don't know, but the chances are St. Louis will not be affected."

Henry Klager, treasurer of the Consumer Coal Co., stated that he had heard nothing to cause him to think any of their men were going on a strike. This concern owns a number of mines about Springfield, Mo.

A representative of the St. Louis and Big Muddy Coal Co. on being asked if their men were going to strike, remarked:

"We would not tell you if we knew. That's the way to make trouble with the men. You can talk about it until you drive them on a strike, but we really expect no difficulty."

THE WEATHER.

Generally Fair To-Day and To-Morrow—Warmer Sunday.

Rains have been general east of the Mississippi, except in Alabama, Mississippi and Georgia. The area of .25 inches and over embraces the section along the Atlantic coast from New York to Virginia, and also northeastern Florida. West of the Mississippi the weather is generally fair.

It is decidedly cooler in the Ohio Valley from Louisville eastward and much warmer in Montana, the Canadian Northwest and in Utah. Except in the above named sections, temperature changes have been slight.

Light frost is reported from Dodge City, Kan., and the temperature is below freezing in Nebraska, except the extreme eastern portion.

Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Sunday.

For Missouri—Fair; northerly, shifting to southerly winds; warmer.

Nominated by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Justice Warren N. Duzenberry, to be Judge of Probate in the County of Utah, Territory of Utah.

Navy—Assistant Engineer Solos Arnold to be a Passed Assistant Engineer.

ARE NOT BUMS

A Few Radical Truths Regarding the Commonwealers.

What General Manager St. John Says of the Kelly Brigade.

THEY ARE SOBER, INTELLIGENT AND DETERMINED MEN.

Driven to Their Present Movement by Oppression and Starvation—Their Leader a Man of Brains and Character and a Christian—Perfect Gentleman and Thoroughly Honest—Compared With the French Revolution.

DES MOINES, Io., April 21.—General Manager St. John of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, who passed through this city last night from Council Bluffs, talked differently from some other railway men about the Kelly "Commonweal" army, its purposes and the menace it is to the country. In fact he does not think the people have anything to fear from the army passing through the country.

"It is made up of sober, intelligent, determined men," he said. "Nine-tenths of them are American born. They are respectable, honest and remarkably well organized. There are no bums among them. The statements that have been sent out about their being tramps and all that sort of thing are all untrue. The leader, Kelly, is a man of brains and character and great determination, and he is a religious man, too. He is a perfect gentleman and thoroughly honest. He will never permit any outrages to be done by any of his men if there should be any inclination in that direction, which there certainly is not now. He will not permit any tramp or disreputable person to enlist in his army, and he will remove the first one he can find. He has absolute control over his men, which he could never have over a body of tramps or disreputables. Kelly said to me that his men would never go back under any circumstances. They are going to Washington in some way; of that I am sure.

"'We may be wrong,' Kelly said to me, 'but we are determined to go to Washington and present a living petition to Congress, one that cannot be thrown into a waste paper basket. We think we are right and nothing can stop us.'

"What they can accomplish I do not see, but they are bound to make a profound impression. There will be 100,000 people in Washington by the 10th day of May on this mission; and what can we do about it? Nothing but treat them kindly and let them go. The more opposition they meet the stronger they become. The laboring classes all over the country are in sympathy with them. If they have a few more days of such treatment as they have had the last two days about Council Bluffs and Omaha I tremble to think what may happen. You cannot tell what a man will do when he is hungry and hunted down."

"Did you see the men?" was asked by the correspondent.

"Yes. I stopped at Weston at the request of Gen. Kelly and saw the men there. They are of the better class, and I would not be one bit afraid to take them to Chicago or any other city, for they will do no one any harm. They are mostly educated men, mechanics and a number of railway men. They have left families in California and they hope, many of them, to get back East, where they came from, and find something to do to get their families there. They will never return to the West, for there is nothing for them to return to. They have been starving there. They are desperate men, desperately in earnest.

"This thing is gathering like a whirlwind. It is very similar to the French revolution. It is a terrible thing, and it made me sad to find that there were 1,600 respectable, well mounting recruited to such desperate straits in this country. We expect these things in the old countries, but it is no part of the programme of a republic. It makes us feel that there is something wrong with the Government."

KELLYITES STILL AT WESTON.

OMAHA, Neb., April 21.—At 10 o'clock today not a move had been made by the Kelly Commonwealers at Weston, Io., and the frenzied "rescuers" from Omaha and Council Bluffs had disappeared completely from view. The wild work of yesterday and last night seemed to have wearied the crowds and they were late about congregating. The continued, freezing weather also had the effect of cooling the hot heads to a certain extent, as did the announcement of the determination of Gen. Kelly to move his army east across Iowa by means of wagons.

A telegram from Kelly's camp at 10:30 a. m., says: "Threatening weather has caused Gen. Kelly to delay his march back to Council Bluffs until noon at any rate. He is waiting to hear the result of efforts of General Manager St. John and W. H. M. Pusey to secure a train for the army over the Rock Island. He is also favorably impressed with the suggestion of Mr. Edward Rosewater that he secure teams and make the trip overland to Washington, and he is already receiving encouragement in responses from the farming classes to his appeal for assistance for this purpose."

Kelly expresses the hope that his friends in Omaha and Council Bluffs will strictly observe the law, even though they are laboring under great excitement. The army has enough provisions to last for another meal, and then if relief does not come they will be compelled to go back to the Bluffs. Reports from all towns near here are to the effect that the people have contributed plenty of supplies, but have no means of getting the stuff to the army.

Kelly thinks he will not accept the proposition for transportation to Kansas City by water except as a last resort, as it will no land him any nearer to his desired destination.

Acting Mayor Bemis issued the following proclamation:

To the Citizens of Omaha:

Notice has been served on me, as Chief Executive of the city of Omaha, by the officials of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad and the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad that th-ir companies will hold the city liable for all damage done to their property by mobs and lawless citizens.

Now, therefore, I, George P. Bemis, Mayor of the City of Omaha, hereby caution all persons within the boundaries of the city to desist from interfering with the roadways, rolling stock or other property of said corporations, and in all respects to observe the laws and maintain good order.

Furthermore urge and recommend that all parties in sympathy with the Industrial army, now detained near Council Bluffs, contribute to their relief and in securing horses, wagons and subsistance to enable them to continue their march across Iowa independent of railroads and corporate charity. All contributions made through the Mayor's office will be forwarded to Gen. Kelly as rapidly as they can be conveyed.

GEORGE P. BEMIS, Mayor.

A largely attended meeting was held in Knights of Labor Hall at 9 o'clock and speeches were made by many. All seemed to be at sea as to the best course to pursue, but every speaker denounced the railroads in most vigorous language.

Kelly's army had a court-martial trial this morning. The court was composed of all the captains of the army and Col. Baker. A. Madison, a private in Co. H, was tried for violating rules of the Industrial army by furnishing and using liquor in the camp and he is alleged to have been spying on the men in the interest of the railways. These charges were proven and he was found guilty by the court and was ordered dishonorably discharged and publicly drummed out of town. Madison is a new member of the army, having enlisted at Chautauqua, and has been a source of much disturbance since enlisting.

At 12 o'clock Gen. Kelly declared that if transportation was not secured for his army between now and morning he would begin moving on foot eastward through the state.

Advices received here are meager, but Kelly hopes to soon hear good news.

PRECAUTIONS AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—While the police and local authorities are perfecting their plans for the reception of Coxey and his gang, Secretary Carlisle and the officials at the Treasury are also taking an ounce of prevention. To-day extra guards are stationed about the cash rooms and the vaults of the Treasury. They are not in uniform, but they are vested with all the authority necessary to arrest or eject any suspicious person seen hovering about the building stone safe of Uncle Sam.

For the last few days workmen have been busy unhinging the open work iron swinging doors leading to the cash-room and the outer entrance to the vaults and this morning in the places of these ornamental portals solid iron doors were hung. They have heavy locks and can be shut automatically and locked in an instant.

The doors leading to the galleries overlooking the immense cash-room on the second floor of the Treasury Building have up to to-day been fancy doors made wholly of glass. Now they have been replaced with solid walnut doors with heavy locks, and orders have been issued to keep them closed at all times.

Extra guards have been placed on all the entrances of the Treasury, and Secretary Carlisle intends to be fully prepared for any invasion of crooks or lawless people.

The great number of strangers in the city already has occasioned these precautions, and while Coxey and his army may not be troublesome, yet the hangers-on, who are bound to follow the Commonweal, may prove so, and it is understood Secretary Carlisle is acting under advice given at the Cabinet meeting yesterday.

HUBBARD INVITED TO LEAVE.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Io., April 21.—Last night Gen. Kelly refused to put his army on a train stolen here by engineers and firemen of the Union Pacific. It was Union Pacific rolling stock on a Rock Island track, and Gen. Kelly declined to break the law by taking it.

Crowds filled the streets and exciting rumors kept them in a turmoil, but no unusual disturbance occurred. Kelly's army remained at Weston, but will march back to Council Bluffs and make a new start.

Indignation against one of the champions of the railroad companies took form late yesterday afternoon, by the passage of the following resolutions by a meeting of citizens:

Whereas, Judge H. M. Hubbard, having publicly through the daily press assumed the responsibility of calling the National Guard to this city for the declared purpose of blocking the movements of what is known as the "Industrial Army," under command of Gen. Kelly, and

Whereas, He has been reported by the press as saying that if the army captured a Chicago & Northwestern train that "the train would be ditched, let the consequences be what they may;" therefore, be it

Resolved, By the citizens of Council Bluffs in mass meeting assembled, that the unfortunate and perilous situation now existing in this city is largely due to the bad judgment and ill-timed expressions and actions of Judge Hubbard, and that in the interests of harmony and to again restore peace and quiet in this community, it is desirable that Judge Hubbard be requested by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co. to leave this city at once and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to Marvin Hughitt, President of the Chicago & Northwestern road, and to the Associated Press. Be it further

Resolved, That we have faith and confidence in the humanity and charity of the people of the different railroads leading out of Council Bluffs and that they have been badly advised.

MR. DAVIS' BILL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Representative Davis (Pop.) has introduced a bill covering in part the demands of the Industrials. It directs the Secretary of War to immediately enlist 500,000 men in an industrial volunteer army, to serve for a period of one year after enlistment. The army is to be housed, clothed and fed, but instead of drilling is to be employed on public works. To maintain the army the Secretary of the Treasury is to issue $50,000,000 legal tender notes and certain other forms of currency. The bill specifies the following issues of money to pay the army: Fifty millions to replace the waste and destruction on notes under the act of 1878; $150,000,000 to replace national bank currency retired; $100,000,000 annually hereafter to keep up the volume of money.

By a resolution introduced in the House by Representative Boen (P.) of Minnesota the Secretary of War is instructed to provide within the District camping ground and tents for all organized bodies of laboring people who may come within the District and to see that their rights as citizens are respected and protected during their stay here. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

CONTINGENT AT MACON.

MACON, Mo., April 21.—A company of fifty-eight men, hailing from Kansas, Missouri and other Western States, arrived here yesterday on their way to join Coxey's army. They arrived on different trains from the West. It seems to have been understood that Macon was their meeting point.

During the evening and last night small crowds of the company left for the East on freight trains. One of their number was arrested for a disturbance at a hotel. He was locked up but was afterwards rescued from the calaboose by the other men. They broke the lock.

The gang were a determined set and some of them were hard looking characters. Marshal Troester ordered the last of them, a squad of seventeen, out of Macon last night. They took a Burlington freight East, towards Chicago and St. Louis. They said other laboring men would join them in Shelby and other Missouri counties.

COXEY LEAVES FOR NEW YORK.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., April 21.—Gen. Coxey left the army last night for New York, to be absent two weeks. His business includes the sale of some of his thoroughbreds, and to ask for excursion rates over various railroads for the grand demonstration of May 1. If he succeeds, he declares 50,000 people will reach Washington by May 1, besides those now on the way.

The army on arrival here was refused firewood and water by the city authorities. The pilgrims bought their firewood and the railroad company gave them the use of a plug. Later, when shelter in an empty barn had been refused, the agent of the West Maryland Railroad admitted them to any empty warehouse during a thunder-storm.

FRYE AT MARSHALL.

MARSHALL, Ill., April 21.—Gen. Frye's army of commonwealers reached this city yesterday afternoon from the West with about 160 men in line. It was raining when they arrived, and they obtained permission to camp in the City Hall.

The citizens contributed supper and breakfast to them. They will march as far as Terre Haute to-day, where Gen. Frye intends to address a mass meeting.

RAISED $250 FOR KELLY.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 21.—The Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen have sent Engineer J. C. Williams of the Wabash to Weston, Io., with $250 for Kelly and his army. Mr. Williams states that an arrangement has been made with the Rock Island to bring the Colorado industrials to Chicago.

MONEY BACKING.

ANDERSON, Ind., April 21.—Two hundred representatives of this county will go to Washington as soon as Coxey is assured of a hearing. They have an organization, officers and plenty of money backing, and if they go to Washington will go by special train.

WILL RESIST KELLY'S ENTRANCE.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Mayor Hopkins will use the police to resist the entrances of Kelly's army to Chicago, and it will probably be required to march around the city. Only 100 recruits have been found here for the "Chicago army."

TARIFF LEAGUE PILGRIMAGE.

Another Delegation of 600 Men Leave Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 21.—Another delegation of the Workingmen's Protective Tariff League, numbering 600 men, left this city over the Baltimore & Ohio Railway for Washington to-day. The men are from the mill districts of Kensington, Manayunk and other towns. They will be joined in Chester by 200 representatives of the city.

Secretary Kelly, in speaking of the trip, said that the Workingmen's Protective Tariff League has no connection with Coxey's Commonwealers, said he:

"We simply go to Washington to endeavor to defeat the iniquitous Wilson bill."

VISITS FROM WISDOM.

George Moeller, a Prisoner, Imagines the Hanged Murderer Calls on Him.

Dr. Warren G. Priest, chief Dispensary physician and Dr. Ernst Mueller, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, called at the Four Courts to-day and examined. George Moeller, who is confined in jail on a charge of murder in the second degree, and who has symptoms of insanity. Moeller is given to dancing and singing and has hallucinations that he is visited by persons who were formerly of this life but who are now in the other world. He told the doctors to-day that he received a visit a few nights ago from Charles Wisdom, the negro who was hanged at the jail yesterday a week ago. Wisdom told him, Moeller said, that he was not yet hanged. Moeller mentioned the names of several distinguished persons, now deceased, who have visited him in his cell. The doctors are not ready to pass on his case yet, but will examine him further. Moeller shot and killed Henry Wagner at Eleventh and O'Fallon streets on Christmas eve last. A party of friends were carousing at the room of one of the party and a disturbance arose in which Moeller was ejected, leaving his hat behind him. He went home and got a gun and came back and fired through the door, the ball striking Wagner, who had nothing to do with the quarrel and who was lying on a bed.

TRIED TO ASSAULT HER.

Allegation Which Mrs. Minnie Mims Made Against Hotel Keeper Doley.

This afternoon Mrs. Minnie Mims, wife of a grocery clerk named Henry Mims, living at 3335 Manchester road, called at the Four Courts and wanted a warrant against A. M. Daly, the hotelkeeper, on the charge of attempted outrage. Five days ago Daly, who runs the hotel and restaurant at 414 Market street advertised for a respectable chambermaid.

Mrs. Mims answered the "ad," her husband being out of employment. Daly engaged her services, and, she claims, that this morning while at work Daly locked her in a room, made an indecent proposal, and when repulsed forced her to the bed and attempted to criminally assault her. She alleges further that he made a similar proposition to her the day before.

After the alleged attempted assault this morning Mrs. Mims stated that she quit her position and asked Daly to pay her off, and claims that he refused to do so. As there were no other witnesses to the assault save the lady and Daly, Mr. Estep refused to issue a warrant in the case and advised the woman to sue the hotelkeeper for her salary.

Daly is well known in the local public and has figured in a number of sensational cases, wherein women were involved. About two years ago Daly was shot in the leg by a man named Trench, and it is said that a woman was at the bottom of the trouble.

DR. ADAMS' ARGUMENT.

He Continues It in the United States Court To-Day—Federal Notes.

Dr. A. Wellington Adams resumed his statement to-day in the infringement suit of the Adams Electric Railway Co. against the Lindell Railway Co., on trial before Judge Hallett of Denver in the United States District Court. Dr. Adams began yesterday morning and continued all day. When the Judge ascended to the bench to-day Dr. Adams had an immense pile of canvas placards suspended from wires in front of the rostrum. On one was a statement of Dr. Adams' claims, on another the limitations of those claims, on a third the elements of his claims, and on a fourth the objects which he set forth in his application for a patent in 1888, and the objects which Charles Sprague stated in his application, made in 1885. The lettering was very large, so that the Judge had no difficulty in reading at a distance of twelve feet. Dr. Adams armed himself with a pointer, such as is used by school teachers to direct the childish gaze to the lessons on the blackboard. With the pointer as a guide for the Judge, Dr. Adams read the statements. He then placed upon the wires dozens of drawings of electric motor devices, each and all of which, and notably the Sprague motor, he alleged, infringed in detail his inventions. At noon the court took a recess until 2 o'clock. The defendant, the Lindell Railway Co., put one of its heavy motors in the court-room last evening. The body of the coach is wanting, but the heavy iron frame, the wheels and axles, brake and the essential part, a motor set in position, were set up. The wheels, motor and frame were brought up separately and were combined in the court-room.

VIOLENTLY INSANE.

Young Louis Bornmueller Put Under Forcible Restraint.

Louis Bornmueller, the 24-year-old son of President A. Bornmueller of the Koenig Furniture Co., Fifteenth and Montgomery streets, and residing at 1911 Montgomery street, was taken violently insane this morning, and under guard of Dr. Drichsler of Blair avenue and Montgomery street and Officers Fahey and Highley was taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital in an ambulance. His mania is of a very violent nature and necessitated his forcible restraint.

Young Bornmueller is a victim of epileptic fits, caused by a fall when very young. A careless nurse let him drop over a banister on the second story of his parents' home when still a baby. His life was saved by his falling into a tub of water, from which he was quickly rescued, and had apparently suffered no injury. His parents congratulated themselves upon his miraculous escape, but a few months later he developed symptoms of epilepsy, from which he has suffered ever since.

In September, 1892, he developed symptoms of violent insanity after one of his fits, and was sent to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, where a portion of his skull was removed to relieve a supposed pressure there. For a time he was believed to be cured, but two days ago he again was taken with an epileptic fit, which was followed by symptoms of violent insanity. This led to his again being taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital under forcible restraint this morning.

Thursday morning young Bornmueller manifested his first symptoms of insanity by rushing into his parents' room and crying out that the factory was on fire. After some time he was pacified and put to bed where for a time he was quieted by narcotics in the hope that the spell would pass off. Yesterday he again was seized with mania, and dressed only in his pants and undershirt came running down to the factory regardless of the pouring rain. This morning he became very ugly and violent, and it was found necessary to call the police to assist in restraining him and to help in his removal to the hospital.

Mr. Bornmueller says that his son worked for him and proved most industrious and intelligent, except when taken with a spell similar to the present one. He believes he can be cured, and, if necessary, will try the effect of a second operation.

CLOSED HER STORY.

Mrs. Marie Bradley Mulford Concludes Her Testimony.

SUIT OVER THE DEAD BROKER'S ESTATE ON TRIAL TO-DAY.

The Alleged Wife Says She Thinks a Common Law Marriage as Sacred and Binding as Any—A Shrewd Witness—William Mulford, the Brother, Commences His Defense.

Mrs. Marie Bradley Mulford was put upon the stand in the Probate Court to-day to continue her testimony in her own behalf. To use a slang expression, she gave Mr. Frank M. Estes, counsel for Wm. Mulford, "several hard falls," and was never at a loss for an answer to his questions and a supplementary explanation to Judge Woerner. She look tired and worn, and the black of her mourning costume accentuated her paleness very considerably. She was as plucky as ever, nevertheless, and when she some times started to tell more than Mr. Estes really wanted to know Mr. O'Connor had to stop her.

The examination opened by Mr. Estes asking:

"Did you meet Mr. Mulford in 1892?"

"Yes; about February, I think."

"Did you go to Chicago about that time?"

"Yes."

"Did Mr. Mulford know it?"

"Certainly he did."

"Why did you go?"

"May I tell the whole story to the Judge? It won't be understood if I don't!" she asked.

"No, just answer the question," said her attorney.

"Well, Mr. Mulford had been sick and had undergone a severe operation and was not well enough to indulge in his former habits."

"How long did you stay?"

"Sixteen days."

"Dr. Briggs telegraphed you to come back, did he not?"

"Yes."

"Where was Mr. Mulford then?"

"Mr. O'Connor, can't I tell the facts, it is not fair to me not to let me tell?" said Mrs. Mulford.

"Just answer the question," said Mr. O'Connor.

"He was at the Southern Hotel."

"Did you ever know Capt. Phil Sanders?"

"No."

"Never stopped at his house?"

"No."

The line of questioning was then changed to the marriage.

"You say in your position to the court that you were lawfully married to Mr. Mulford, what do you mean by that?"

"I mean that it was an agreement made according to his beliefs and I took a true honest man's word and we kept our agreement."

PUSHED THE BUTTON

Big Four Set the Current and Other Roads Will Do the Rest.

HOW THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF AFTERNOON TRAIN SERVICE WAS RECEIVED.

Merchants Have Other Improvements in Train Service in View Which Will Redound to the Interests of St. Louis—How Hotel Men Regard the Reform.

Now that a new and fast through train between St. Louis and New York is assured, the question of making St. Louis the great point of delivery for all East bound travel from Denver territory is being broached. One of the most prominent subjects for criticism along this line is the delay of through travel over the Missouri Pacific between Paola, Kan., and Holden, Mo., for the purpose of running it up to Kansas City and running it back again, no provision being made for use of the cut off between Paola and Holden. By reason of this delay seventy-two hours are consumed between Denver and New York, or thirty-six hours in each stage, St. Louis being the half way point.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, which has no cut-off for the delay of passenger trains in the interest of Kansas City, can bring its patrons through from Denver in twenty-eight hours and will be able to connect with the Big Four train to New York, leaving St. Louis at 3 p. m., after the arrival of the Kansas City fast train leaving there at 7 or 7:30. Six to eight hours being saved from Denver to St. Louis, and an equal amount of time between St. Louis to New York scales down the time from Denver easily twelve hours—a full working day—and possibly more.

In this connection the argument is used that it is not necessary, or even desirable, that all lines competing for Denver-St. Louis-New York business shall make the same connections. It would be decidedly better, say the students of the schedules, for Western lines to pick their Eastern connections and vary their time accordingly. By such an arrangement the "Q" could, as now contemplated, make its connection with the Big Four, the Alton make an early evening connection with the B. & O. Southwestern, and the Missouri Pacific a late night connection with the Vandalia. By such a "spread" on fast through service all demands of first-class traveling patronage would be subserved, and each connecting line build up its own particular business. The sentiment is freely expressed that it is not that the railroad companies cannot see the force of the arguments for better through service, but that they are averse to getting out of the mutual convenience upon the dead level of competition in hours.

THE ENTERING WEDGE.

However, the entering wedge driven by the Big Four is conceded to have divided the transportation problem at its toughest point. With Denver - Kansas City - St. Louis - Chicago through train service once established, the adjustment of competitive relations is expected to take place speedily.

Next Tuesday noon the Commercial Club committee of five will meet the representatives of the interested railroads at the Noonday Club for the purpose of making argument on the question of co-operation. The railroad men are expected to take the petition of the business men under advisement and to give an answer within a few days thereafter. At the time this meeting was agreed upon the pledge of the Big Four to a fast afternoon train service to New York was not anticipated, and that pledge has materially changed the face of the situation.

Col. George E. Leighton stated this morning that numerous telegrams had been sent to Mr. Ingalls by members of the Commercial Club and by representatives of the business interests of the city, congratulating him on the enterprise he had shown, and congratulating him upon the favorable position he had thereby gained for his road before the traveling public of St. Louis territory.

HOTEL MEN PLEASED.

No class of people are more jubilant over the afternoon train service than the hotel managers. In commenting upon the action of the Big Four, Manager Rogan of Hurst's said:

"St. Louis has long since needed a noonday service, and no one knows the fact better than I. If their are persons who do not see the advantage of such a service they should loiter around the rotunda here just one day and they will hear arguments that would soon convince them that above all other things St. Louis should have a train out of here at noon to both Chicago and Kansas City."

Willis P. Howe, manager of the Lindell, is an advocate of the movement. Said he: "I was thinking about writing a letter to the POST-DISPATCH on the subject, as I am a strong advocate of the afternoon train service project and not afraid to say so. I see that the Big Four is the first to give us a afternoon train; now let the Wabash, Missouri Pacific, Alton and Vandalia do likewise and St. Louis will no longer be termed an old fogy town. It is simply an outrage that St. Louis has no afternoon trains. If the roads are friendly to St. Louis, but to convince me I will have to see trains leaving here in the afternoon for both Kansas City and Chicago. If the railroad officials do not think it would be an advantage to have an afternoon service, they should hang up around the hotels just one day and hear arguments set up by persons who stop here. I think one day would convince them that the people are tired of this old fogy way in which the trains depart and arrive and want afternoon trains. Of course some people would say that the people are already in town and the railroads will use their pleasure about getting them out. That may be so, but on the other hand, there are many out of St. Louis who will not come here just for this very reason. There is also an immense travel from the West to the East that pass St. Louis because the peculiar train service here is not fancied. Let the roads give us a trial anyway, and every citizen in the city will do their best to show their appreciation of it."

Proprietor Griswold of the Laclede, at one time General Superintendent of the old Ohio & Mississippi, is in favor of afternoon train. "I am in favor of anything that will benefit St. Louis," said he, "and I think the extra service will be a benefit to us. Give us the trains on trial anyway, and if they are not made to pay it would not take very long to take them off."

Nervous

Are you, can't sleep, can't eat, tired, thirsty? Blood poor?

It's a tonic you want—

Hires' Rootbeer.

This sparkling, exhilarating, and refreshing drink, while being far more agreeable in bouquet and flavor than the finest wine or champagne, is at the same time unlike them, being free from alcohol.

A temperance drink for temperance people, delicious and wholesome as well. Purifies the blood, tickles the palate.

Package makes five gallons.

Ask your storekeeper for it.

Take no substitutes.

Send 2-cent stamp to Chas. E. Hires Co., Philadelphia, for beautiful picture cards.

ALL PERISHED.

Loss of the Fishing Schooner Dauntless on Klamath River.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 21.—News has been received here of the loss of the fishing schooner Dauntless and the drowning of four men off Klamath River, on the North California coast, early on the morning of the 19th inst. The schooner was completely wrecked. All on board perished with her. The drowned are:

CAPT. C. MARQUES.
—— THOMPSON, seaman.
—— BROWN, seaman.
AVERY EDSON, a youth, whose parents live at Crescent City.

The bodies of Capt. Marques, Avery Edson and one of the sailors have since been caught upon the beach.

The disaster resulted through an attempt to put to sea from the Klamath River during a gale. The schooner was foundered upon the breakers in the bar.

Bad Wash-Out.

PORTLAND, Me., April 21.—Traffic on the Grand Trunk Railroad has been suspended at North Stratford, N. H., owing to a bad wash-out. The cave-in is over 300 feet in length and still extending.

No freight trains are running over that branch of the road, and passengers are being transferred by the Maine Central. It will be at least four days before the tracks can be used again.

KILLING OF EATON.

Son of a Respected Citizen Shot Under Peculiar Circumstances.

MARSHALL, Ill., April 21.—Will Eaton, aged 20, was killed last night under remarkable circumstances. Mrs. Brown, a wealthy lady, received a note through the post-office demanding that she leave $200 at a certain place near her residence or her house would be blown up.

The officers were notified and an envelope containing a lot of paper was placed as demanded. At the appointed time a man was seen taking it and was ordered to surrender. He started to run and several shots were fired, the fugitive falling dead. He was found to be the son of John Eaton, one of the best known and respected men in the city.

Battle With Jail Birds.

HENNESSEY, O. T., April 21.—In a desperate battle yesterday between a sheriff's posse and the four bandits who broke jail at Newkirk, one man was killed and several wounded. The posse were on their trail since Thursday morning with three relays of horses. The bandits were surrounded in the sandhills of the Cheyenne country, twenty miles west of here. They made a stout resistance, wounding two members of the posse. Scott, one of the bandits, was mortally wounded, and the two Gramley brothers were shot in the legs and shoulders.

The deputies crawled all the while closer to the canyon where the outlaws were intrenched and kept emptying Winchesters in their vicinity till a white handkerchief was hoisted.

The carrier who brought the news here said the posse would take the captives to Watonga, the county seat of Blaine County. Since breaking jail they killed two homesteaders in the Cherokee Strip, Wintermuth and Osgood.

Brittain in Jail.

WEST PLAINS, Mo., April 21.—G. W. Brittain, who recently shot and killed Charles Anderson in the southern part of the county, has been indicted for murder in the first degree. He has taken a change of venue to Shannon County and will remain in jail until next September.

Not Guilty.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 21.—After being out all night the jury in the Lawrence murder case to-day brought in a verdict of not guilty.

SEIZED BY CONVULSIONS.

The Bennett-Weise Murder Trial Comes to a Sudden Halt.

MARSHALLTOWN, Io., April 21.—When the jury in the Bennett-Weise murder case were at breakfast to-day, Henry Desch, one of the jurors, was suddenly prostrated with violent convulsions. His screams were heard for blocks away. It is thought he will die.

Judge Hindman discharged the jury and continued the case. The jury had been out more than forty hours and on the last ballot stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction.

WANTED A BIG REWARD.

A School Teacher's Experience With Women Who Found Her Check.

Miss Katie B. Harrison, a colored teacher in the Banneker School, lost a check for $70 four or five days ago. It was drawn on the German Savings Institution, and was her salary for five weeks' work. She advertised for the check and received a postal card from "One Who Knows," offering to return the check for a "bountiful remuneration." Miss Harrison promised a liberal reward in her first advertisement and agreed to pay $25 to the finder in her second advertisement. Two white women came to her with the check and demanded more than $25. Miss Harrison demurred at their extortionate request, and reminded them that payment on the check had been stopped. The women then left the check and departed in haste without giving their names.

GREAT NORTHERN STRIKE.

Supt. Van Cleve Says the Company Has No Intention of Importing Men.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 21.—Supt. Van Cleve and Assistant Supt. Tew of the Cascade division arrived in this city to-day after being imprisoned in the mountains by the Great Northern strike for the last week. They crossed the Cascades and traveled seventy-five miles on a velocipede, then fired up an engine and ran it themselves to Snohomish, where they took a Lake Shore train. They were not disturbed in any way. Their mission here is to get news of the strike, but as all wires are in possession of the strikers they could not communicate with St. Paul.

Mr. Van Cleve says positively that the company has no intention of importing men and that the strike was a complete surprise to him, as no intimation had come to him of a demand made by the employes.

Puddlers Strike.

COLUMBIA, Pa., April 21.—The puddlers employed at the Columbia Rolling Mill went on a strike to-day against a reduction in wages from $2.75 to $2.50 per ton.

GO OUT on the Missouri Pacific Special to Creve Cœur Lake, Sunday, April 22. Leave Union Depot 1:30 p. m.

Wants Tidings of Her Son.

Maria Goldman of Warsaw, Russia, writes to Chief Harrigan in the hope of learning something of the whereabouts of her son Max, who on or about last July was located in St. Louis. She states that she forwarded him 800 rubbles about July, last year, so that he could set out for his home in Warsaw. She has since then received no word as to where her son is located or whether he ever got the money she sent him.

Bishop Tuttle Will Officiate.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Tuttle will officiate and administer confirmation to-morrow at 11 a. m., at St. Mark's Memorial Church, Washington and Vandeventer avenues. At 4 p. m. Bishop Tuttle will officiate at Epiphany Mission, Foerstel's Hall, 4340 Clayton road.

IF you wish delicious ice cream, ices and cakes order from the City Catering Co., 3044 Easton avenue. Everything first-class.

DERISIVE SHOUTS

Greeted Lord Randolph Churchill's Speech in the Commons.

REGRETTABLE SPECTACLE DURING DEBATE ON THE DUCAL ANNUITY.

During the Addresses of Labouchere and Storr He Made Numerous Irrelevant and Incoherent Interruptions — His Own Effort a Vehement Attack on the Radicals—Foreign News.

LONDON, April 21.—Lord Randolph Churchill, once the pet and rising hope of the Conservative party, whose speeches, even after he had wrecked his chances of the highest political distinction, were always listened to with the deepest attention, was the principal in a regrettable spectacle in the House in the course of debate on the ducal annuity.

During the speeches of Messrs. Labouchere and Storr, Lord Randolph made numerous irrelevant and incoherent interruptions, which were greeted with shouts of derisive laughter from all parts of the house. His own speech was a savage and vehement attack upon the Radicals in general and upon Henry Labouchere in particular.

The speech of Lord Randolph called forth a running fire of laughter from the Radical benches. He looked ill, was decidedly excited and he appeared to forget his misrepresentation of previous speeches. On the other hand, he strewed his own with such phrases as "revolting sentiments" and "vomiting Radical trash."

Lord Randolph Churchill also eulogized Mr. Gladstone's "unfailing patriotism," the suppression of which, he claimed, was a serious loss to the House.

The speaker then described the welting which he claimed Mr. Gladstone would have administered to Henry Labouchere, had the veteran Liberal leader been present upon that occasion. The description which Lord Randolph then gave of Labouchere as "feasting and intoxicating himself on royal grants" was received with a roar of significant laughter. During his remarkable speech Churchill accused the Radicals of wanting to make the Duke of Edinburgh a crossing sweeper. Whereupon Charles A. Conybeare (Radical) cried out: "His mother has plenty of money."

The *Chronicle*, commenting upon Lord Randolph's speech, says: It would be merciful to draw a veil over the scene. Much to Mr. Balfour's relief, towards the end of his speech Lord Randolph quieted down and quoted an effective passage from a speech made by O'Connell.

The *Westminster Gazette* also comments upon this extraordinary episode.

RICH GOLD FIELDS.

Some of the Specimens Assay at Least 50 Per Cent.

BOISE, Idaho, April 21.—News is received of phenomenally rich gold discoveries in the Dixie district in this county. Rock is found that runs thousands of dollars to the ton, some specimens being at least half gold. Very rich placer ground has also been found.

GRASP THE SITUATION.

Fifteen Ladies in New York State Decide to Curtail Expenses.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 21.—Livingston Manor is a little village of several hundred inhabitants, only a few miles from here, but its women lead the world. With a remarkable appreciation of the cause of all our hard times, some fifteen of them got together the first of the week and took a most decided stand for the better. They swore to the following pledge:

We, the undersigned ladies of Livingston Manor, desiring by our example to promote economy and to discountenance extravagance and thereby lighten in some measure the burdens of our husbands and fathers by prudent retrenchment in our household expenses, therefore pledge our word of honor, each to the other, that we will not during a period of one year from April 1, 1894, purchase any material for wearing apparel the cost of which shall exceed 25c per yard.

Now the question arises: What will the dry goods people do if this association spreads.

SOCIETY OF PEDAGOGY.

Last Meeting But One of the Year Held To-Day.

The last meeting during this school year of the sections of the Pedagogical Society was held this morning at the new High School Building. Despite the inclement weather the attendance was fair. The general meeting next Saturday will wind up this session's work. Officers for 1894-5 will then be elected and probably a paper will be read. The society is one of the strongest and best in the United States, comprising more than 500 members. It has attracted attention widely. Only this week a letter was received from the Chicago University offering to make the society a part of the "extension" department of that institution. The offer was appreciated, but it will hardly be accepted, as the society can see no advantage from the change. Autonomy of action is naturally prized and St. Louis has an abundance of men fitted to conduct the various sections.

The lectures this morning were in the nature of reviews or recapitulations of the matter treated during the year. The six sections were conducted by Supt. E. H. Long, "Psychology;" Wm. M. Bryant, "Ethics;" Francis E. Cook, "Pedagogics;" Miss Amelia C. Fruechte, "Art;" Mr. Krail, "Science," and George E. Seymour, "History." The first three sections are held from 9 to 10:30, the other from 10:30 to 12 o'clock. The work for 1894-95 will be arranged at the next meeting. The members are unanimously of the opinion that the closing year has been the most prosperous one ever experienced.

CLAY CLEMENT'S new comedy, "The New Dominion," is making a decided hit at the Grand Opera-house this week.

Shot Herself Accidentally.

Dora Grennon, 21 years old, of 1438 North Eleventh street, accidentally shot herself in the head last night, but fortunately escaped with but slight injury. She was in her room about 8 o'clock cleaning an old revolver belonging to her brother. She did not know it was loaded, and being unfamiliar with the use of the weapon accidentally discharged it. The bullet struck her in the forehead, but glanced off. She walked to the City Dispensary, where the wound was dressed, and then went home.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

Very Severe, and Resultant Damage Widespread.

ATHENS, April 21.—Reports from the districts which were visited by the earthquake of Friday show that the shocks were most severe, and that the damage done was much greater than at first supposed.

The town of Neapilis, near Atalanta, otherwise known as Talanda, seven miles north of Mount Talanda, is a heap of ruins. A number of persons were injured in Atalanta, and in Chalcis, capital of Eubosa, seventeen miles from Thebes. Volo and Larissa have also sustained considerable damage, but Thebes suffered most of all. Its inhabitants will have to be promptly succored by the Government, as they are said to be without food or shelter.

Some time may elapse before full details of the disaster are obtainable, although every effort is being made to obtain accurate information upon the subject.

Thebes is on a height anciently occupied by the Cadmeian citadel. It is situated twenty-six miles from Livadia and has a population of about 3,000.

Thebes is said to have been founded by Cadmus about B. C. 1549, and was at one time a city of great wealth and importance.

NEVER BEEN CONDEMNED.

Commissioner Murphy's Discovery About Filmore Street—Carondelet News.

Property owners on Filmore street complained to Commissioner Murphy that the street was not properly cleaned. Maj. Murphy, in investigating their complaint, discovered that only twelve feet of the street belonged to the city, and that though the street has been 60 feet wide since Vide Poche was laid out by the early French settlers, the balance of the street has never been properly dedicated nor condemned. The authorities of the town of Carondelet, while it was independent of St. Louis, never discovered this fact or else overlooked it and the city officials have been all these years in finding it out. The discovery is likely to give rise to some lawsuits and, at any rate, the city will have to go to the expense of condemning the property.

The young ladies of the Carondelet M. E. Church will inaugurate a new and novel departure to-morrow that will be welcome to mothers of small children. They will establish a kindergarten nursery in the parlor of the church, where infants and small children may be cared for while their mothers attend the services on Sunday mornings. Miss Beatrice Lane will superintend the work.

The special committee of the Carondelet Improvement Association, appointed to look after the proposed lake in Carondelet Park, made a report to the association at its last meeting. They have perfected their plans and the lake is to be located southwest of the pagoda. It will cover an area of 781x300 feet and will cost $2,000. The ground is low and contains three ponds, so that very little excavation will be necessary.

Miss Emma Hill and Mr. Henry Busse will be married at 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the Lutheran Church. The couple will be attended by three bridesmaids and three groomsmen. After the ceremony they will be tendered a reception at Turner Hall.

The Crescent Cycling Club will make the run to St. Charles to-morrow. The start will be made from Jefferson avenue and Wyoming street at 9 o'clock in the morning.

St. Mary's Guild of St. Patrick's Episcopal Church gave a social last night at the home of Mrs. Gen. Beall, 6801 Virginia avenue.

The Tuesday Literary Club will be entertained by Miss Susie Kilpatrick next week at her home on Michigan avenue.

Miss Pansy Loughborough will entertain the Young Ladies' Thimble Club Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Dr. E. E. Webster.

Mrs. J. R. Anderson of South Broadway gave a theater party last Friday evening in honor of her guests, Mr. and Mrs. James Brooks of New York.

WHEAT CROP PROSPECTS.

In Six States It Will Be Somewhat Larger Than the Average.

TOLEDO, O., April 21.—C. A. King & Co. say: "During the past four days we have received replies from 3,248 reliable grain dealers and millers, covering every important wheat county in the six principal wheat States which raise two-thirds of the winter wheat crop of the United States.

The present prospect is that the next wheat crop in the six States will be somewhat larger than the average one. Four hundred and sixty-six dealers report the outlook excellent, 1,378 say good; 796, an average; 428, a trifle below an average; 144 say poor, while only 36 say half a crop. Indiana has the best and a very good prospect, especially in some of the larger wheat counties. Ohio promises nearly as well, while Missouri and Illinois follow, each saying above an average; Michigan and Kansas have fully an average prospect.

The prospect has improved since a fortnight ago, when the April reports of the agricultural bureau were gathered; 586 reports say there has been a decided improvement; 1,302 say improved, and 726 see no material change. Only 478 say the prospects are worse, while but 82 say it is much worse, and these reports are mostly from sections which need rain. Most of the sections have had beneficial rains since the last freeze and the damage now appears to be less than was reported.

The prospect is somewhat better than a year ago. Ohio has about the same, but the other States all show better, Indiana leading.

The acreage sown last fall was smaller. The amount of winter killed, including what was damaged by the late freeze, was less than the winter before; 1,549 report no damage; 502 a sixteenth; 568 an eighth; 242 a quarter, 86 a third and only 78 a half of the acreage destroyed.

There is less old wheat remaining in the interior than a year ago. One-third say there is about the same amount; a sixth report an eighth to a quarter more, while a quarter report a half less and a quarter say an eighth to a third less. Ohio has the largest stocks; Indiana, Illinois and Missouri have small stocks. A majority of the farmers are disposed to sell before another harvest, while a fifth will carry all over.

Cloverseed acreage would have been materially increased, but for the late freeze, which destroyed considerable. Some has been resown since then, and the area now promises to be about the same as for the last crop.

THERE is excellent fishing at Creve Cœur Lake. Go out on the Missouri Pacific's special train, which leaves Union Depot April 22 at 1:30 p. m.

The Mississippi River Question.

It is reported that Congressmen Forman and Cable have settled all differences about the proposed new bridge across the Mississippi, and the bill will be favorably reported to the House. A proposed amendment provides that the plans and location shall be submitted to three United States engineers, who shall give a public hearing in St. Louis to parties interested and make a report with such recommendations as they deem proper to the Secretary of War. It is expected some action will soon be taken on the measure.

BITTEN BY A DOG.—Theodore Brandt, a blacksmith at 4269 Natural Bridge road, went into Jacob Schempf's yard, 4271 Natural Bridge road, to get a bucket of water yesterday afternoon. While in there a dog belonging to Schempf attacked the blacksmith and bit him four times on both legs. Dr. H. D. Brandt pronounced the wounds not dangerous.

Mothers' Friend

—Is a scientifically prepared liniment —every ingredient of recognized value, and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown, and WILL DO all that is claimed for it, AND MORE. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child.

Sent by Express on Receipt of Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing voluntary testimonials.

Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

If You Are Tired

Depressed and worn out
By overwork,

The Business Outlook

Or worried by
Sickness at Home

Stop, Think, Rest, Act

Take a bottle of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

You Will Be Surprised

At the change that will be made in you in a week. Hood's Sarsaparilla begins its work from the first dose you take. As thousands of friends say,

"It goes to the right spot,"
"It makes you feel like a new person,"
"It gives the strength and vigor of youth."

It Gives Refreshing Sleep,

Aids digestion, creates an appetite, tones the stomach, purifies and vitalizes the blood, and by these great natural channels restores the weak and sick to health, strength and happiness. Be sure to get HOOD'S, because

The Nerves

Fed by Pure Blood, become quiet, and all the functions of the body working in harmony by the magic touch of Hood's Sarsaparilla secure to you permanent relief from all your trials and you cheerfully take up the burden of life again, rejoicing that through Hood's Sarsaparilla you have overcome

That Tired Feeling

No matter what prejudiced people may say to the contrary, no other medicine does or can do what Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing today for thousands yes, hundreds of thousands of sick people. Truly

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Therefore Take

HOOD'S and Only HOOD'S

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Frederick Hoppe, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

EMMA HOPPE,
Administratrix of Frederick Hoppe, deceased.
St. Louis, April 14, 1894. 671

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, room No. 4. No. 89,402—John R. Ottenad, plaintiff, vs. William Ottenad, Adolph B. Ottenad, Louis Ottenad, jr., Emil Ottenad, Josephine Ottenad, Emily Ottenad, Caroline Ottenad, Louisa Ottenad, a minor, Maria Hannauer and Charles Hannauer, her husband, Augusta Faust and Joseph Baiser, her husband, the St. Louis Trust Co., a corporation, trustee for Louis Ottenad, jr., and Emil Ottenad, Louis Ottenad, Andrew Ottenad and Carrie Ottenad, minors, defendants.

By virtue and authority of an order of sale made and entered in the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis in the above entitled cause on the 19th day of July, 1893, and renewed order of sale entered on the 4th day of April 1894, I, Francis L. Hayden, appointed said cause's special commissioner to make such sale, will on the

5TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following-described real estate together with the improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the east line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, sixty feet four and one-half inches (60 feet 4½ inches) south of the intersection of said east line of Broadway with the south line of Lafayette street, said point being the northwest corner of lot No. eight (8) of block No. forty-three of Soulard's addition, as ascertained and determined by measurement; thence eastwardly, following the north line of said lot No. eight (8), which is parallel to Lafayette avenue one hundred and forty-four feet and four inches (144 feet 4 inches) to the west line of an alley twenty (20) feet wide; thence southwardly following the west line of said alley twenty-five feet nine and one-half inches (25 feet 9½ inches) to a point; thence westwardly along the south line of a building erected upon the lot herein described and its continuation one hundred and forty-four feet three and three-quarters inches (144 feet 3¾ inches) to the east line of South Broadway; thence with the east line of said South Broadway twenty-five feet and four inches (25 feet 4 inches) to the point of beginning, and being the south half of lot No. ten (10) in block one (1) of Harens' addition to the city of St. Louis and now city block No. eleven hundred and ninety (1190), having a front of forty-five (45) feet on the west line of Second Carondelet avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and eighty-three feet and three inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide.

A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. 11.

Also, a lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. eleven (11) in block one (1) of Harens' addition to the city of St. Louis and now city block No. eleven hundred and ninety (1190), having a front of forty-five (45) feet on the west line of Second Carondelet avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and eighty-three feet and three inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide.

And also, a lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. 12.

A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. twelve (12) in block one (1) of Harens' addition to the city of St. Louis and now city block No. eleven hundred and ninety (1190), having a front of forty-five (45) feet on the west line of Second Carondelet avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and eighty-three feet and three inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, and three inches on an alley twenty (20) feet wide.

The terms of said sale being one-third cash, balance in one (1) and two (2) years, with interest, payments to be secured by deed of trust and bearing interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum.

FRANCIS L. HAYDEN, Special Commissioner.
April 11. 670

LEGAL.

RECEIVER'S SALE—Pursuant to order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, in cause No. 92,763, room 2, the undersigned, receiver of Rohan Bros. Boiler Mfg. Co., will, on

MONDAY, APRIL 23,

beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the boiler-shop of Rohan Bros. Boiler Mfg. Co., at the n. e. cor. of Carr and Collins streets, in the city of St. Louis, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the personal property in my possession as receiver, consisting of boilers, tanks, filter shells, one set of 18-foot rolls, boiler heads, manheads, sheet-iron, materials, castings and fittings for boilers, rods and nuts, scrap-iron and miscellaneous articles, material and merchandise; also office furniture, safe and fixtures; also three horses, two wagons, harness and equipments. Said property may be inspected on the premises at any time before day of sale.

CHARLES MILLER, Receiver.
ROWELL & ERRISS, Attorneys. 645

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters—No. 20,281 of estate. In re-estate of Pauline Vogelsang, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Pauline Vogelsang, Deceased, and that I did so on the 13th day of January, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from a benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator of the City of St. Louis,
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 605

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution, issued from the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, to me directed, wherein Louis Schaefer is plaintiff and Marcella D. Macadaras is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the west line of Carondelet avenue, now called South Broadway, distant ninety (90) feet south of the line of Soulard street, running thence west and parallel with the south line of Soulard street one hundred and forty feet (140 feet) to an alley 20 feet wide; thence south thirty feet (30 feet), thence east one hundred and forty feet (140 feet) to the west line of Carondelet avenue, now Broadway; thence north along the west line of Carondelet avenue, now Broadway, thirty (30) feet to the place of beginning, and bounded north by lot No. 3, east by Carondelet avenue, now Broadway, south by lot No. 5 and west by said alley. 24. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. three (3) in block No. forty-seven (57) of said Soulard's addition to the city of St. Louis, having a front of forty feet (40 feet) on the east line of Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, and running eastwardly of that width between parallel lines with said seven-eighths inches (37 feet 6⅞ inches) by a depth westwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140 feet) to an alley twenty feet wide. 25. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. six (6) in block No. forty-three (43) of said Soulard's Addition to the city of St. Louis, now city block number seven hundred and eleven (711), having a front of thirty feet (30 feet) on the eastern line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, and running eastwardly one hundred and forty feet (140 feet) in depth to an alley twenty (20) feet wide. 26. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. seven (7) and the southern five feet of lot No. eight (8) in block No. forty-three (43) of said Soulard's first addition to the City of St. Louis, now city block No. seven hundred and eleven (711), having a front of thirty-five (35) feet on the east line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140 feet) more or less to an alley twenty (20) feet wide. 27. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot number nine (9) in block number forty-three (43) of Soulard's first addition to the City of St. Louis, now city block number seven hundred and eleven (711), having a front on the east line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, of thirty-five (35) feet (30 ft.) by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140 ft.) to an alley twenty feet wide. 28. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. ten (10) in block No. forty-three of said Soulard's first addition to the city of St. Louis, and now city block seven hundred and eleven (711), having a front on the east line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, of thirty (30 ft.) by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140 ft.) to an alley twenty feet wide. 29. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. seven hundred and eleven (711) of the City of St. Louis, described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the east line of South Broadway, formerly Carondelet avenue, sixty feet four and one-half inches (60 feet 4½ inches) south of the intersection of said east line of Broadway with the south line of Lafayette street, said point being the northwest corner of lot No. eight (8) of block No. forty-three of Soulard's addition, as ascertained and determined by measurement; thence eastwardly, following the north line of said lot No. eight (8), which is parallel to Lafayette avenue one hundred and forty-four feet and four inches (144 feet 4 inches) to the west line of an alley twenty (20) feet wide; thence southwardly following the west line of said alley twenty-five feet nine and one-half inches (25 feet 9½ inches) to a point; thence westwardly along the south line of a building erected upon the lot herein described and its continuation one hundred and forty-four feet three and three-quarters inches (144 feet 3¾ inches) to the east line of South Broadway; thence with the east line of said South Broadway twenty-five feet and four inches (25 feet 4 inches) to the point of beginning. 30. A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. ten (10) in block one (1) of Harens' addition to the city of St. Louis, now city block number seven hundred and ninety (1190), having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the west line of Second Carondelet avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and eighty-three feet and three inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide.

A lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. 11.

Also, a lot or parcel of ground, being lot No. eleven (11) in block one (1) of Harens' addition to the city of St. Louis and now city block No. eleven hundred and ninety (1190), having a front of forty-five (45) feet on the west line of Second Carondelet avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and eighty-three feet and three inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, and three inches on an alley twenty (20) feet wide.

The terms of said sale being one-third cash, balance in one (1) and two (2) years, with interest, payments to be secured by deed of trust and bearing interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum.

FRANCIS L. HAYDEN, Special Commissioner.
April 11. 670

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Sidney L. Barnard and Ella T., his wife, of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, by their certain deed of trust dated Feb. 11, 1889, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri in Book No. 896, page 410, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following real estate, with the improvements thereon, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The western one-half of lot number six in block number eight of the 3d subdivision of the estate of Robert Wash, deceased, being on block No. 3093 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, having a front of twenty-five feet on the north line of Cleveland avenue, and extending northwardly of 133 feet 10 inches to an alley 15 feet wide, which said conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described:

And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of a certain one of said notes; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and deed of trust and the cost of executing the same.

H. C. BARNARD, Trustee.
JOHN F. GREEN, Attorney for holder of note.
The above property was sold by S. L. Barnard to Edward Green. 706

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Louis Schaefer is plaintiff and Virginia Ellicard Kehrmann and Statius Kehrmann, jr., are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described as follows, to-wit: The western portion of lot number two (10) of city block numbered 4362 Chamberlain Park, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point in the north line of Bartmer avenue, 50 feet 4 inches west of the east line of said lot ten (10), thence running north parallel with the east line of said lot two hundred and thirty-eight feet seven and one-half inches (238 feet 7½ inches) more or less to the south line of lot eleven (11) of said block, thence west along the south line of lot eleven (11), one hundred and thirty-seven feet eight inches (137 ft. 8 in.) to Florence avenue, thence south along the east line of Florence avenue two hundred and thirty-eight feet eight inches (238 ft. 8 in.) to the north line of Bartmer avenue, thence east along the north line of Bartmer avenue, thirty-eight feet eight inches (38 ft. 8 in.) to the place of beginning, having an average frontage on the north line of Bartmer avenue of two hundred feet two inches (200 ft. 2 in.) and an average depth of two hundred and thirty-eight feet seven and one-half inches (238 ft. 7½ in.) and containing 47,700 square feet (1.095 acres), more or less, and I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 3D DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named, Philip Schachman, Jr., or in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., April 12, 1894. 642

SHERIFF'S SALE—In pursuance of an order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 19th day of July, 1893, and renewed order of sale entered on the 4th day of April 1894, I, Francis L. Hayden, appointed said cause's special commissioner to make such sale, will on the

5TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following-described real estate together with the improvements thereon, situated in

ON PARTISAN LINES.

How the Justices' Districts Will Probably Be Laid Out.

JUDGE EDMUNDS INTERVIEWED ON HIS SUGGESTION FOR A PARTY MEETING.

He Would Not Consider a Meeting of Democratic Judges to Adopt a Plan in the Light of a Caucus—His Arguments Against the Ribbon Plan.

It is probable that a plan to divide the city into new justice of the peace districts will be adopted at the next meeting of the commission of judges appointed to formulate the plan of redistriction. That such a plan will be one specially designed to further the interests of the Democratic party can hardly be doubted.

Judge Henry L. Edmunds was seen at the Criminal Court this morning. To the reporter he gave a brief synopsis of his views on the subject about as follows:

"At the last meeting," he said, "I made a motion to hold the proceedings publicly instead of in executive session as before, which was adopted with but little discussion. I am in favor of the greatest publicity being given the matter, as there is nothing to conceal, and it is a thing in which the public is naturally very much interested.

"The two systems under discussion for redistriction are called the ward system and the ribbon system. Accurately speaking, the ribbon system would make the districts run from the river to the city limits, but no ribbon plan suggested yet divides the city into such districts.

"The ward plan as suggested is more or less a ribbon plan inasmuch as the shortest district east and west would run from the river to Eighteenth street. I am personally opposed to the ribbon plan for the following reasons: It would place the people living in the West End at the mercy of the politicians in the East End. While it is generally believed that the reverse would be the case I know that the population along the river front is so dense as to entirely outnumber the vote in the rest of the district. It is conceded on all hands that the central districts, that is, those about the Court-house, are bound to be Democratic under any plan, ribbon or otherwise. I am familiar therefore with those who control the party machinery in the eastern part of the district, and I am sure their influence will always be strong enough to nominate a man of their choice, and such a man is far more likely to be one of their own number than one from the West End.

"Thus, I believe that under the ribbon plan not a single nomination of the character contemplated by the new law would be made. The added dignity which the law gives to the office should result in the nomination of capable and honorable men.

"The ribbon plan is beautiful in theory, but in practice would produce the very result is sought to avoid. My idea is to make the districts about the Court-house even smaller than has yet been suggested by any one, because the courts then will necessarily have the greater part of the business. Have the other districts running close to the Court-house, thus allowing a chance for the election of resident lawyers as justices.

"Another reason against the ribbon plan is the great confusion which would arise from preparing the tickets and having a proper representation in conventions. The nominations of Justices and Constables have always been controlled by the party machine and awarded to such candidates as in their judgment should have them."

A RATHER FINE DISTINCTION.

Judge Edmunds then spoke of the proceedings at the last meeting:

"Will you kindly explain how it was you came to propose the holding of a party caucus to decide upon a plan?" he was asked.

"I made no suggestion for the holding of such a caucus," was the reply. "On the contrary, I have always taken the position that politics should not figure in this matter at all."

"What was the exact nature of your proposal then?"

"At the last meeting after the various plans had been suggested and we had voted upon them as opposed, every system proposed, and Judges Klein, Withrow and Fisher (Republicans) had always voted together, I rose and stated that I saw no prospect of our coming to a conclusion so long as the Democratic Judges present could agree upon nothing among themselves. That if we were to hold a meeting among ourselves and agree upon a plan we could come here and put it through. As we could induce none of our Republican friends to agree with us for one would suggest that we five hold a meeting and come to a conclusion.

"The Republicans are unanimous in their section of a plan. Either we Democrats must reach a similar understanding or we must conform to the Republican system. Otherwise we might keep on voting and voting for months to no further purpose."

"But would not such a meeting be to all intents and purposes a Democratic caucus?"

"Certainly not. Our meeting need not necessarily have a political bearing, even though we are all of the same creed. It could merely expedite matters and save much very valuable time. The holding of a meeting does not mean a plot and there is no reason why we cannot unanimously formulate a plan as much in accord with our consciences and free from political issues as we could with the Republicans present."

"But politics has entered into the matter right along, has it not?"

"Unfortunately it has to some extent. I have always taken the position that it should have no bearing on the matter at all, hence when my Republican brethren have suggested that such and such a proposed division would not be fair to the Republican party I have insisted that such a reason was no objection to the plan at all and should not be entertained."

At this point Judge Edmunds was called to attend to his judicial duties, which had been neglected during the interview, and the reporter was courteously dismissed.

DEVOY TAKES ISSUE WITH EDMUNDS.

Mr. Denis Devoy takes issue with Judge Edmunds, and says that he regrets when drawing up the bill he did not omit the names of both Four Courts judges. When seen this morning he said:

"The people have been trying to get rid of the contiguous ward plan for twenty-five years. Any change, no matter whether ribbon plan or any other plan, would, of course, more than likely relieve us of the present system and its supporters. They have held on to the present system under the ward plan and will continue to do so until the contiguous ward plans are abolished.

"The delay at present is unfortunate. It has brought on an unpleasant condition and subjected the commission to an unpleasant suspicion of political trickery and caused a deadlock, which may not be broken for some time."

TOMMY RYAN HERE.

Arrival of the Welterweight Champion—Anxious to Fight Smith.

Tommy Ryan, the welterweight champion, arrived in the city last night and called at the POST-DISPATCH office this morning. Ryan says his next fight will probably be with "Mysterious" Billy Smith, the Boston welterweight, whom he is anxious to meet before the National Sporting Club of London. Smith has expressed his willingness to accomodate Ryan, and the English pugilistic promoting organization will be asked to hang up a purse for the pair.

Jack Wilkes spars the welterweight champion at the Olympic to-morrow night. Jim Hall, the Australian middleweight, who will referee the bout, arrives in this city from Chicago to-night.

CAUGHT FORCING A DOOR.

Coleman Johnson Arrested and a Peculiar Letter Found on Him.

At 2 o'clock this morning Sergt. McNamee and Officer Hurley of the Central District saw a man trying to force open the rear side door of M. J. Maloney's "Hole in the Wall" saloon, No. 411 Pine street, and placed him under arrest. At the Chestnut Street Station, where the prisoner was brought and searched, two letters were found on him, addressed to Coleman Johnson, care of general delivery, St. Louis, Mo. The prisoner gave the name of Frank Walker, however, but after some close questioning he admitted that his correct name was Coleman Johnson.

The letters found in his possession were written on the letter heads of the Memphis Detective Agency. There are two of them, and one has the title of the concern torn from the top.

From the letters it was learned that Johnson was involved in some trouble in Memphis, Tenn., and the Memphis Detective Agency was looking out for his interest. The nature of the trouble is not positively known, but it is said to be a case of assault. The prisoner refused to say anything relative to the matter further than he and several others got into a general fight, and clubs were used. It is evident that Walker, alias Johnson, left the city pending the settlement of the trouble. The letter which refers to the trouble was written on April 19, last, and bears simply the signature, "Pryde." This letter reads as follows, and was evidently scratched off in a hurry:

MEMPHIS, April 19.

FRIEND JIM—Get out quick, they are on to you. Bill's wife is in my office now. Morgan swore out warrants against you and Bill, Sr. She says she unthoughtedly told where you was. Says you are stopping at her brother's or sister's. I did not take time to listen. Morgan says I want Bill. His wife has the money to go his bond and the Sheriff sent one to me. If I said so he would let him out, she says Morgan gets the warrants in my name. I will go over with her in the morning and see what is in it. You look out. In a hurry. PRYDE.

The other letter, was written a short while previous and refers to some mysterious trouble, in which there was no "sugar" and persons, such as "H." and "J." are named only. This one is signed "H. G. P." and the title of the detective agency is not destroyed. Chief Harrigan read the letters and at once determined to wire the Memphis officers to see if Walker, alias Johnson, was wanted there. The letter will also be forwarded to the Memphis Chief of Police for investigation.

For some time Johnson was closeted with Chief Desmond and stubbornly refused to make any statement regarding the trouble in Memphis. After considerable trouble, he finally said that about five months ago he got into a drunken fight in a saloon with James Moore, a plumber, of Memphis. In the fight he said he hit Moore on the head with a club. After the occurrence he left Memphis and and has been here for five days past. He admitted receiving the letters from Mr. Pryde of the Memphis Detective Agency, and said that Pryde acted as a friend in the matter, he having known him for twenty years. He did not know what charge had been preferred against him in Memphis, but thought it was assault and battery. Johnson will be held here pending an investigation of the affair by the authorities of Memphis, Tenn.

Speaking about the circumstances under which he was caught by the police this morning, Johnson said he could not understand how it happened. He thought it was due to whisky, a good deal of which he had taken last night.

A Handy Train—M., K. & T., for Sedalia.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway's new schedule makes it very convenient for Sedalia patrons and those to intermediate points. The train leaves St. Louis at 11:30 p. m., after all the theater performances, arriving at Sedalia at 8:35 a. m., and is open for the reception of passengers at any time after 9 p. m. On the incoming train from the same points arriving at St. Louis at 5:20 a. m., passengers are allowed to remain in the sleepers until 7:30 a. m. Take the Broadway cable—get off at Mullanphy.

Jack Rabbit on the War Path.

Jack Duncan (colored), alias Jack Rabbit, was arrested by Officer Roach of the Third District at 6 o'clock last Sunday morning for breaking into the home of his sweetheart, Hattie Stephenson, 1221 North Eighth street. He tried to kill her, but she escaped and had him fined $10 by Judge Paxson last Monday morning for his trouble. When he was taken back to the station he took sick and was removed to the City Hospital. For what reason it does not appear, Duncan was released from that institution yesterday morning. As soon as he got out he procured a hatchet and went straight to Hattie's home again, determined to kill her this time sure. Officer Konch was on the lookout for him again, however, and locked him up before he could do any damage. His case was continued before Judge Paxson this morning.

Around Robin Hood's Barn.

That's the way some lines run to Cincinnati and Louisville. The Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern (O. & M. Ry.) will take you to either place while you are figuring out the trip over any other route. Pullman dining-cars (serving breakfast leaving St. Louis), parlor and drawing-room sleeping cars. These trains run through without transfer. Ask for information at city ticket office, No. 105 North Broadway.

Pure Food Exhibit.

Mr. George Rawson of Cincinnati arrived at Hurst's last night and to-day is making arrangements for the holding of a pure food exhibition in St. Louis. Mr. Rawson will be joined on Monday by Mr. T. J. Smith of Cincinnati, the gentleman who was instrumental in having a pure food display in New York several years ago. The east nave of the Exposition Building has been rented, and about the third week in May the pure food exhibition will be given.

Rate Is Via M. K. & T. Ry.

On April 24 the M., K. & T. Ry. will sell round trip tickets to all points on its lines in Missouri and Kansas, south of Clinton, Mo., and to all points in Texas, at one fare for the round trip.

For full particulars call at city tick et office, 103 North Broadway.

Struck Her With a Stone.

Mrs. Kate Holzhauser of 2241 Montana street called at the Prosesuting Attorney's office to-day and applied for a warrant against Nicholas Simon, 10 years old, who lives with his parents at 2237 Montana street, alleging that the boy struck her with a stone on the head yesterday. She stated that the alleged assault was the result of a family quarrel between the two families. She was referred to the Police Court.

CURES OTHERS

To build up both solid flesh and strength after grip, pneumonia, fevers and other prostrating diseases, there is nothing to equal Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

PROSTRATION FOLLOWING GRIP.

MRS. GARRETT.

Mrs. REUBEN GARRETT, *King George C. H., Va.*, writes: "I was taken with grip which finally resulted in pneumonia. Was prostrated for three months. Had a terrible cough and was emaciated and very weak. Was fast drifting into "quick consumption." The doctor gave me medicines all the time. I grew weaker. He advised cod liver oil emulsion. I took two bottles of it without any relief. I had pain in my left shoulder and back. I wrote you, and you prescribed your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took only one bottle before I felt better. After two bottles I could sit up, and felt I had been saved from the grave. I increased rapidly in flesh and strength."

WHY NOT YOU?

Great Auction Sale of Oriental Rugs and Carpets,

Beginning Tuesday, April 24, at 10:30 o'cl'k a.m.

Great Auction Sale

OF . . .

Antique Rugs and Carpets

J. KENNARD & SONS received a Large Consignment of Oriental Rugs and Carpets last month from a firm controlling the Largest Number of Antique and Modern Rugs and Carpets IN THE WORLD.

This consignment amounted to over $125,000, and there remains about $80,000 worth unsold. The owners of this rare collection have given us notice to Close Out the Balance at

PUBLIC AUCTION!

We will, therefore, offer the entire $80,000 Worth AT AUCTION as Ordered, sale to commence At 10:30 O'Clock Tuesday, April 24th, at Our Store, Corner Broadway and St. Charles Street.

This is an opportunity for our citizens who want ORIENTAL RUGS OR CARPETS to purchase them at about their OWN PRICE. We have not the space to enumerate the many different Varieties, Makes, Sizes and Qualities of Rugs and Carpets in this LARGE CONSIGNMENT, but will content ourselves by saying that there will be beautiful specimens in this Sale from all parts of

"Persia," "Turkey," "India," "Arabia" and "China,"

And of All Sizes and All Shapes and embracing THE FINEST and MOST SUPERIOR QUALITIES

EVER BROUGHT TO AMERICA.

It is with great satisfaction that we are able to offer Our Friends and Citizens of St. Louis such an opportunity to purchase rare ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS.

THE CATALOGUES OF THIS GREAT SALE ARE NOW READY.

Call and get one and take a look at the goods.

Remember, the sale begins on TUESDAY, APRIL 24th, at 10:30 o'clock.

J. Kennard & Sons Carpet Co.

O. J. LEWIS & CO., Auctioneers.

Gaining Thousands of Little Friends Every Week

"Midget,"

THE CHILDREN'S SUPPLEMENT OF THE

Sunday Post-Dispatch

A Bright Little Newspaper of 16 Pages, 64 Columns, All for the Young Folks . .

IT WILL CONTAIN TO-MORROW:

A Story of an Exciting Rescue.
A Fight With Indians.
The Lady Aunt's Tales.
Johnnie's Trip to Jeeboo Land.
A Competition for Young Artists.
Whitington and His Cat.
Good Tales by Midget Readers.
Puzzles, Games, Tricks.
Exchange, Society, School News.
Letters from Little Ones.
Base Ball—Funny Pictures.

Every schoolboy and girl should get a copy of

MIDGET

Every week and read it.

If some of the older readers of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH Have no children of their own they should send the

MIDGET

To their young friends.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court and me directed, wherein Thomas Davis is plaintiff and Frank Mitchell and Elzea H. Roe, composing the firm of Mitchell & Roe, and T. Jefferson Roe are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described property, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with a mechanic's lien, on which this action was founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Two certain two-story brick and stone buildings intended for residences, situated on a piece or parcel of ground situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, described as follows, to-wit: A lot of ground in city block No. 4,556 of said city of St. Louis, Missouri, fronting 105 feet on the north line of Washington avenue, by a depth northwardly of even width 167 feet 4 inches to an alley 18 feet wide, and bounded on the north by said alley, east by land of Thomas Dunn, south by Washington avenue and west by land now or formerly of A. B. Chapman, and I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, April 12, 1894. 661

IN MATTER of the assignment of Shepard Baking Powder Co. Notice is hereby given that Charles Green, Assignee of Shepard Baking Powder Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1894, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court, in room No. 1, on the 23d day of April, 1894, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

PHILIP H. ZEPP,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
711

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST—Whereas, Mrs. Kate Dernier (a widow) by her deed dated the 23d of June, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the Recorder's office in the City of St. Louis, in Book 862, page 481, conveyed to Henry W. Williams in trust the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number two, block 4, of Daniel D. Page's second western addition, city block number 1880, fronting 27 feet 6 inches on Grand avenue, by a depth eastwardly of that width along the north line of Luckey street 120 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, being the same lot of ground which was conveyed to said Kate Dernier by Robert Lyle, by deed recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis in Book 446, page 399. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described. And whereas the principal note remains due and unpaid, and the said Henry W. Williams, said trustee, has long since departed this life without having completed the performance of the duties imposed on him by said deed of trust. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that, at the request of the legal holder of the principal note and by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

FRIDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, 1894,

between the hour of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property to satisfy said note and the costs of executing said trust. PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff and Trustee.

St. Louis, April 4, 1894. 582

TRUSTEE SALE—Whereas, John F. Klingle smith and Margaret F. Klingle smith, his wife, of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, by their certain deed of trust, dated the sixteenth day of February, 1892, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book No. 1,055 on page 157, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Part of lot number two (2) in block 19 of Fairmount, in block 4085 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, fronting twenty-seven (27) feet eleven and one-fourth inches on the east line of Hereford street, by a depth eastwardly between parallel lines of 118 feet; bounded north by a line 27 feet 11¼ inches north of and parallel with the north line of Wilson avenue, east by the eastern 62 feet of said lot, south by Wilson avenue and west by Hereford street, which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1894,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said bond and deed of trust, and the cost of executing this trust.

JOHN N. DENNY, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 20, 1894. 721

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas George C. Hemminghaus, an unmarried man, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 9th day of April, 1891, and duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in Book 1007, page 259, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the east line of Hogan street, by a depth of one hundred and ten (110) feet three (3) inches, more or less, to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, commencing at a point in the east line of Hogan street, distent one hundred and sixty-seven (167) feet and four (4) inches south of the south line of Madison street, thence south along the east line of said Hogan street fifty (50) feet, thence east and parallel with the south line of Madison street one hundred and ten (110) feet and three (3) inches, more or less, to the west line of said alley, thence north along the west line of said alley fifty (50) feet, and thence west and parallel with the south line of Madison street one hundred and ten (110) feet and three (3) inches, more or less, to the east line of Hogan street, the point of beginning; said lot of ground being lots numbered ten (10), eleven (11) and the south part (7 feet 8 inches) of lot twelve (12) of and in city block No. twenty-three hundred and thirty-six (2336); which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, and the same was permitted to mature and remain unpaid, and with all interest thereon is now wholly unpaid; and whereas said George C. Hemminghaus is now dead more than nine months. Now, therefore, under and in pursuance of the power and provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustees, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will, on WEDNESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the real estate above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said trust.

CHARLES H. HEMMINGHAUS, Trustee.
697

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Patrick Burke (single), by his certain deed of trust, dated the 19th day of September, 1892, and recorded in Book 1,116, page 105, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to Ferdinand Meyer, trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit.:

Lots twenty-seven and twenty-eight (27 and 28) of block No. nine (9) of Clagett's second subdivision, part of U. S. Reservation, as of record in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, said lots having an aggregate frontage of sixty feet (60) by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and fifty feet (150) to an alley. Bounded on the south by Clagett avenue, on the east by Landis avenue, on the north by an alley and on the west by lot No. twenty-six (26) of said block, a plat of the same being of record in book 11 page 108 of the records of St. Louis, and being the same property acquired by Patrick Burke from Frank M. Strange and Marie F. Strange, his wife, as per deed on record in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, and recorded in book 810, page 818; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain indebtedness, evidenced by a certain deed of even date herewith, default has been made in the payment of said indebtedness; now, therefore, under and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, (15) of which are signed trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, proceed to sell said real estate at public vendue or outcry, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said trust.

FERDINAND MEYER, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 2, 1894.
LUKE & MUENCH, Attorneys. 599

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of two executions, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, one in favor of J. L. Weaver and against Jeremiah J. Carroll, and the other in favor of T. T. Ruby and against Jeremiah Carroll, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, Jeremiah J. Carroll, in and to the following described lot of land with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and being lot number thirty (30), in block number five hundred and sixty-nine (569), of said City of St. Louis, Missouri, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on south line of Division street, by a depth southwardly of eighty-four (84) feet, more or less, to an alley, and is bounded west by Patrick Ryan, north by Division street, east by lot number twenty-nine (29) of said block and south by said alley, and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF APRIL, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and the o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said executions and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 2, 1894. 574

LEGAL.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters—No. 20,350 of Estate—In Re Estate of Mary Ryan, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Mary Ryan, deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of February, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 608

STOCKHOLDERS' NOTICE—In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders in the Northwestern Savings Bank will be held on Tuesday, the 22d day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of said bank, in the City of St. Louis, at the southeast corner of North Market and Fourteenth streets, the purpose being to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital of said bank from $100,000 to $200,000.

ARNOLD BECK, President.
P. OBERNIER, Cashier. 501

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the Estate of Richard H. Peters, Deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1894.

JACOB KLEIN,
Executor of Richard H. Peters, Deceased.
St. Louis, April 14, 1894. 678

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Saturday, March 31, 1894. Jacob Lund and William C. Jund, his wife, Hans Lund and Ledea Jund, his wife, Dorothea Ruben and L. August Ruben, her husband; Lena Lotz and Henry Lotz, her husband; Elize Krug and Ernst Krug, her husband, vs. (93) April Term, 1894. Henry Knabenschuh, Jacob Knabenschuh, August Knabenschuh, Fritz Knabenschuh, Elizabeth Fischer, Emilie Wallulf, Dorothea Caroline Ditter, Johann Rentlinger, Johann Jacob Rentlinger, Anna Catherina Lorey, Johanna Marie Mueller, Julia Susanna Rentlinger, George Mathias Simon, Carl Anton Reinhard, Maria Elizabeth Hartmann, George Mohr, Jacob Mohr, Carl Haack and Fritz Broll.

Now, at this day come plaintiffs by attorney and file a petition duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri.

Wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs' attorney, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree in partition and order of sale of the following described real estate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit: 1. The following described lot of ground, which is improved by a two-story brick dwelling-houses numbered respectively Nos. 1916 and 1918 St. Louis avenue, namely: Lot in block No. eight (8) of Union addition to the city of St. Louis according to the plat thereof, on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said city, and being the northwest fifteen (15) feet of block fifteen (15) of said and containing a front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Grand avenue, now St. Louis avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-four (144) feet more or less to the alley of said block (being city block No. 1,103) all as laid down upon said plat of said addition, the said line being the center of the partition wall of the building on said premises, said property having been acquired by said Daniel Rentlinger from Frederick W. Swartz and Dorothea, his wife, by deed dated Feb. 5, 1875, recorded in book 509, page 380, St. Louis Recorder's office. Also the following described lot of ground, improved by a three story brick dwelling-house in the front, being numbered 1711 Franklin avenue, and a two-story brick dwelling in the rear, namely, lot numbered five (five) of block No. 543 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Franklin avenue by a depth of the same width of one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, bounded on the north by said alley, on the east by lot No. four (4) of said Block No. 543, south by said Franklin avenue and west by lot No. six (6) of said block, now or formerly owned by August Brueggemann, acquired by sale of Daniel Rentlinger, deceased, from Henry Von Phul and wife by deed dated Feb. 28, 1866, recorded in Book 308, page 368 of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, and unless they appear at the term of this court on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiffs' petition the same will be taken against them as confessed. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court at office in the city of St. Louis this 2d day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
LUKE & MUENCH, Attorneys. 617
JOHN H. WEBB, Plaintiff's Attorney.

LEGAL.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—No. 20,400 of estate. In re estate of William J. Queen, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of William J. Queen, deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of March, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be barred.

WILLIAM C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 611

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Bartholomew Corley to the use of Bartholomew Lynster and against Maurice McKeag, defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri and described as follows, to-wit: Lot 15, in city block 1833, having a front of 26 feet 10¾ inches on the west line of Nineteenth street (formerly Twenty-first street), by a depth westwardly between parallel lines of 127 feet 8 inches to an alley 15 feet wide; bounded on the north by a line distant 200 feet and 8 inches southward of and parallel with the south line of Cass avenue; on the east side of Nineteenth street, and on the south by a line distant 227 feet 8¾ inches southward of said south line of Cass avenue; on the west by an alley and on the east by said Nineteenth street. Also that certain lot of ground in city block 1849 of said city of St. Louis containing a front of 50 feet 5 inches on the north line of Madison street (formerly Penrose street) by depth northwardly of same width, 125 feet more or less, to an alley 15 feet wide; bounded south by Madison street, west by property of Majors, north by said alley and east by the west line of block 12 of North Stoddard addition; and I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Courthouse in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, said at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., April 16, 1894. 687

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Default having been made in the payment of a certain note, secured by deed of trust, executed July 16, 1888, by Jennie M. Thomas, a widow, and recorded in book 868, page 426, of the Recorder's Office of St. Louis, Mo. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the powers by said deed vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1894,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust, the real estate described in said deed as follows:

Lot of ground in city block No. 1081, of St. Louis, Mo., thirty-two (32) feet in front or width and 111 feet in depth, being in block 30 of Union Addition, and bounded north by Benton street, east by Kemper, south by an alley and west now or formerly by Hoffman.

J. STILLMAN,
639 Trustee.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters—No. 20,425 of Estate—In re estate of Carl J. Hurlemann, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Carl J. Hurlemann, deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of March, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 614

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis: April term, 1894. Wednesday, April 11, 1894. Henry E. Heider vs. Grace Heider. No. 72, June term, 1894.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and that her present whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff, on motion of said plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the grounds that defendant, in the month of April, 1886, deserted and absented herself from plaintiff and refused to live with him, without reasonable cause, and, during the time she did live with him, refused to attend to her household duties, and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 13th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
679

LEGAL.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—By virtue of and pursuant to a decree and order of sale made by the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, Mo., at its February term, 1894, thereof, to-wit: On the 16th day of March, 1894, in a certain cause pending in said court, in which Anna Matz, Caroline Matz, Minna Busse and her husband, Frederick Busse, Maria Muller and her husband, Charles W. Mueller, Sophia Deppe and her husband, Henry L. Deppe, are plaintiffs, and Frank A. Guerke and Carl Deppe are defendants, being cause numbered 32,765 of the files of said court, the undersigned, the duly appointed and qualified special commissioner in said cause, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF APRIL, 1894, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named defendants, of, in and to the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., March 31, 1894. 543

IN MATTER of the assignment of Sartore & Dungey—Notice is hereby given that Charles W. Libbiton, assignee of Sartore & Dungey, has filed and exhibited in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1894, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court, in Room No. 1, on Saturday, the 21st day of April, 1894, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

PHILIP H. ZEPP,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, by his deed of trust, dated March 11, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1013, page 19, John H. McDonald did convey to Gilbert J. George as trustee, the following described real estate in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the west line of Florence (Belt) avenue, sixteen feet and one inch (16 ft. 1 in.) south of the northeast corner of lot six (6), running southwardly along the west line of Florence avenue thirty-three feet six inches (33 ft. 6 in.) to a point five inches north of the south line of lot six (6); thence west and parallel with said line one hundred and ninety (190) feet to an alley 20 feet wide; thence north along the east line of said alley 33 feet 6 inches; thence east and parallel with the north line of said lot one hundred and ninety feet to the point of beginning, being in lot six (6) of Alonzo K. Florida's subdivision of the north part of block 4534 of said city of St. Louis, which conveyance was made in trust to secure two principal notes and certain interest notes in said deed fully described; and, whereas, default in the payment of said principal notes is said deed described has become due and unpaid, and said George did refuse to execute the power of sale in him vested by said deed, and the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis did likewise refuse to act as trustee therein, whereupon the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis did on the 11th day of April, 1894, duly appoint the undersigned as

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1894.

THE South Carolinian draws the line of patriotism at buying State whisky.

THE late Republican ebullition in the Eleventh Congressional District was merely a case of suppressed Joy.

THE Coxeyites are protectionists who want to get the benefit of protection without the intervention of a middleman.

PERHAPS the difference between a Coxey and a lobbyist is that the Coxey is not supplied with funds to convince our statesmen.

THE Democratic support of the Joy campaign for the vindication of illegal election was fittingly represented by "Billy" Macklin.

IF ever there was base Pennsylvania ingratitude it is that of the Carnegie people They rob the very Government that assisted them in robbing its people.

IT is to be hoped that the Republican opposition to the appointment of C. H. J. Taylor to the office of Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia does not spring from an aversion to seeing colored men in office.

JUST why the Senate should add another week to the general debate on the Wilson bill is a mystery, for no votes will be changed by such talk. Is it possible that Democratic "conservatives" are indulging in dignified filibustering?

SENATOR JAMES SMITH declares that the income tax may well be eliminated from the Wilson bill because it is unnecessary, the sugar tax making up the deficit. Precisely this logic demonstrates that the sugar tax might well be eliminated.

IT is all right for a gang of protection howlers and tax-eaters to go to Washington "to impress Congress by their presence," but it is wrong for the Coxeys to appear and ask for work. Congressman Hawley makes a very pretty distinction.

SENATOR FURBER is a little melancholy just now, but he is sure that justice will "arrive." Yes, there is no doubt about it. The only question is whether she shall be ushered in by the Democratic party or by another, called into being for that particular purpose.

IT is true, as a Republican journal says, that the American people are national in their spirit and prefer legislation that is for the good of the whole people, but somehow this legislation does not follow the national spirit. Legislation of late years has been merely a game of grab, not a matter of justice. The people as a whole are not considered at all.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Chicago *Times* writes: "Set it down that the Wilson bill will pass, and its strongest, safest feature will be the income tax." It is not even certain that Hill will vote against it. But the Wilson bill as it came from the House—is that what we are to get? What interest has any Democrat in a bill tinkered by McPherson, Gorman and Brice?

MR. STOLL makes a great mistake if he supposes the public takes seriously what one lawyer says of another in the course of a suit in which they are engaged on opposite sides. Auditors and readers may wonder why the legal gentlemen do not at once snatch each other bald, but they are inclined to think that what lawyers merely say is purely a matter of business.

SENATOR TURPIE says that justice "waits in the chill of early dawn, yet itt will have its day—a day perfect, unbroken, without sunset or decline, and which no power can shorten." This is all well enough, but what if the lady catches her death of cold in that "chill early dawn." Unless the Democratic party takes her in there is danger for her life.

AS CHAUNCEY DEPEW has spoken so well of St. Louis, the St. Louis delegates who go to the Republican Presidential convention should see that Chauncey gets fair play there. The boundless ambition of Thomas Reed, Wm. McKinley and Benjamin Harrison may lead to considerable unscrupulosity in the proceedings, and Mr. Depew's friends will all have to be vigilant.

IN his speech at the consolation meeting last night Mr. Joy declared that a Republican member of Congress said to him: "You can come in next session whether you are elected or not. You do not need to be elected." This is a frank statement of the Republican plan of "counting in," and it constitutes one great point of difference between the Democratic and Republican parties, as Mr. Joy knows by experience.

SENDING Republican gangs to Washington to protest against the Wilson bill is another trick of the tariff robbers. All these demonstrations should have the effect to hasten the passage of this very moderate measure. If half the money spent by the barons in political chicanery were paid in wages the workingmen would be made comfortable.

THE POST-DISPATCH has some interesting information for the author of the "Forum" letter signed "G. E. Lewis, 4525 Garfield avenue," which appeared in this paper some days ago. The Lindell Railroad authorities are eager to find somebody willing to testify to the statements made in that letter against one of their conductors, but they say that the people living at 4525 Garfield avenue do not know any G. E. Lewis.

THE BALL STARTED.

The battle for a better train service between St. Louis and New York has been gained one way. The ball of progress has been started by the announcement of President Ingalls of the Big Four that his road will put on a new fast train, leaving St. Louis at 2:30 in the afternoon and arriving in New York on the following evening. The new service will be inaugurated May 1.

This action of the Big Four is of special significance and value because it is the result of a decision of the management of the road reached without unusual pressure from business interests. It is the free act of the management, and it means that a careful survey of the situation has brought the conclusion that a better service and mid-day trains are needed and that they will be profitable. It speaks volumes for the enterprise and foresight of the Big Four. Its competitors cannot afford to lag behind in this matter. The potent law of competition forces them into line.

But while better service is thus assured one way between St. Louis and New York the work of improvement has just begun. There should be fast trains from the East, arriving here in the afternoon, and the Chicago and Kansas City ends must be attended to. As Geo. B. Leighton demonstrated yesterday connections from the West and Southwest with the fast Eastern trains would give the St. Louis route the advantage over all other routes and would regain the business lost through discrimination in favor of the Chicago route. Fast trains from the East connecting with afternoon trains to the West would secure business both ways for St. Louis and St. Louis roads.

The element of time is paramount in travel nowadays. The shortening of time is money to travelers and money to the railroads. To be in the van is worth something to a railroad. What roads will take the initiative in the improvement of the St. Louis service to Kansas City and Chicago?

Two hundred newsboys on the down town streets are selling the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents. Our patrons are requested to notify us of any attempt on part of newsboys to force them to pay more than 2 cents or the Post-Dispatch or to force them to buy with other papers "three for a nickel." Give time and location of newsboy refusing to sell the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents "straight." All persons who handle the Post-Dispatch on the streets do so under the agreement that it will be sold for 2 cents, if desired, independent of any combination

PROVINCIAL PREJUDICE.

In the Senate debate yesterday Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island reminded Senator Gray that the "Democratic press of the country had had nothing but words of praise for the two speeches in opposition to the Wilson bill from the Democratic side of the chamber." And strangely enough Senator Gray did not deny this extraordinary statement.

The seeming agreement of the two Eastern Senators that the Democratic press of the country approved the speeches of Hill and Smith and echoed their sentiments, is an example of the short-sightedness of statesmen living east of the Alleghenies. To them, apparently, "the country" means only that portion of the United States lying east of Buffalo and Pittsburg and north of the Potomac. They never seem to hear from the Western or Southern States, or if they do, the news comes as vague rumors from an unknown land, peopled by strange creatures prompted by impulse, but not regulated by intelligence.

As a matter of fact the Democratic press of the country has condemned Senators Hill and Smith almost unanimously. Even in the East the only praise was bestowed upon their opposition to the income tax and even this was with the reservation that that feature did not justify opposition to the bill as a whole. In the West with practical unanimity Democrats have denounced in unmeasured terms the conduct of the so-called conservatives and have warned them that their course would be followed by expulsion from the party or reduction to a subordinate place in its councils. Had the two Senators had their eyes and ears open to public sentiment they would not have bounded the United States on the West by the Alleghenies and on the south by the Potomac.

Democrats should be the last in the world to let provincial prejudices becloud their judgment and bind them to facts of the greatest moment. If they mistake the clamor of any one class in any one section for the mature conviction of the people of all the States they will make a blunder which will not only ruin them and their party but involve the whole country in confusion. One experience of that kind ought to be sufficient.

AN UNWISE PLAN.

In advocacy of his partisan plan of forming the new justice districts in this city, Judge Edmunds is quoted as saying:

My eight years of training in practical politics while I was a member of the Democratic City Central Committee makes me believe that any attempt to elect good men to office under the "ribbon" districts would be futile. The lower element in the river wards would control the election every time. I have given the subject much careful thought and I conscientiously believe that it is to the best luterests of the people that the districts should be made on the ward-grouping plan.

What does this mean? It means that Judge Edmunds favors the plan of bunching the vicious elements in certain districts. But these vicious elements from which he wants to free certain districts at the sacrifice of others are found in the "river wards." If under the "ribbon" plan these elements would render futile the attempts of the better elements in outside sections to secure good men, under the Edmunds plan of contiguous wards they would absolutely control the election in the river wards. These wards, however, would constitute the most important districts where most of the business is done and most important cases would be tried. Shall these districts be given over to the vicious elements?

Judge Edmunds' statement is the strongest possible argument against his own plan. The object is to offset the vicious elements with better elements—to give the control to better elements—in every district. We are groaning now under the evils of the contiguous ward system and a careful "ribbon" plan devised with regard to the public welfare seems the only good solution of the question. Partisan considerations will be fatal to this result.

CABINET LEGISLATION.

The new bill for the coinage of the silver seigniorage and the issue of bonds is chiefly interesting because of the reason given for its consideration by Congress.

The author of the measure claims attention for it on the ground that it is an administration bill which has been indorsed by Secretary Carlisle as acceptable to the President. It is freely admitted that this statement alone gives the bill prominence and that on no other ground could serious consideration be gained for it.

The fact that the President has vetoed a silver seigniorage bill would render the prominence given to Secretary Carlisle's indorsement of little significance if it were not one of a series of incidents indicating unusual influence on the part of the administration in the shaping of legislation. The silver repeal bill was recognized as an administration measure. The fight was managed by the administration. Secretary Carlisle was in constant communication with party leaders and boldly directed their movements from the Senate committee-room. The Wilson bill is admittedly an administration bill and Senator Hill charged that the President passed upon it and committed a breach of propriety in discussing its merits before it had been presented to Congress.

The force of these and other attempts of the administration to shape legislation and direct party forces in Congress cannot be overlooked. It must be admitted that the hand of the President and his Cabinet has been visible to an extraordinary degree in the work of Congress. The sign from the White House has been exceptionally potent in determining the action of the Democratic members of Congress. The drift during this administration towards Cabinet direction has been evident.

An interesting question arises as to the limit of the tendency and the permanence of the innovation already accomplished. The substitution of the British plan of making the Cabinet responsible for legislation for the American plan of separating the Executive and Legislative departments has been warmly advocated. Are we insensibly drifting in this direction and how far will President Cleveland's strong hand take us on the road?

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CHAUNCEY MITCHELL DEPEW, in acknowledging the prosperity, solidity and greatness of St. Louis, says there may be something in the permanent and conservative policy which is said to have done so much for us. There certainly is something in it. The city that depends upon booms is certain to become acquainted with grief. As a protectionist, Mr. Depew might be expected to look favorably upon booms. The protection theory is a boom theory. It builds factories where there are no markets and debars them from foreign markets. The glut inevitably comes after a season of seeming prosperity, combines follow, and all the factories that are unnecessary must be closed unless they can be kept open by an increased Government bounty. Boom towns and boom factories are bound to go the same way. A boom without a basis and a factory without a market produce the same results.

IT turns out that the whiskers snatched from one New Yorker by another New Yorker were not flaxen, but old gold, their beauty and value being thus vastly increased. Every man with a golden peffer will watch for the verdict of the jury in this case with unflagging interest. It is likely that the plaintiff might get $200,000, but as he is not a financial Napoleon he sues for the paltry sum of $5,000. Only a dull fellow would let old gold whiskers go at such a price.

"MOST men," says the *Central Baptist*, "would rather marry a woman who has lived only a home life." The girls, however, cannot all wait at home for a husband. Perhaps he would not come if they could. Probably most young women are doing the best they can for themselves. The feminine surplus confronts us as a condition, and if it interferes with the matrimonial theory just now, there is no help for it.

THE late Donn Platt was once heard to remark that Solomon said: "Spare the rod and spoil the child; but I'd sooner take the chances of spoiling the rod and sparing the child." A great many of us have improved on Solomon's scheme of domestic government. Solomon had a knack of finding out the parentage of disputed babies, but he wasn't in it with the modern parent in training the young. There is evidence of this on all sides.

IT is said that royal people of Europe who are about the same age address each other as "brother" and "sister," while younger ones address the older as "aunt" or "uncle." Queen Victoria is aunt to a host. Nothing could be pleasanter than this. When the royal families of Europe shall have to go out to earn their living, however, it is doubtful if this beautiful relationship will be continuously maintained.

ALL good Republicans should keep bottled Missouri River water in their houses. The contempt of the Missouri for all State rights should make its waters a great political beverage. It at any time throws 100 acres of Nebraska into Iowa or 100 acres of Iowa into Nebraska without an instant's hesitation, and no man who has settled upon its banks can ever really be sure as to where he is "at."

THE Washington *Post* irreverently speaks of Don M. Dickinson's glorious whiskers as "side wheelers." When the winds are blowing from the great lakes Mr. Dickinson's whiskers may seem to revolve, but they really do not. They just whisk about, according to the fury of the gale in which they may happen to be out.

THE Kentucky Colonel has stopped discussing Breckinridge for a little while because the new City of Louisville has just made the run to Cincinnati (150 miles) in nine hours and forty-two minutes—the fastest time on record. If the Colonel ever does become familiar with water it will be as a sailor.

PROF. GORGAN keeps on excavating kings of Egypt. With proper industry the professors will soon be able to supply families with these kings. A royal Egyptian mummy added to the skeleton which is supposed to harbor in every house would add largely to the family comfort.

BRITISH journals are taking considerable interest in the South Carolina dispensary troubles, and British writers tell how the dispensary law was rushed through "the State Parliament." There is no doubt a good deal of British sympathy for the thirsty Carolinians.

CHICAGO calls other progressive cities "swampy hamlets" and expects them to say in reply that Chicago real estate is looking up and that she will soon be ahead of New York. There is a great deal of human nature in the Windy.

IT is said that a Kentuckian has ordered a granite monument for his dog. He is doubtless a Kentuckian who was not born in Kentucky. The Kentuckian orders a granite monument for his "hoss," not for his dog.

THE Mexican Indian who is 8 feet and 2 inches in height and is still growing is likely to find himself presently in a change of atmosphere. He seems to have appeared on earth to save balloon expenses.

IT is not particularly gratifying to read that we are to have a European market for our lumber. We need every tree and board that we have. Europe should grow its own timber and leave us ours.

A MATRIMONIAL club of girls at Winchester, Ky., pays $50 from its treasury to every member on the day of her marriage. It is likely that no young man escapes in that community.

CIGAR smokers may be interested in reading that the cabbage is a development of a common seaweed which grows wild on every European coast.

MAN kills all animals and a great part of his own species, yet when the time comes for him to die he asks for a postponement.

On Tiptoe.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Following in the track of Senator Hill, Senator Smith of New Jersey made a strong argument yesterday against the income feature of the tariff bill, which he denounced as unnecessary and unjust. He expressed his conviction that the bill could not receive the assent of the Senate as it stands. There is no doubt that Senator Smith in opposing the income tax speaks the sentiment of his Democratic constituency; but if he shall carry his opposition to the extent of opposing all tariff reform because he cannot have it in every respect conformed to his views he will make a grave mistake. Eliminating the income tax, the Senate bill goes to the extreme in tiptoeing its way for fear of disturbing established monopolies.

The Plan of Campaign.

From THE NEW YORK WORLD.

There is no longer any doubt as to the plan of campaign through which the pseudo-Democrats, alias "Conservatives," hope to defeat the tariff bill. Henceforth the game may as well be played in the open. Senator Smith's speech following Senator Hill's lead makes it plain that under cover of hostility to the income tax the bill is to be beaten if possible.

It is the disclosure of the plan agreed upon that lends interest to Senator Smith's speech. His chief argument is that the income tax is "unpopular" in his State. If this is Senator Smith's real opinion, THE WORLD differs with him. We are confident that if the question were submitted to a vote of the Democrats of New Jersey or to the entire people of the State it would be favored by a very large majority.

In claiming that it is unpopular Senator Smith, Senator Hill and the "Conservatives" who are to follow them are simply seeking a plausible excuse for their course. For their purpose, which is to defeat the bill, the income tax is as good a weapon as any other. It is the only feature of the bill concerning which they can plausibly pretend that there is a division of sentiment among their constituents; so they adopt this as being the least flimsy excuse they could offer for opposing their party and trying to defeat its pledges.

Like Senator Hill, Senator Smith refrains from stating explicitly whether or not he will vote for the bill on its final passage. He intends to convey the impression that he will not. But we think he will. The income tax will remain in the bill, and Senator Smith will vote for it simply because he dare not vote against it. Senator Hill has learned something of the temper of Democrats since he made his speech. Senator Smith and the other "Conservatives" will learn more before the bill is put upon its passage.

Human Nature Everywhere.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Olive Thorne Miller read a paper on "Birds" before the New York Sorosis on Monday last in which she noted a curious fact. "With many birds," said she, "the plumage changes. During the wooing season extra and more brilliant plumage is donned, to be thrown off when the mate is won." This shows that there's a deal of human nature in birds.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.]

[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.]

Sale of the Union Market.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

It is my opinion that when the Union Market is sold and removed it will have the same effect on the value of property adjacent to it that the sale and removal of the market from Third street had; property sank in value more than one-half, and rents were reduced from one-half to one-quarter of what had been paid while the market remained.

It should be borne in mind that the heirs of Mrs. Ann C. T. Farrar hold the bonds of the city in the sum of $245,000, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, being the purchase money for said block of ground (block 121), which are secured by deed of trust on the ground, and these bonds do not mature until April 10, 1906. As these are bonds bearing a high rate of interest parties holding them would not surrender them for other bonds, nor would they release their deed of trust on the lot even if the city is very good for the bonds. Any purchaser would buy subject to this deed of trust, and this would unquestionably affect the sale of the property; besides this is no time to sell such property. It is not till 1906 and it is then desirable to sell it will bring no doubt a fine price. Sell it now and it will bring a low price, and the proceeds of the sale over and above the $245,000 would most likely be frittered away on one thing, and another and the city not get another market so desirable and so admirably located. It is reached by almost every railroad in the city, and it only needs that persons visit it in its hours of business to be convinced of its value and appreciation by the public.

Besides I am assured by one of the largest stock dealing firms of our city, that it holds the market here for live stock that brings millions of dollars of business to our banks and business men.

This eternal annual agitation of the sale of this market is injurious to the market. It creates uneasiness and unrest with the renters of stalls, and is bad in every way, and it creates the impression that these agitations are perhaps designed to levy contribution from renters of stands for fear of being disturbed by the sale of the property.

I learn that the market pays a fraction over 4 per cent annually over its cost, a little more than we are now able to borrow money, and it will grow up in value by the city keeping it.

This annual pestiferous agitation for its sale should be stopped that those engaged in business in it may know they are not in danger of being disturbed. Let us have a rest on this agitation. It is believed that the business conducted now around it would be seriously harmed by its sale, and property adjacent to it would largely depreciate in value. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Who Are Democrats?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Where is that Senator Hill who said, "I am a Democrat?" There are some chemicals, each alone innocent, but when combined are poison or explosive. Hill and tariff for revenue, silver coinage, and income tax were incompatible and explosive, and after explosion nothing left but a Republican. It would be a great service to democracy if a few more of our leaders would be equally honest and leave the party. Treachery and blundering competency are playing havoc with us now. I hope that all professed Democrats who have been absent so much will be asked to resign, or defeated when their time expires. What good can result from examining into the steel-armor swindle if the President and Prosecuting Attorney are on their side? We have made a great mistake, and, like Breckinridge, failed to call for help at the proper time, and now we must suffer the consequences of our folly. Miss Grover Folland will have the money and we the experience. "Sic Gloria Mundi Transit." OBSERVER.
Fairfield, Ill.

The Slaughter of the Innocents.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I learn with horror that on the Easton avenue car line there have lately been three fatal accidents to children within the short space of two months' time. This is horrible butchery of human life and criminal carelessness of the company. They ought at least take the precaution of putting guards on their cars which other lines are adopting. As they are now they are simply slaughtering machines driven recklessly through one of the most crowded thoroughfares. Can not something be done to urge or compel them to do away with this cold blooded murder of the little ones. A MOTHER.

Burns and Scalds.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Apply quickly with a feather linseed oil and limewater or saleratus moistened with water, then cover at once with dough rolled out thin enough to form a sort of plaster. Must be renewed with the same application about every two hours. This entirely excludes the air and protects the exposed flesh, absorbing the inflammation until nature forms new cuticle and prevents all ugly scars. It will be found most grateful to the sufferer. MOTHER.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. F.—Inquire at any drug store.

J. S.—Mix a solution of gum arabic with the whitewash.

D. S. R.—No concerts for Creve Cœur Lake have been announced as yet.

PLAYWRIGHT.—The Dazzler company, with Joe Ott, was at the Grand Opera-house this season.

W. S. M.—A dime of 1838 is worth 14 cents. 2. ASK for an elementary book on electricity at the Free Library.

IRON WORKER.—Red flannel shirts are not injurious if you obtain one of good quality. Some prefer them to the undyed wool.

READER.—Col. Richard Dalton served as a private in 3d Missouri Volunteers, Col. John M. Glover commanding, in Gen. Steele's division.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—Your question about "Alcazar" was answered on April 19. We cannot answer all questions the same day they are received.

DAILY READER.—Shakspeare died in April, 1616. The disease which caused his death is supposed to have been due to exposure while sleeping in an open field at night.

O. A. S.—There are different remedies for different kinds of warts. It is always safe to consult a physician. 2. The stamp flirtation was published recently in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. You can obtain a copy at this office.

Missourians in New York.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Hotel arrivals from St. Louis: H. Jung, H. C. Simmons, Stewart House; L. P. Bartlett, St. Denis; S. C. Sorenson, H. K. Merrill, Cosmopolitan; H. W. Phelps and wife, Holland; J. H. Townsend, Imperial; Mrs. M. H. Wetzell, Murray Hill; R. E. Merriwether, Astor.

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.
For improved and economic cookery.

CANNOT BE OWNERS.

The Eastern Jockey Club Prohibits Jockeys Controlling Horses.

JOHNNY M'CAFFERTY GREATLY AFFECTED BY THE PROPOSED NEW RULE.

Garrison Was Asked to Ride Yo Tambien in the Brooklyn—Local Turf Gossip—Cycle Champion Zimmerman Talks About His European Trip—Base Ball News—General Sporting.

The new Eastern Jockey Club has determined not to allow jockeys to own race horses, so it is said. If this report is correct it will affect some of the leading jockeys on the Eastern circuit. Among those who own horses are Johnny McCafferty, Martin Bergin, Sammy Doggett, Ed Garrison, Isaac Murphy, Tommy Griffin, Billy Donohue and Billy Fitzpatrick. Donohue, Murphy and Fitzpatrick, however, have not been riding much of late years. The man at whom the rule is thought to be aimed and who will certainly be most affected by it, is Johnny McCafferty. Snapper Garrison says: "I have been told about the new rule, but I believe we will be given a year to sell our horses."

Chris Smith has wired Garrison asking him to name his terms for riding Yo Tambien in the Brooklyn Handicap. Garrison says he had to refuse this offer because he is already under contract to ride the millionaire brewer, Jacob Ruppert's, Ajax, for the $25,000 Gravesend event. When Judge Carter was at Memphis, Chris Smith informed him that he was going to have Frank Jordan on the mare in the Brooklyn. Perhaps he will do so now that it is impossible to secure Garrison.

GOSSIP FOR TURFITES.

Bookmakers Complaining About "Bad Breaks"—Jockeys in Trouble.

Charley Quinn, one of the East Side plungers, is some $6,000 behind the game since the first of the year. According to Quinn, picking winners was a comparatively easy job for him until the Eastern contingent arrived here, after Washington closed down, last December. "They seem to have the best horses," said Charlie, "but I was a long time ascertaining the fact." Quinn has an interest in the Stuyvesant Club book, made by Johnny Coleman. This has been a losing venture also the last month or so, but it has been the same story with most all of the big bookmakers over the creek. Too many favorites have been winning, and whenever the Easterners cut something good loose they back it completely out of sight. Ed Gaines, a local boy, who has come to the front the past year or so in the art of bookmaking, can be heard growling every night about "bad breaks." Eddie Austin, who books for Barney Schreiber, under the name of the Grafton Club, unlike the rest of the fraternity, has been very successful of late. He and Coleman handle more money than any other two bookmakers now operating across the river. Jack White can give either of them a good run in this respect, but the game didn't suit him and he had to quit.

* * *

Patsy Freeman, who has just been refused a license by the Western Turf Congress, is one of the best known jockeys on the Western circuit. Freeman has been a very successful rider and being of an exceedingly thrifty disposition is now pretty well fixed financially. He has been campaigning a string of fairly good selling-platers, including Diamond Dick, at Madison all winter. His application for a license to ride on the Turf Congress tracks was indorsed by some very prominent Western racing officials, and it remains to be seen how they will receive Secretary Hopper's action in the matter. Freeman will no doubt race around Chicago all summer if the Turf Congress persists in keeping him under the ban. Jockeys Jim Meux, John Stovall and Ben Vincent have also been refused licenses by the Turf Congress. Meux and Vincent are well-known, the former especially, being an exceedingly clever light-weight. Manager Brooks has announced that no rejected Turf Congress applicants will be permitted to ride on the East Side track.

* * *

Joseph A. Murphy, the Chicago sporting writer, who has been offered the position of associate judge in the stand to Joseph J. Burke at the coming Fair Grounds meeting, was one of St. Louis crack amateur athletes several years ago. His father, M. J. Murphy, is the present Street Commissioner of this city. At one time young Murphy was a crack amateur pitcher, in addition to being admittedly the fastest 100 yard sprinter in this city. Those were the days when the old Missouri Amateur Athletic Association flourished and Ed Gaines, now the successful bookmaker, was the first premium local amateur pedestrian. Murphy drifted into journalism shortly after he left the St. Louis University and made sporting his specialty from the start. He left St. Louis to do base ball work for the Chicago *Tribune*, but of late years has devoted most of his time to horse racing. Joe Murphy, Ed Corrigan's good 3-year-old was named after him.

* * *

Harry White has been sent to Memphis by General Manager Burke to boom the coming Fair Grounds meeting with the owners of good stake horses. If Joe Murphy accepts the offer made him he will undoubtedly look after the big track's interest in this respect, around Chicago, before coming down. "We will have an overflowing supply of selling platers," says Judge Burke, "but the high grade horses must be had and angling for them is now in order. Quantity and quality are both desired, and we intend to have them if possible." During his engagements here and at Washington Park, Chicago, Judge Burke will discontinue his newspaper correspondence. He intends to resume this work when the Saratoga meeting is inaugurated. Before he became a prominent racing judge, Mr. Burke was one of New York's leading turf writers. He has never become rusty wielding the pencil and delights in the occupation as much now as he did when an unimportant, but aspiring young reporter.

NO SUNDAY GAMES.

Pittsburg Stubbornly Holds Out Against Them—Werden's Release.

The Pittsburgs will remain over until Monday, when yesterday's postponed game will be played. In case inclement weather prevents playing this afternoon two games will probably be arranged for Monday. President Von der Ahe guaranteed the Pittsburg club management $1,500 for a game to-morrow, but the "smoky" city executive, Kerr, stubbornly holds out against Sunday ball. The Milwaukee Western League team will play the Browns to-morrow at new Sportsman's Park.

First Baseman Perry Werden was given his ten days' notice of release last night by President Von der Ahe. It will be remembered that the POST-DISPATCH predicted several weeks ago that if Dick Buckley showed up again in his old time shape, which seems to be the case, Werden would be let out. Peitz will cover first base regularly and Buckley is scheduled to catch almost every game. Both these men are hard hitters and Capt. Miller wants to utilize them in every game.

Base Ball Gossip.

A Wasnington fan who abused one of Gus Schmelz's men for making an error was yanked off the lot and locked up, charged with disorderly conduct.

Pitcher Harry Staley has joined the Bostons and Catcher Merritt has quit bluffing. All is now serene in the camp of the champions.

Outfielder Charles E. Duffee, formerly of St. Louis, is at his home in Mobile. He is "out of the game" on account of ill-health.

Pitcher Nichols of Boston and Charley Bennett, matured ex-catcher, contemplate going into the tobacco business together in Detroit. Bennett has a warm place in the affections of the Wolverines. He was a member of the team that won the league pennant for Detroit.

The base ball careers of Mike Griffin and Billy Shindle are peculiar. They started off together on the Utica team. Then they separated, Shindle going to Detroit and Griffin to Baltimore. When Detroit disbanded Shindle joined Griffin in Baltimore. They both joined the Philadelphia Players' League and then separated again, Griffin going to Brooklyn and Shindle returning to Baltimore. Now they are once more together in Brooklyn.

ZIMMERMAN CONFIDENT.

The Champion Wheelman Sure He Will Do Well in France.

Before he sailed for France, Arthur Zimmerman, the crack wheelman, said: "I think that I will be able to ride as fast, if not faster, than ever before this season. Last year I was ill and in no condition to race, yet I won over 100 races from the men who are now seeking championship laurels. When I reach France I will get in the best possible condition and do my best to carry the stars and stripes to the front in every race in which I take part. There are some good men over there and a man has to be on edge all the time to be successful. George Banker will go abroad as my racing companion, and with Wheeler, we will train together. Banker is a better man than many give him credit for, and he will make some of the stars on the other side do some tall riding in order to cross the tape ahead of him. I can't understand why Wheeler did not make a good record since he has been abroad, but I guess that life in Paris has had too many charms for him. As soon as I get there I'll take him under my wing and watch him with a fatherly eye. You can look for big things from Wheeler if he can be got in any sort of condition."

Sporting Notes.

It is estimated in cycling circles that the high mileage record this year will be about 10,000 miles.

Frank Ives has been playing phenomenal billiards in Paris. He recently ran out a 600-point game in three innings, with the anchor nurse barred. This is an average of 200 and is the speediest billiards at the style of game ever played. The score: Ives, 416, 17, 167. Total, 600. Average, 200. Carr—8, 13. Total, 21. Average, 10½.

The Victor Cycling Club was organized last Tuesday evening with twenty-five members. The following officers were elected: President, Frank Stockhoff; Secretary, Harry C. McLean; Treasurer, Fred Goodall; Captain, John Holschbach and Lieutenant, Eugene Devoy. The organizers of the new club are very enthusiastic and expect to have over one hundred members before the close of the season. Capt. Holschbach has called a run to Alton for to-morrow.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

Mass-Meeting to Organize a Prevention of Crime Society—Notes.

The promoters of the society for the prevention of crime are hopeful of an enthusiastic inauguration of the movement at Addington Hall, Seventeenth and Olive streets, next Tuesday evening, the date of the mass-meeting. The following have been invited to speak: Mayor C. P. Walbridge, Most Rev. J. J. Kain, D.D. Leon Harrison, Rt. Rev. Dan'l Tuttle, Hon. Nathan Cole, Dr. Jno. Mathews, Rev. John Snyder, Hon. E. O. Stanard, Dr. S. J. Niccolls. The Vice-Presidents of the meeting will be: Frank Gaienne, F. G. Niedringhaus, R. D. Patterson, A. D. Brown, George W. Parker, E. C. Simmons, Walter Metcalfe, P. M. Hanson, A. Lee, R. S. McKinney, Charles M. Hayes, F. E. Udell, A. C. Bush, W. J. Johnston, N. O. Nelson, E. H. Semple, M. Greenwood, Jr., W. F. Duncan, A. M. Finlay, B. D. Lee, Thos. H. West, Maj. Buell, S. L. Biggers, Jas. E. Cowan, Dr. M. Rhodes, D. R. Wolfe, Henry Wiebusch.

The Revival at Centenary.

The visible results of the revival at Centenary Church thus far are about 200 accessions to the church and a like number of conversions. Last night's services were fruitful of results, twenty persons applying for church membership. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Mathews, is proverbial for having a continuous revival in his church, but nothing like the present awakening has been experienced for years. During this series of meetings the church has been quickened into new life and raised to higher spiritual realms. The young people are taking an active part in the services, and a majority of the accessions are from the afternoon Sunday-school. Dr. Simmons, the superintendent of this school, is leading his Sunday-school scholars to Christ.

There will be preaching both morning and evening at Centenary to-morrow by the pastor, Dr. Mathews. Those who have joined the church will be baptized and received into full connection.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The young men's meeting at the Central Branch Y. M. C. A., Pine and Twenty-ninth streets, this evening at 8 o'clock will be addressed by Mr. George R. Robinson, Jr., of the Committee of Management. Rev. Geo. C. Adams, D. D., pastor of the Compton Hill Congregational Church, will address the young men's meeting to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock on the subject of "The Dangers of Infidelity," the seventh in the special course of addresses on "Danger Signals."

The committeemen of the Central Branch will hold their annual conference on Monday evening at 6:30 o'clock, at which time supper will be served followed by addresses on topics relating to committee work by well known Association speakers.

Dr. Burnham's Visit.

Rev. Michael Burnham of Springfield, Mass., who has accepted the call to the pastorate of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, this city, paid a flying visit to St. Louis, Thursday. He came to confer with the representatives of the Pilgrim Church because the members of his Springfield charge insisted that he should recall his resignation. He promised to visit St. Louis and lay the matter before the officers of Pilgrim Church. It is unlikely that he will recall his resignation of his Springfield pastorate.

Epworth League Concert.

The Epworth League of Union Methodist Episcopal Church will give its fifth annual concert next Thursday evening, April 26. An excellent musical and literary programme has been prepared and will be rendered by Mr. A. S. Lieber, Mr. Edward P. Perry, Prof. H. J. Isbell, Mrs. N. R. Wall, Miss Rose Ford, Mr. Charles Humphrey, Miss Adella M. Ghio, Mr. Holcomb G. Ellis, Miss Adelaide Knikman, Mr. F. E. Harrington and Mr. J. A. Harrington.

Religious Notes.

At First Congregational Church, Delmar avenue near Grand, the pastor, Rev. Dr. George, will preach to-morrow evening on, "The Church and City Problems."

At Faith Presbyterian Hall, 4416 New Manchester road, Rev. D. M. Hazlett will preach at 11 a. m. to-morrow on "Undeveloped Power in the Church." Also at 8 p. m., on "Christ Our King."

At the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church Rev. J. S. Kirtley will preach to-morrow morning on "John Whose Surname Was Mark," and in the evening on "The Truth About Amusements. Baptism in the evening.

At Temple Israel, Twenty-eighth and Pine streets, Rabbi Leon Harrison lectures to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, on "The Ethics of the Home."

Rev. C. S. Sargent of Central Congregational Church preaches at Pilgrim Church to-morrow morning and evening. His subjects will be "Triumph of the Kingdom of God" and "Power of the Keys." Rev. J. P. R. Rice of Alton preaches at Central Church to-morrow.

Rev. Wayland Hoyt, D. D., of Minneapolis, Minn., will preach to-morrow morning and evening at the second Baptist Church. On Monday evening he will deliver his famous lecture, "Lessons From a Great Life," at the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church for the benefit of the Sunday School Free Library fund.

Rev. O. M. Stewart, D. D., presiding elder of St. Louis District, will preach at Trinity M. E. Church, Tenth and North Market streets, to-morrow evening.

Dr. Mathews will preach morning and evening. He will receive into the church at the morning service all those who have applied for church membership during the revival services.

At Immanuel Baptist Church Cates, near Goodfellow avenue, Rev. A. A. Kendrick, D. D., will preach morning and evening. His subject in the morning will be: "The Best for Christ." The evening subject will be: "The Nature of Sin."

At the Lafayette Park Methodist Church Rev. E. B. Chappell will, to-morrow morning, begin a series of sermons on the "Book of Job," and in the evening will preach especially to young people on "Beginnings in Life."

"The Jews in Commerce" will be the subject of Dr. Sale's lecture at Shaare Emeth to-morrow morning.

Central Presbyterian Church—Dr. Brank has gone for a few weeks'

GOLD EXPORT.

The Treasury Department Again Growing Very Uneasy.

Withdrawals at New York of the Yellow Metal Getting Enormous.

EXPORT THREATENS TO EXHAUST ALL THE FREE GOLD.

It Is Feared the Treasury Reserve Will Again Be Encroached Upon—A Part of To-Day's Outgoing Metal to Be Furnished by the Banks—But Next Week the Government's Store May Be Drawn Upon.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The gold reserve is again the subject of much uneasiness at the Treasury Department, as the gold withdrawn at New York for export threatens to exhaust all the free gold above the $100,000,000 margin. The Treasury holds about $3,500,000 in free gold, and if the entire $4,200,000 which is to go abroad by to-day's steamers is withdrawn from the New York Sub-treasury, the reserve will again be encroached upon. The department is expecting that a portion of this amount will be furnished by the banks, but as further exports are expected next week the reserve will probably be drawn upon to meet the withdrawals.

So long as the Government holds a large balance of free gold the banks have been willing to pay out gold for export, but as soon as the reserve is invaded the Treasury is forced to stand the strain alone.

Secretary Carlisle will use the reserves to meet the current demands, as he did before the last bond issue. But it is not expected that the gold balance will drop anywhere near as low as it did before. The Secretary, however, has estimated the deficit at the end of the fiscal year—only two months hence—at $78,000,000, and a second bond issue, even under the most favorable circumstances, so forced are the demands for export, is now believed to be unavoidable.

THE MEYER BILL.

The approach of another period of stringency has led to further steps in the House to provide some way of utilizing the seigniorage under the restrictions suggested in the President's veto of the Bland bill. Gen. Meyer of Louisiana has introduced a bill which provides for coining the bullion and gives the Secretary authority to issue 3 per cent five year bonds to be used as a reserve. It also repeals the act of 1875, under which the $50,000,000 in bonds were issued several months ago, and gives the Secretary the power to exchange the new bonds for the ten-year 5 per cent bonds.

Sec. 4 of the proposed act says: "That the Secretary of the Treasury may receive silver certificates on deposit, without interest, from any National Banking Association, in sums of not less than $5,000, and issue certificates therefor in such sums as he may prescribe, in denominations of not less than $5,000, payable on demand in silver certificates, or standard silver dollars, at the places where the deposits were made. The certificates so deposited shall not be counted as part of the lawful money reserve of the association, but the certificates issued therefor may be counted as part of its lawful money reserve and may be accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the places where the deposits therefor were made."

NOT ACCEPTABLE TO BLAND.

The Meyer bill has not met with very favorable reception in the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures, of which Mr. Bland is the Chairman, but it is believed that a bill containing substantially the same provisions will be reported favorably. Mr. Bland is the only one who is seriously blocking the way to the consideration of a bill of this kind by the House. According to his idea no bill is perfect or acceptable to the silver men which does not bear his name as the author.

Judge Culberson and others, who supported the Bland seigniorage bill, have carefully examined the Meyer bill and view its provisions favorably. The only objection they raise is that the Treasury notes are not to be retired. The Meyer bill was submitted to Secretary Carlisle before it was introduced, and Gen. Meyer stated to the committee that the Secretary had said that he believed it met the objections raised by the President. No limit as to the issue of bonds is made in the bill.

CRUISER NEW YORK.

The report that Capt. Philip and Executive Officer Mason discovered the cruiser New York to be in a desperate condition after the vessel was well on her way to Rio caused a great stir in official circles here. In nearly every quarter the information was news, but a careful investigation by the POST-DISPATCH correspondent has developed the astounding fact that the faulty condition of the cruiser was well understood by a few officials of the department, and that the ship was sent on her important errand of life and death in such condition that she could not have been effectively worked in battle, for the sole purpose of getting rid of the "navy yard fever" from which officers and crew were believed to be suffering.

Indeed, it was officially stated at the Navy Department yesterday that the disclosures just made were well known to certain officials when the ship was ordered to leave the New York yard, and that in sending her to Rio the department believed that she would not be called upon to go into action, and took the chances of being able to prevent an engagement by mobilizing a fleet sufficiently large to deter any antagonist from attacking it.

The fact has now come to light that Admiral Belknap, the head of the board that surveyed the New York before her departure, made more than one report to the department. The substance of one of these documents was given the public. The others were carefully guarded until yesterday, when certain extracts from one of the reports were given out for the purpose of showing that the department knew of the thoroughly inefficient form of the New York when she was ordered away.

No statement is made, however, in justification of the action of the department in sending to a seat of actual warfare the biggest vessel of the navy in such condition that she could not fight her main battery, even under the most favorable circumstances, to say nothing of the minor defects in the cruiser, which would of themselves have precluded her from giving a good account of herself in an engagement.

ADMIRAL BELKNAP'S REPORT.

In the report made by Admiral Belknap regarding the personnel and discipline of the New York's crew, there were sixty points found to criticise and a brief summary of these criticisms was given to the press at the time the report was received; now, for the first time the really important faults in the ship's construction which were noted by Admiral Belknap are made public.

The report regarding the construction of the ship and the working of her turrets and gun covers many type-written pages, but the brief and disjointed extracts made public yesterday will serve to show that Admiral Belknap warned the department of her condition. In speaking of the turrets Admiral Belknap said:

"The working of the turrets was not good. The movements go by jerks, rendering effective pointing of the guns impossible."

In spite of the fact that this official report declared it to be an impossibility to effectively point the big guns of the New York, she was ordered to Rio, 5,000 miles away, to guard American interests in a blocked port, where there was an excellent prospect that the American fleet would go into action before the end of the trouble.

As to the working of the forward turret, which Capt. Philip found to be impracticable, a special memorandum was made by Naval Constructor Dashiell, and this was commented upon by Admiral Belknap as follows:

"The memorandum as to the working of the forward turret and its guns, submitted by Ensign Dashiell, is adopted as the sense of the board, and as applying to each of the turrets and their guns."

A special report was made to the Naval Department concerning the ammunition hoists, which were found to be imperfect in construction and slow in feed, but in the general report made by Admiral Belknap, he made the following additional statement:

"The cartridge cylinders for the supplying of the sponson eight-inch guns, are apt to catch at the joints in the shutes. One shute was disabled temporarily by such jammings. The joints should be made smooth to overcome such serious defects."

DANGER OF BLOWING UP.

On the strength of these recommendations preparations were made to alter the ammunition hoists, but the work was finally abandoned and the cruiser sent to Rio in such condition that not only could they not supply the guns for which they were intended but the danger was constantly incurred of blowing up the ship every time they hoisted a shell.

Admiral Belknap also discovered that the 8-inch magazines were unfit for service—a fact which Capt. Philip afterwards ascertained, as told in the POST-DISPATCH. On this point the Admiral reported as follows:

"The temperature of the midship 8-inch magazines is very high, due to their location next to the fire-rooms. Some means of lining these magazines or providing air-space with separate ventilation should be adopted."

Although the department had discovered that the picturesque blunder had been made of locating a magazine next to the fire-room the ship was sent off to a possible war without alteration.

In addition to the defects already noted Admiral Belknap reported that practically the entire electric system of the ship was faulty. As to the search light, which is a most important adjunct of a modern warship, the report said:

"A second attempt was made during the afternoon of the 13th inst. to work the search lights, but it resulted in failure. Only one of the four lights responded at all satisfactorily to the electric current. At the closing of this report the search lights are still in faulty condition as to working. During the fire of the guns the shock of the explosions sent off some of the electric emergency alarms. On two occasions the bulkhead doors were unexpectedly closed, owing to the accidental signals so made. It is recommended that when the commanding officer of the ship reports the difficulties of manipulation that have to be overcome, a member of the Navy Board be ordered to make another inspection of the electric plant and to verify its condition."

Of course, this inspection did not take place for the reason that the ship was sent away, and the department as yet has no official information as to whether the New York's electrical apparatus is serviceable or not.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT.

Admiral Belknap's report was accompanied by a supplementary report prepared by Assistant Naval Constructor Street, which the Admiral thus refers to:

"Attention is called to the report of Assistant Naval Constructor Street, describing the defects of the flush water tights of the platform deck. The board desires to express the opinion that these defects are serious, and should be remedied."

There was no opportunity to remedy them, however, and they are probably still in existence. Admiral Belknap closed his report as to the ship's seaworthiness as follows:

"The ready obedience of the ship to her helm drew forth favorable comment from the pilot, and impressed the members of the Speed Trial Board, and this board is of the opinion that no questions of seaworthiness or of instability will ever arise with the New York, and that, when she has been given suitable opportunity for getting into proper shape, as a well organized, well equipped and well drilled man-of-war, she will have no superior afloat of her class."

The new cruiser has never had the "opportunity for getting into proper shape," suggested by Admiral Belknap, and the friends of the navy as well as the friends and relatives of her officers and crew are to be congratulated upon the fact that she has made the trip to Rio and back without disaster.

Naval experts here do not like to think of what might have happened had the Insurgent Admiral in the Bay of Rio refused to be bluffed by Admiral Benham when the New York was detailed to "take care of the Tamandare and Aquidaban."

SITUATION AT BLUEFIELDS.

The press dispatches from Bluefields were eagerly read at the State and Navy Departments yesterday. At the State Department they brought news many days later than any official advices received from either Minister Baker or United States Consul Braida. Secretary Gresham read the report with much interest, but stated to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent that the department had nothing to say regarding the situation in the Mosquito reservation. No one in the department would discuss any feature of the controversy in the absence of official advices.

To the Navy Department the press dispatches brought the news that the San Francisco had arrived at Bluefields, and that all on board were well. There being no cable nearer to Bluefields than Greytown, Capt. Watson has not been able to send the department even the customary brief dispatch announcing his arrival, and it is understood that he has held back further advices for the mails.

It is expected that the steamer which brought the press dispatches from Bluefields to New Orleans also carried important advices for the State Department from Consul Braida, and for the Navy Department from Capt. Watson. The action taken by the commander of the San Francisco in investigating not only the condition of the American residents in the Mosquito reservation, but also the action taken by the Nicaraguan Government in withdrawing the exequatur of Consul Braida bears out fully the statements heretofore made in these dispatches.

Capt. Watson's expedition to Bluefields partakes of the character of a diplomatic mission, and, on this account, the State Department is very anxious to receive the report which it is supposed that he has forwarded to Secretary Herbert. So far as can be seen the American commander has carried himself with very great discretion and has confined himself in the matter of Consul Braida's status to a protest on account of the revocation of his exequatur.

So far as could be learned at the State Department, Secretary Gresham is in no hurry to make any "request" of the Nicaraguan Government to have Mr. Braida's exequatur re-issued. When the Secretary makes up his mind as to the course to be pursued, his intimation to the Nicaraguan Government will be far more likely to take the form of a demand than of a request.

GREAT BRITAIN'S SCHEMES.

Public men in Congress, as well as in the State and Navy Departments, read with much interest the references to the scheming of Great Britain to secure a coaling station near the eastern terminus of the Nicaraguan Canal. The story is generally accepted as confirming the fears of the friends of the canal that Great Britain has been plotting to secure a coaling station at a commanding point near the eastern outlet, and the effect of these advices will undoubtedly be to expedite action in both branches of Congress on the Nicaraguan Canal bill.

Party lines are completely wiped out in the movement to make the Nicaraguan Canal an American enterprise. Senator Morgan, a Jeffersonian Democrat, is controlling the movement in the Senate, and Bellamy Storer, an active Republican, is pushing the bill in the House, with the full sympathy of his Democratic colleagues. The President is in thorough accord with the movement, and stands ready to sign the bill as soon as it reaches him.

It is probable that within the next few months an attempt will be made to secure an understanding with Great Britain as to the exact status of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which has been completely ignored by England on several occasions within the last few years. The United States has studiously observed the provisions of the treaty, but the President and Secretary Gresham feel that the time has now come when the United States should have an understanding with Great Britain as to the force of the treaty, in order that no material commercial advantage may be further sacrificed.

W. L. CROUNSE.

DO YOU?

Do you observe the laws of life?

Do you take good care of yourself at all times?

Do you always use clear judgment instead of often acting upon impulse?

Do you carefully guard the life and health of those who are dependent upon you?

Do you stop to think when you feel chilly, have a cough, a headache or a tired feeling, that it means danger?

Do you know that a little care and caution at the right time will avoid all these things and put you in a strong and good condition again?

Do you know that the best physicians, scientists and the leading people of the land recommend a pure stimulant as the only thing to take at such times?

Do you not know that there is but one pure medicinal stimulant in the world, namely, Duffy's Pure Malt, and that it is exceedingly popular wholly because of its merits?

Do you not understand that a druggist or grocer will try to sell something cheaper and inferior because he can make more money upon it, when you are entitled to have the very best you can get and precisely what you call for?

Do you not know that if you follow the suggestions given above you can keep yourself in perfect condition and avoid all possibility of colds, chills or the sicknesses which come at this time of the year?

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Fled From a Detective—Items of Interes From East Side Suburbs.

A stranger of suspicious appearance, who was arrested and closely interrogated by Detective Kinney last night at the Relay Depot, left a satchel in the waiting-room and ran away. He gave evasive answers to the officer's questions and finally bolted from the depot without so much as a glance at his satchel. After a time the detective became satisfied the stranger would not return, so took charge of the satchel, which was found to contain two silver watches, several chains, a lot of sleeve and cuff buttons, some neckties, perfumery and toilet articles, all new. It is presumed the satchel and contents were stolen.

Anton Kuhle, a freight handler employed in the O. & M. yards, applied to Justice Ileaty to-day for a warrant against Edward Munn, a fellow-workman, accusing the latter of larceny. The freight handlers were paid off yesterday and Kuhle claimed to have lost a $20 bill, which another man found, so he said, and turned over to Munn, the latter claiming to have dropped it. A warrant was issued and Munn was arrested. Judge Healy heard the evidence in the case.

A concert for the benefit of the Baptist Church was given last night at the Opera-house. There was a large attendance, and an excellent programme was rendered. The local talent was assisted by Miss Adelaide Kalkman, Miss Agnes Gray, Mr. Charles Kunkel and Mr. J. A. Rosenkoetter of St. Louis.

James Courd, arrested yesterday by the East St. Louis police at the instance of the Superintendent of the B. & O. Railway, was turned over to an officer from Vincennes, Ind., last night. He is charged with complicity in recent thefts of merchandise from E. & O. freight cars.

The City Court reconvened this morning and after a short session, during which several unimportant matters were finally disposed of, adjourned for the term.

A small portion of the Canteen School District lying in the Seventh Ward of East St. Louis has been annexed to the Illinois City District.

The members of East St. Louis Lodge, No. 504, A. F. and A. M., visited Erwin Lodge of St. Louis last night.

An infant daughter of Frank Bauer of 127 North Fifth street died last night and will be buried at St. Henry's Cemetery to-morrow.

Belleville.

Joseph R. James, sexton of Walnut Hill Cemetery, died last night of injuries sustained by a fall from a buggy. He was thrown out of his vehicle Thursday night on North Illinois street and sustained a fracture of his left shoulder blade and several ribs, besides having one of his ears almost torn from his head. He was removed to his home on the Freeburg road, where he died last night. Mr. James was well known as the sexton of the cemetery, having acted in that capacity for many years. He was 70 years of age.

John Blake and Frank Miller, arrested to the penitentiary for larceny, were taken to Chester yesterday by Sheriff Langley.

A 5-year-old daughter of C. R. Long of West Main street fell down a stairway yesterday and sustained a fracture of her collar bone.

Mrs. Nancy F. Bond obtained yesterday a divorce from her husband, Henry C. Bond, on the ground of desertion.

Samuel McGinn, Frank Smiley, Miss Nellie Schellkopf and Miss Emily Kaufman at O'Fallon were the guests of friends in Belleville Thursday.

A souvenir social was held at the Presbyterian Church last night by the Christian Endeavor Society.

A 10-year-old daughter of William Walter, residing on South High street, had her left ankle dislocated by an accidental fall yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Guth gave a reception Thursday night in honor of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bertram.

Charles Kohl, Public Market Master, died yesterday at his home, Jackson and Second streets, aged 50 years.

C. F. Klespel has gone to Hot Springs, Ark., to spend several weeks.

Miss Lizzie Smith, of Millstadt, visited friends in Belleville yesterday.

News was received here yesterday of the death at Nevada, Mo., of Mrs. John S. Wiley, granddaughter of ex-Mayor Jefferson Ramey.

For an Irritated Throat, Cough or Cold "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. *Sold only in boxes.*

Hit Him With Stones.

Robert Taylor, a negro, was fined $50 by Judge Morris this morning for disturbing the pence. Last night Taylor accompanied a colored girl out for a walk and made a few calls on friends. William Williams, another negro, once a friend of Taylor, went out with a colored belle also. It was about 11 o'clock last night when Williams came upon Taylor lying asleep on a pair of steps. He tried to arouse him, and when he finally succeeded Taylor sprang to his feet and accused Williams of taking his (Taylor's) girl out. During the argument Taylor picked up a brick and struck Williams on the head. While the latter was staggering around on the sidewalk Taylor picked up another stone and struck Williams on the other side of the head. About this time Officer Kickham came on the scene and placed both men under arrest. Williams' head, covered with cuts, was dressed at the City Dispensary, after which they were both locked up at the Four Courts. At the trial Williams was discharged and Taylor was fined.

THE fishing at Creve Cœur Lake is excellent now. Take Sunday, April 22, to yourself and go out on the Missouri Pacific special train, leaving Union Depot 1:30 p. m.

Humane Society's Report.

The weekly record of cases investigated by the Humane Society of Missouri for the prevention of cruelty to children and animals is as follows: Complaints regarding children, 4; number of children involved, 12; animals killed, 4; animals taken from work, 6; beating or whipping, 2; overloading, 1; driving lame or galled stock, 18, depriving of necessary food and shelter, 2, general cruelty, 3; people warned, 31; cases reported at the office, 31.

"THE NEW DOMINION," at the Grand Opera-house, made an instantaneous success on Sunday night.

Warmer Weather To-Morrow.

Acting Weather Observer Herndon said to-day that the weather would clear up to-night and become warmer to-morrow. The river registered 17.6 feet at the foot of Market street to-day. The Mississippi is falling at Hannibal, Grafton and St. Louis, and the Missouri is receding at Hermann and Boonville.

DR. ENNO SANDER'S Carrod Spa is highly prized by physicians as the most rational remedy for gout, rheumatism and gravel.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

AUCTION!!

. . . 30 Choice Lots in . . .

TYLER PLACE!

Saturday, April 28, 3 P. M.

Fronting on Flora, Cleveland, Tyler and Shenandoah, between Spring and Vandeventer, one Block West of Grand.

Choicest residence property in St. Louis. High rolling ground, close to Shaw's Garden and beautiful Tower Grove Park. The best class of improvements are now building. Deeds will contain restrictions for future protection. No nuisances permitted. Splendid street car facilities. The Lindell Railway Company's line over Vandeventer avenue to the Park will soon be completed. The Compton Heights and Union Depot line is now constructed to Grand and Shenandoah avenues, and will be running down Shenandoah avenue to the Park very soon.

Plats and full particulars are out and can be had at the office. Call or send for one.

Anderson-Wade Realty Co.

EIGHTH AND LOCUST.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

F. C. BONSACK,

ARCHITECT!

ROOM 616,

UNION TRUST BUILDING, St. Louis.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE

THE FAMILY WASH BLUE. ALWAYS RELIABLE. For Sale by Grocers Generally.

D. S. WILTBERGER, 233 N. 2d St., Phila., Pa.

HALF-BROTHERS AT OUTS.

Peter Devine Was Arrested at the Instigation of Wm. Gray.

Peter Devine was a defendant in the Second District Police Court this morning on a charge of disturbing the peace, but the prosecuting witness, his half-brother, William Gray, agreed not to prosecute the case on a promise of future good behavior. Gray, who is a driver on the Jefferson avenue steret car line, told Officer Bergman Thursday night that Devine had been continually bothering him for weeks; that he would come to his home, 2526 University street, and abuse him, call when he was out and bother Mrs. Gray, and even board his car and trouble him. That night, Gray said, Devine boarded his car at Geyer avenue, the Southern terminus of the line, and began to fight and Gray had to force him from the car. Devine told the policeman, the latter said, that the reason he bothered his half-brother was because he had refused him money to get married with nine months ago and Gray had since failed and refused to pay him back.

"THE NEW DOMINION," at the Grand Opera-house, calls out the greatest enthusiasm from German play-goers.

Maj. Warner Here.

Maj. William Warner of Kansas City, the Republican politician who made the race for Governor against Gov. W. J. Stone, was among the arrivals at the Southern this morning. Since his defeat he has been living a quiet life, politically, in the city at the mouth of the Kaw, he once more engaging in the practice of law, having as his partner Judge James Gibson, the gentleman who made a strong race for the gubernatorial nomination against W. J. Stone. Maj. Warner could not be induced to state whether he would once more make the race for the gubernatorial nomination. When asked if his law partner, Judge Gibson, would again be a candidate, he remarked that he did not know, as he had never broached the subject to the Judge since they had been in partnership. Maj. Warner is in the city on legal business and will return to Kansas City this evening.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

SOUVENIR

MME. YALE will present to each lady attending her lecture on Sunday a dainty and exquisite jar of her EXCELSIOR SKIN FOOD, which is positively the only remedy in the world known to remove wrinkles and all traces of age. This is positively the only time it will ever be given away. Free, and can only be had at this lecture. It sells for $1.50 and $3.00 per jar.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST

MME. M. YALE

The Famous Beauty Queen, will give another Wonderful Lecture at the

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE, **TO-MORROW**

April 22, Sunday Afternoon at 2:30.

Subjects: "BEAUTY," "ADVANCED PHYSICAL CULTURE," and "THE COMPLEXION;" "BEAUTY, WOMAN'S WEAPON."

IN FIRST PART Of Her Lecture MME. YALE will appear as a Grecian maiden of 16.

IN SECOND PART Of Lecture she will wear a DASHING FENCING COSTUME, and show remarkable skill as an athlete.

At the urgent request of the public and press of St. Louis, MME. M. YALE, the world-famed Beauty, has remained over in St. Louis, and will deliver another of her wonderful Lectures on BEAUTY, PHYSICAL CULTURE and the COMPLEXION. Aside from her rare and dazzling beauty, MME. YALE is a wonderful platform entertainer, sparkling with wit and humor, a clever mimic and an accomplished actress. This will be the last opportunity to see this beautiful woman, who at middle age resembles a childish young miss in her teens.

MME. YALE is going to be unusually liberal with her instructions and advice during this Lecture. She will tell women of all ages how they may mold themselves into EXQUISITE BEAUTY.

Secure your seats early. Tickets now on sale at Box Office.

Price of Seats, 25 and 50 Cents.

NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Manhood, Exhaustive Drains, Organic Weakness, from indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Backache, Unfitness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. Blank 31 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. Blank 32 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

URINARY AND BLADDER Painful, Difficult, Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine and private matters promptly cured. Blank 33 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains. DR. O. D. WHITTIER, 514 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo. Advice free. Call or write. Office hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.

"KNOWLEDGE IS FOLLY UNLESS PUT TO USE." YOU KNOW

SAPOLIO THEN USE IT.

SEEDS POPPING CORN.

CHAS. E. PRUNTY,

18 S. MAIN ST., COR. MARKET. SAINT LOUIS.

STEAMSHIPS.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.

SPRING SAILINGS, 1894.

To Southampton (London) BREMEN.

Aller	Sat., April 21	Saale	Sat., June 2
Lahn	Tues., April 24	Trave	Tues., June 5
Havel	Tues., May 1	Elbe	Sat., June 9
Saale	Sat., May 5	Spree	Tues., June 12
Trave	Tues., May 8	Aller	Sat., June 16
Elbe	Sat., May 12	Lahn	Tues., June 19
Spree	Tues., May 15	Kaiser	Sat., June 23
Aller	Sat., May 19	Havel	Tues., June 26
Lahn	Tues., May 22	Kaiser (W. H.)	June 30
Havel	Tues., May 29		

Winter prices until sailing of April 28.

Time from New York to Southampton, 7½ days.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

NEW YORK — GIBRALTAR — GENOA.

Kaiser	April 21, 9 a. m.	Werra	June 2, 9 a. m.
Werra	April 28, 10 a. m.	Fulda	June 16, 9 a. m.
Fulda	May 12, 10 a. m.	Werra	July 5, 5 p. m.
Kaiser	May 26, 9 a. m.	Fulda	July 21, 10 a. m.

Cabin rates from $80 upwards.

OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, N. Y. Fourth National Bank, Cor. 4th st. and Washington av.

Hamburg - American Line.

FAST LINE TO LONDON AND CONTINENT.

Twin Screw Express Steamers of 13-16,000 h. p.

NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, HAMBURG.

Augusta Victoria	May 3	Columbia	June 21
Normannia	May 10	Augusta Victoria	June 28
Fuerst Bismarck	May 17	Normannia	July 5
Columbia	May 24	Fuerst Bismarck	July 12
Augusta Victoria	May 31	Columbia	July 19
Normannia	June 7	Normannia	Aug. 2
Fuerst Bismarck	June 14	Fuerst Bismarck	Aug. 2

Low winter rates until May 1.

REGULAR SERVICE TO HAMBURG DIRECT.

Rhaetia, April 26, 10 a. m. | Scandia, May 5, 4 p. m.

1 Cabin, $50 upward. Steerage at low rates.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

37 Broadway, New York.

International Bank of St. Louis Agent for St. Louis.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Western Cable Railway Co. for the election of 5 directors takes place at the office of said company, southwest corner of 13th and Cherokee sts., in the city of St. Louis, Wednesday, April 25, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m. By order of the President.

682 HENRY VAHLKAMP, Secretary.

OFFICE OF KINGSLAND REALTY CO.—Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kingsland Realty Co. will be held at the office of the company, 713 Chestnut st., in the City of St. Louis, Mo., Tuesday, May 1, 1894, for the purpose of electing seven (7) directors to serve one year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting; polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock noon. E. C. ROBBINS, President.

GEO. KINGSLAND, Secretary.

St. Louis, April 12, 1894. 654

ST. LOUIS, MO., April 20, 1894.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Exchange Bank will be held at the banking-house, northeast corner Third and Pine streets, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, May 7, 1894, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

PETER NICHOLSON, President.

WALKER HILL, Cashier. 727

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is hereby given that on the first Tuesday, being the first day of May, 1894, at the hour of 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the annual meeting of the stockholders of Tyler estate will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 404 Market street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting.

WILLIAMSON BACON, President.

J. W. E. BAYLY, Secretary.

St. Louis, April 18, 1894. 676

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dr. Harter Medicine Co., for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the office of said company in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on the first Thursday of May, 1894, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, being the third day of May; and also that at said meeting the by-laws of the corporation may be amended, altered, repealed, modified or added to, as said meeting may determine. F. M. STERRETT, Vice-President.

C. F. WARNER, Secretary. 644

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO KANSAS CITY.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Hagan TO-NIGHT

Last Performance To-Night. | LILLIAN LEWIS IN Good-By, Sweetheart | Last Performance To-Night.

This house for rent by the night or week commencing April 22. Tel. 771.

OLYMPIC

WM. H. CRANE

Last Performance of BROTHER JOHN.

Saturday night Mr. Crane will give his farewell performance of "The Senator."

Seats Now on Sale for ROSE COGHLAN

Engagement in A Woman of No Importance.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

CLAY CLEMENT.

In the High-Class American-German Comedy, "The New Dominion,"

Next attraction—"Darkest Russia."

STANDARD — To-Night.

MARIE SANGER COMPANY | 38—Actor-Artists—38 30—Lovely Women—30 8—Funny Comedians—8 2—Bright Burlesques—2

Next week—May Howard Company.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT.

N. S. WOODS in THE SCOUT.

Next Sunday Matinee—The Inside Track.

POPE'S—TO-NIGHT

Last Performance To-Night. | MATTIE VICKERS IN THE CIRCUS QUEEN | Last Performance To-Night.

Next Sunday—Ada Gray. Tel. 1470.

EXPOSITION MUSIC HALL.

April 22, 3 P. M., Popular Sunday Afternoon Concerts.

50—MUSICIANS—50

Miss Josie Ludwig, soprano; Mr. Chas. Kunkel, piano; F. Geib, violin. I. L. Schoen, director.

Admission 25c; Children, 10c.

IT WAS ALL DUE To The Only McNichols.

I have friends by the score—
Who have asked me o'er and o'er
Why I am a home-loving man—
I, who saved not a cent—
And how could I pay rent
And live as only upper folks can.

They marveled the change
And vowed it was strange—
The story like some legend ran—
But they marveled no more
When I showed them His Store—
And told them of McNichols' new plan.

You buy all you need,
And the best goods indeed,
And live like a Christian young man;
Your purse it may leak,
But you pay like a week
By the help of McNichols' new plan.

A trifle paid down
Gets the best things in town;
Your house is a palace of art.
You rest at your ease
And pay by degrees,
And find a true home for your heart.

No money can buy
A place finer than I
Have lived in a year and a day;
Oh, but poor I began
On the instalment plan
To make Home life for small weekly pay.

Any man can do it, no matter how small his earnings, he can always find the little sum to pay by the week to

(Trade Mark.) **The Only McNichols,**

1015-1022-1024 Market street.

P. S.—You need not wait for a fortune to come to make a Home! Take what you have as a starter. How much happier you will be, and the best, lowest priced goods in town. Furniture, Carpets, Dishes, Clocks, Pictures, Baby Carriages, Lamps, Bedding, Refrigerators, Stoves, Gas Stoves, Ranges, etc., lower than anywhere else and ON TIME!

BACKUS GAS ENGINE,

Simplest and most economical for gas or gasoline; many in use all over the United States; guaranteed to use less gas than any other first-class gas engine. Address, for particulars, L. Pease, 115 N. 6th st., St. Louis, Mo., or Backus Water Motor Co., Newark, N. J.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the Citizens' Smoke Abatement Association will be held on Friday evening, April 27, 1894, at 8 o'clock, at the Mercantile Club, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, the amendment of the articles of association and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

L. D. KINGSLAND, President.

MARK R. CHARTRAND, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ORDNANCE SUPPLIES.—St. Louis Powder Depot, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., April 21, 1894.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this depot until 11 o'clock a. m., on Monday, May 21, 1894, for furnishing rope, forage, iron, leather, lumber, fuel, tools, etc., during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895. Printed lists of supplies needed, with full instructions, stipulations, etc., can be had on application to Maj. John A. Kress, Ordnance Department, U. S. A., Commanding.

PROPOSALS FOR PRIVILEGES —AT— FAIR GROUNDS.

St. Louis, April 19, 1894.

Sealed proposals will be received at our office, No. 509 Olive street, until 12 o'clock noon Wednesday, April 25, 1894, for the following privileges during our spring and summer meeting, May 5 to June 23:

Grand stand refreshments privilege.

Grand stand cigar privilege.

Race programme privilege.

The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids received.

St. Louis Fair Association, CHAS. CLARK, President.

The publishers of the POST-DISPATCH reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

LODGE NOTICES.

PARAGON LODGE, No. 58, K. of P.—You are earnestly requested to report at Castle Hall, Sunday, April 22, 1 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, J. C. Rempfl. JOSEPH GERSBOCHER, C. C. FRANK JOHNSON, K. of R. and S.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, (English Evangelical Lutheran), McMillan av., west of Taylor. Rev. C. T. McDaniel, pastor; divine service Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; prayer and lecture services Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome.

ETHICAL SOCIETY, Memorial Hall, 19th and O'Fallon pls., Sunday, 11 a. m. Address by Mr. Sheldon. Subject: "The Causes of Panics and Hard Times." The public is cordially invited.

PILGRIM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Corner Washington av. and 29th st.—Preaching at 10:30 and 8 p. m. by Rev. C. S. Sargent, Pastor of the Central Church. Sunday-schools at 12 noon and 3 p. m. Meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Public cordially welcome to all the services.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, Locust and Beaumont, Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching by Rev. Wayland Hoyt, D. D. of Minneapolis at morning service, 11 a. m., and at evening service, 8 p. m.; Society Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m.; mid-week service, Wednesday, 8 p. m. Welcome.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, n. w. cor. N. 17th st. and Lucas pl., Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, April 22, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meeting at 7 p. m. in the lecture room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all services.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal avs.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening in the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

Bryant & Stratton
BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner of Broadway and Market st. Personal instruction given in all departments. Book-keeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

CLERK—A situation by a married man, 37 years old, 22 years' experience in retail drug business; also experience in paints and oils; will accept in wholesale or retail store, city or country; ref. given. Ad. R 171, this office.

SALESMAN—Experienced Jewish young man wants situation as clothing salesman and stock-keeper. Address C 171, this office.

The Trades.

ENGINEER—20 years' experience; can do his own repairing; machinist by trade; first-class recommendations. Add. P 129, this office.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN—Wanted situation as coachman by first-class reference. 3137 Morgan st.

COACHMAN—Situation as coachman by a young man that understands care of horses, carriages, driving and general work; good ref. Add. N 168, this office.

Miscellaneous.

BOY—Sit. by a boy of 16 in store, office or to learn a good trade. E. A. D., 1204½ S. 18th st.

COLLECTOR—Wanted position collecting by young man; best of references and bond. Add. A. A. H., 3628 Chestnut st., city.

HOUSEMAN—Situation wanted to attend horses, cow, garden and lawn; good home required; strictly temperate. Thomas Johnson, 4445 Easton.

PRIVATE WATCHMAN wants beat; will pay cash for one that will pay $50 or $75 or over. Address L 166, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Wants work as watchman, gardener or florist; thoroughly competent to take charge of gentleman's place; references given. Add. T 166, this office.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

SHORTHAND.
JONES
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Broadway, between Olive and Locust. Shorthand and typewriting; the complete business course including actual business practice and practical bookkeeping with banking, telegraphy, the English course and elocution thoroughly and practically taught. Call at the college office, or write for the catalogue of information. Open all summer.

Clerks and Salesmen.

SOLICITOR WANTED—A man acquainted with the printing business, to do estimating; steady job. Apply to John H. Peisch & Bro., 211 N. 12th st. 2

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive. 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-
Hand and Business College, 703, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 678.

The Trades.

BARBER WANTED—At 3300 S. Jefferson av.

BARBER WANTED—For Saturday and Sunday. 1724 Franklin av.

CARPENTERS WANTED—Carpenters and car builders. Appply 2800 De Kalb st.

CARPENTERS WANTED—To work in suburbs, 10 miles out. Apply at s. w. cor. 9th and St. Charles sts., bet. 8 and 9 o'clock this morning.

PAINTERS WANTED—Four; call Sunday. 5643 Garfield av.

PAINTER WANTED—Strippers and body finisher. Jos. W. Moon Buggy Co., Main and Douglass sts.

PAINTER WANTED—A glass sign painter and etcher. St. Louis Sign Works, 204 S. Broadway.

PLUMBER WANTED—First-class gas fitter, with some capital, can secure paying and steady employment by calling at Division Realty Co. office, 8 N. 12th st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Competent young man as stenographer and calligraph operator. Address, stating salary expected, L 171, this office.

Boys.

BOY WANTED—A boy with some experience at wagon painting; immediately. 6819 Gravois av.

Miscellaneous.

MEN—$100 Cash to distribute 30,000 circulars; hustlers wanted in city and country; ans. quick. A. A., 470 Spring Garden, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—For the United States army, able-bodied, unmarried man, between the ages of 21 and 30 years, of good moral character and temperate habits. For full information apply in person or by letter to the Recruiting Office, 1126 Pine st., St. Louis Mo.

THE LATEST FAD.
Photos on handkerchiefs; a new invention; will wash and not fade. See samples. PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

EXPERIENCED GOVERNESS—With excellent recommendations, certificates, etc., who is also a good housekeeper, desires a position as nursery governess, housekeeper, or companion to lady; would keep house for family leaving city; or would travel with children or invalid; terms reasonable. Address E 171, this office.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

SALESLADY—Situation as saleslady or governess. Address A 171, this office.

General Housework.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted situation as housegirl. Call 2609 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted to do general housework and small washing. Apply 3101 Caroline st.

STOVE REPAIRS.
Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 719 Locust st.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS—A good German washwoman wants some washing to take home; recommendation on hand. 3958 Fairfax av.

Miscellaneous.

WOMAN—Respectable colored woman wants work of any kind by the day. Add. Annie, 4214 st. Louis av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—An experienced starcher at the Standard Steam Laundry, 7510 S. Broadway.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted family washing to do at my home; blankets and flannels a specialty. 2227 Washington av.

Cooks, etc.

GIRL WANTED—To cook, wash and iron and assist with down-stairs work. Apply at 2130 Lafayette av.

General Housework.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 807 N. 18th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4569 West Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework; ref. req. 3856 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general work; references. 3138 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 1529 Horan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. 3504 Lindell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages. 1436 Second Carondelet av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; good wages. 2219 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do washing and assist in general housework, no cooking. 5554 Cabanne pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat woman, white or colored, to do general housework. Apply at 2627 Natural Bridge rd.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl 15 or 16 years old wanted for light housework; call Sunday after 10 o'clock. 2621 Pine street.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl who can do housework and mending; must be well recommended. Apply at once at 87 Vandeventer pl.

HOUSEGIRLS WANTED—Four girls for general housework, two nursegirls. Industrial Employment Co., 2221 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for housework; good home, good pay. Wells Station, on Suburban car line, cor. Arthur st. and Irving av.

COLD & SILVER
Plating and repairing. Cash for gold and silver. Estab. 1872. Sam'l L. Downing & Co., 210 N. 7th.

Miscellaneous.

GIRL WANTED—At 3112 Texas av.

WAITRESS WANTED—A girl for dining-room; first-class board. 2113 Locust st.

WAITERS WANTED—An experienced dining-room girl in boarding-house, with city reference; $16 paid. 3142 Locust st.

You can have your picture put on a silk handkerchief of your beau; you can wash the silk and the picture will not fade. Call and see samples. PARSONS, Photographer, 1407 Market st.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—To introduce an attractive novelty. Inquire of G. H. Scheel, druggist, corner 14th and Clark av.

AGENTS WANTED—New household article, sells at sight; $5 average daily profits. Add. F. Howard Manufacturing Co., Providence, R. I.

AGENTS make $5.00 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented; retails 25 cents; 2 to 6 sold in every house; sample, postage paid, 2 cents. McMakin & Forshee, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED—Maps, atlases and globes for the office, home and library, school and Sunday-school or any publisher; catalogue free. A. C. Shewey, Publisher, Lakeside Building, Chicago.

POLLARD vs. Breckinridge celebrated breach of promise case; agents wanted; book ready history of litigants; illust'rd; 500,000 will be sold; PROSPECTUS FREE. W. H. FERGUSON CO., Cincinnati, O.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—In the western or northwestern part of the city, boarding and lodging in quiet family, for young lady, stranger in city, with privileges. Add. H 168, this office.

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2051 Pine st., office hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5 to 9 p. m. a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Nicely furnished front room for man and wife, vicinity Hotel Keers; private family preferred. Add. E 166, this office.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A good second-hand air brush. Address P 170, this office.

WANTED—A respectable person to adopt a girl baby, free. 1031 Park av.

WANTED—To buy dining-room set of furniture and parlor carpet. Add. H 169, this office.

WANTED—Good second-hand blacksmith's combined punch and shears; description wanted; must be cheap. H. Clark, box 97, Wheeling, Mo.

OLD GOLD, silver and platinum bought. John Rowan, Dental Depot, 310-312 N. 11th st., up stairs.

ALL SORTS.

MOTZOS Bakery, 715 Carr st. A. Graber, manufacturer.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Astonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOME BUILDING CO., Office No. 813 Walnut st. Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

Photos Put on Handkerchiefs,
Silk or fine linen; wash and not fade. Parsons, Market st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Newfoundland pup, female, black, front paws white; suitable reward. Ohnsorg & Enderle, 8th and Pine.

LOST—Yesterday (Friday) an alpaca umbrella; a straight stick. Please leave at room 309, Chamber of Commerce.

LOST—Small Yorkshire terrier, long black hairs, tan head mark; has distemper; name Zip. Very liberal reward for return to 2643 Olive.

LOST—Certificate of deposit issued by Boatmen's Bank Oct. 21, 1893, for $365.97, No. 64,758, payable 6 months from date to the order of John Landry; payment has been stopped; finder please leave at said bank.

LOST—St. Louis, March 8, 1894, certificate No. 31, for five shares Adams Electric Co. stock, issued to John Jackson, deceased, has been lost. Any person claiming interest in said certificate will notify the Adams Electric Co., 511 Bank of Commerce Building; otherwise, after 60 days from this date application will be made by the undersigned to have a certificate issued to the heirs of John Jackson, deceased. W. L. Wright, Agent, room 508 Commercial Building.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Household furniture for 5 rooms, complete for housekeeping, including parlor set, mirror, wardrobes, finest bedroom set in city, cost $850, Beckstein Baby Grand, writing desks, bookcases, stoves, etc., everything as good as new, biggest bargain. 3011 S. Jefferson av., Benton Park.

2C PER YARD—Eagle Steam Carpet Cleaning Works; best and largest. 1915 Locust st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—1 roller top desk, 1 office chair, 1 safe and 1 Remington typewriter at a big bargain. 204 N. 6th st.

FOR SALE—A few settings of pure white Leghorns, 13 eggs delivered to any part of the city; send postal to Ed Moran, Tyler av.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes; some new, others rebuilt same as new; $10 up. Typewriter Headquarters, 509 Olive st.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST?
Photographs on silk handkerchiefs, to be had only at PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

MONEY WANTED.

Do Not Let Your Money Lie Idle.
We constantly have for sale first deeds of trust on city real estate in large and small amounts. If you have idle money see
NICHOLLS-RITTER,
713 Chestnut st.,
and get it earning something.

MUSICAL.

BECHSTEIN'S BABY GRAND, finest instrument in city; almost new; big bargain. 3011 S. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—Fine upright piano very cheap as owner must sell. 2732 Lucas av.

FIRST-CLASS new and excellent second-hand pianos, at rare bargains during balance of this month; Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

HEAR the soul of a Krakauer piano sing; to hear it is to buy it. Sole agency Whitaker's, 1518 Olive and 2512 N. 14th sts.

SHAKE your old piano these house cleaning days and exchange it to best advantage at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st. and 2512 N. 14th st.

TWO splendid 3d-hand upright pianos, $145 and $175. Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st. and 2512 N. 14th st.

WEBSTER HEIGHTS
In Webster Groves.
On Missouri Pacific R. R.
THREE FREE { LUNCH. MUSIC. TRANSPORTATION. } EXCURSIONS,
TUESDAY, APRIL 24.
FRIDAY, APRIL 27.
SATURDAY, APRIL 28.
9:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.
TERMS—$10 CASH, BALANCE 50c PER WEEK. WE PAY THE TAXES.
R. B. GIBSON, - - - 102 N. Tenth Street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

513 S. BROADWAY—Nice, clean furnished front or back rooms for 1 or 2 gents; $1.25 and $1.50 per week.

706 PINE ST.—Nicely fur. single and double rooms; large one fur. for light housekeeping.

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms, $1.50 to $2.50 per week.

1125 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms; housekeeping or gents, 25c day, $2.50 week; single room $1.25 and $1.50.

1138 RUTGER ST.—Formerly Autumn—One cozy, elegantly furnished room, with hot water heating, electric light and gas, hot and cold bath, with douche, etc.; in small private family (German); will give light breakfast if desired; just the thing for a gentleman desirous of finding a quiet, elegant home with genuine home comforts; references exchanged; moderate terms.

1221 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms from $1.50 per week up.

1425 ARLINGTON AV.—Three rooms, first story. Take Lindell or Citizens' line.

1513 WALNUT ST.—Fine rooms and hall-room; furnished rooms for housekeeping and gentlemen.

1601 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. front parlor, also rooms for light housekeeping, with bath, cheap.

1635 MORGAN ST.—One nicely furnished room, suitable for light housekeeping or 2 gents.

1731 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front rooms; southern exposure; every convenience.

1801½ MORGAN ST.—Forrenbach Flats—Nicely furnished rooms; gas, bath and all conveniences.

1909 CARR ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping with all conveniences; $5 to $10.

2132 CLARK AV.—2 nicely-fur. rooms for light housekeeping, $9 per month, with all conveniences.

2208 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished front room, in small family.

2611 EADS AV.—Unfurnished room, very pleasant, with all conveniences.

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished large 3d-story front; north and south exposure.

2715 WASHINGTON AV.—Two lovely rooms, furnished or unfurnished; bath, etc.; reasonable.

2735 EUGENIA ST.—Two second-story front rooms suitable for housekeeping.

2801 MORGAN ST.—Nicely fur. rooms, with or without board; all conveniences.

2950 DICKSON ST.—Two nicely fur. rooms, 2d floor, for light housekeeping; gas range and all conveniences.

3020 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room, 2d floor; hot bath; $8 a month; board if desired.

3539 PAGE AV.—Nicely furnished front room, southern exposure, with board.

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished room, location excellent, $2 per week. Add. P 172, this office.

FOR RENT—Fur. dining-room, kitchen and bedroom; first-class neighborhood. Add. R 172, this office.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; bath; ladies or gents, with privileges; central location. Ad. N 170, this office.

BOARDING.

1011 N. GARRISON AV.—Large front room; 1st-class accommodation; terms reasonable.

1526 BENTON ST.—Large, airy front room; reasonable to one or two parties; up-stairs; with or without board.

1623 WASHINGTON AV.—Cool and pleasant rooms, southern exposure; with board, hot and cold baths.

1834 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board.

2801 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; also 2 rooms for 4 gentlemen at $4.50 per week; all conveniences.

2808 LOCUST ST.—A nicely furnished 3d-story front room, with board.

3106 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with partial board, suitable for two gentlemen or couple.

3133 MORGAN ST.—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front room, with or without board; private family; every convenience.

3142 LOCUST ST.—Large and airy second story front room, also smaller room, with southern exposure; best of table board; refs. exchanged.

4060 M'PHERSON AV.—Handsomely furnished room with board; house and furnishings new; private family.

4363A EVANS AV.—Neatly fur. front hall room, good table board, $42.50, private family.

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished rooms, with first-class board, gents preferred; private family; modern conveniences. Add. X 163, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A small store, doing a good business; will sell at a bargain. 2905 Cass av.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Two good horses. Inquire 2426 S. 2d st.

FOR SALE—Large pony, perfectly gentle; good buggy or saddle horse, aged 4 years; price reasonable. Add. O 170, this office.

FOR SALE—Barzain—New and 2d-hand open and top grocery, laundry, milk, gardener, furniture, delivery wagons; storm buggies, phaetons, surreys. 1110 N. Broadway.

MCCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1722 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and lumber wagons of all kinds.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

MONEY TO LOAN—$75,000 in one lump or in loans from $15,000 up on improved business real estate; must be double security; 6 per cent; no commission. A. R. Van Dorn. Add. T 170, this office.

$300 $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000, $1,100, $1,200, $1,300, $1,400, $1,500, $1,600, $1,700, $1,800, $1,900, $2,000, $2,100, $2,200, $2,300, $2,400, $2,500, $2,600, $2,700, $2,800, $2,900, $3,000, $3,100, $3,200, $3,300, $3,400, $3,500, $3,600, $3,700, $3,800, $3,900, $4,000, $4,100, $4,200, $4,300, $4,400, $4,500, $5,000, $5,500, $6,000, $6,500, $7,000, $7,500, $8,000, $9,000, $10,000, $11,000, $12,000, $13,000, $14,000, 15,000, $18,000, $20,000, $25,000, or $30,000 to loan on improved real estate security. CHAS. F. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

$5,000 MORE or less, on improved city property at 6 per cent; particularize security. Add. D 170, this office.

Thousands of Dollars
To loan on city real estate in sums to suit; no delay; we are now making building loans.
NICHOLLS-RITTER,
713 Chestnut st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable clean rooms, get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc., estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our cars. Telephone 4123. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1319-1331 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1009 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 3890 and 4101.

MATRIMONIAL.

YOUNG gentleman with worthiest motives, highest social and professional position, desires correspondence (not necessarily acquaintance—no lady need hesitate) with young, educated woman of highest social and financial position; must give account of her life; no agents, no triflers; highest references required. Add. Lock Box 591, Washington, D. C.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment. Mrs. Brooks, 2204 Chestnut st.

ALCOHOLIC and massage treatment; new operator. Call at Mrs. Gardner's, 10 S. 22d st.

ADDRUS' electric belt, 107 N. 9th st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; write.

CALL on Mrs. N. Van Dyke, 2213 Walnut st., for massage treatment.

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in confinement; terms; bus. confidential. Call 2612 Wash st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 2918 S. 14th st.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, formerly Dr. Lotta Reiner, midwife; graduate two colleges; receives ladies during confinement; female complaints treated successfully; charges reasonable. 120 S. 14th st.

MRS. AMES gives massage treatment and baths; new attendant. 26 S. 16th st.

MRS. BUSHEY gives baths, massage and magnetic treatment. 1005½ N. Broadway.

MISS CROWLEY, fortune-teller, 1318 N. 8th st. Ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Call and see her.

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; ladies a specialty. 2217 Market st.

MRS. PARKER gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; 1st-class patronage. 108 N. 22d.

MRS. A. BURGER, M.D., receives ladies pending and during confinement. 2300 S. 12th st.; take yellow car at Union Depot going south.

MES. DR. MARGARET DOSSEN, the great female specialist, 26 years' practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1096 Chouteau av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealings; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Diseases of women a specialty; terms reas. Dr. Vawter, 2811 Wash st.

1000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1; 1,000 billheads, $1.50. H. B. Crole & Co., 815 Locust. 74

YOU R NOT IN IT
If you don't give your beau a silk handkerchief with your photo on it. I make them so they will wash and not fade. Parsons, Photographer, 1407 Market st.

PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE
AND COLLEGE OF MIDWIFERY,
Incorporated.
The only regular institute of the kind in the West.
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. Female diseases a specialty.
DR. H. NEWLAND,
2201 and 2203 Olive St.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERS'L PROPTY

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 61

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc., terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st., successors to J. W. Staley.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office. 912 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS Without removal at low rates; loans made on installment plan; business private; call on us before borrowing. German-American Loan Co., 515 Pine st., 2d floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.
Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; low rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1002 Pine st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.
Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 812½ Chestnut st., second floor. 21

FORFEITED
A lot of diamonds, watches, jewelry of every description, guns, pistols, musical instruments, clothing, trunks, valises, etc. The above goods will be sold for the principal and interest due thereon.
CENTRAL LOAN CO.,
204 N. 4th st., 3d door north of Pine st.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.
MONEY loaned to responsible parties on furniture and pianos without removal at lowest rates, in sums from $25 and upwards; loans made on easy monthly payments from 3 to 18 months as desired; if the loan is paid in a shorter time than you borrowed it for, then we will allow you a rebate in proportion for each month that you pay it sooner; our plan is undoubtedly the easiest in the city; private offices and no publicity; notary in office; if you have bought furniture or a piano on time and find the payments too high we will take it up for you. 712 Pine st., 2d floor, rooms 11 and 12.

MONEY TO LOAN
On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

$10 TO $1,000
Loaned on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, with no extra charges of any kind; we give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish, and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; if you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payments, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city; call on us and we will give you any information you wish; open every night until 8 o'clock; notary in office. Furniture Mortgage Loan Co., 1338 Washington av., 2d floor.

DANCING.

GRAHAME'S SELECT SCHOOL, 1806 Olive st., open the year round; waltzing and stage dancing a specialty; lessons private; call for terms.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

3129 BELL AV.—Residence, this modern style built house for lease to a responsible tenant; reception hall and 9 rooms, bath-room, pantry and 9 closets, first story finished in hard wood, plumbing and heating of the best character. Inquire at 3133 Bell av.

2513 GLASGOW AV.—Six rooms and bath, in good order; stable in rear; $22.50.
4244 Mafflit av., 5-room frame, nicely papered; large lot and stable; $15; keys at 4309.
4309 Mafflit av., 3 large rooms, 2d floor; $9.
GRUCHY & ALLEN, 708 Chestnut st.

4215 ARCO AV., New Manchester rd.—New 6-room house; all modern conveniences; granitoid sidewalk and front porch; very desirable; one square from electric cars; rent $20. Apply to GEO. W. DAVIS, 1001 Chestnut st.

COMPTON HILL RESIDENCE

For lease or sale; very desirable modern brick, 8 rooms, besides laundry and bath room; plumbing first-class; large yard, fruit and shade trees; furnace; cemented cellar; 1 block from Compton Heights electric line and 2 blocks from 4th st. cable; rent $50 per month. Apply at 3012 Eads av.

MOVING VANS.
The largest equipment, handsomest padded vans in the city; two-horse vans, three-horse vans, four-horse vans and special attention given for hire by load or contract; experienced, sober and careful hands; satisfaction guaranteed; estimates cheerfully given. CHRIS. LOWELL, Manager.
Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.,
1723 and 1725 Morgan St., Phone 2890.
Down-Town Office 1003 Pine, Phone 4101.

FOR RENT.

FLATS.

1118 S. 8th st., 5 rooms, 1st floor $21 00
3522 Olive st., 5 rooms 35 00
2631 Franklin av., 4 rooms, 2d floor 13 00
2627 Franklin av., 4 rooms, 3d floor 12 00
830 Gratiot st., 2d floor, 3 rooms 12 00
1942 Papin st., 2d floor, 3 rooms 14 00
2830 S. Jefferson av., 2d floor, 3 rooms 12 00
1440 Papin st., 4 rooms, 2d floor 18 00
3940 Evans av., 4 rooms, 1st floor 18 00
3017 Henrietta st., 3 rooms, 1st floor 15 00
1745 Preston pl., 4 rooms, 2d floor 12 50
2800 Washington av., 18 rooms 60 00

DWELLINGS.

1842 Division st., 6 rooms 14 00
412 S. 14th st., 6 rooms 18 00
2609 N. 22d st., 2 rooms 7 00
1747 Preston pl., 8 rooms 30 00
812 S. 9th st., 8 rooms 28 50
2005 N. 12th st., 3 rooms 15 00
2835 Lafayette av., 5 rooms 20 00
2645 market st., 5 rooms 18 00
804 N. 10th st., 6 rooms 35 00
3840 Page av., 9 rooms; vacant May 1 ..... 65 00
3510 Pine st., 12 rooms 100 00
1122 N. 15th st., 6 rooms 16 00
2649 Olive st., 10 rooms 40 00
1118 S. 8th st., 10 rooms 42 00

STORES.

306 Chestnut st. .....
701 N. 12th st., saloon 60 00
109 S. 2d st., 3-story building 25 00
703 N. 12th st 50 00
2800 Washington av 50 00
122 N. Main st., large building 70 00

OFFICES.

620 Chestnut st. ..... $8 to 40 00
506 Olive st. ..... $10 to 25 00
3d and Chestnut st. .....

ADAM BOECK & CO.,
622 Chestnut st.
Telephone 894.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished for summer, pleasant house, 12 rooms; wire screens, large lawn; abundant shade, orchard, etc. Woodlawn, East Kirkwood; trains every hour. Apply Room 305, Temple Building, or Box 83, Kirkwood, Mo.

FOR RENT—Six-room furnished house, Webster Groves; cow and chickens. Mrs. N. C. Claiborne.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—A fine stable for three horses. 3528 Lindell av.

FOR RENT—516 Franklin av. Apply to TIFFANY REAL ESTATE Co., 415 Locust st.

FLATS FOR RENT.

3 CENTS per yard, steam carpet cleaning. Globe Cleaning Works, 2123 Lucas av.

1841 MADISON ST.—4-room new flat, large yard, hall, tiled vestibule, cabinet mantels, laundry; horse and buggy room if desired.

1918 SULLIVAN AV.—Fine 4-room flat; hall, etc.; cheap to small family; no other tenants.

3961 FAIRFAX AV.—3 rooms and bath-room; use of laundry; electric bells, etc.; 2d floor; rent low.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—For wagons and buggies, 160 acres unimproved land 73 miles west of St. Louis and one mile from High Hill, Mo., on Wabash Railroad. L. P. and J. H. Miller, High Hill, Mo.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—7-room modern house, lot 150x210, stable, carriage house, etc.; forest shade trees; located one block from electric and one block from Wabash Depot in Normandy Heights. Apply on premises or FRANK WATKINS, 304 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE.
10 Acres,
9-Room House,
At a Bargain.
Barn and everything complete. Two stations inside of two blocks. For a first-class country home this
Can't Be Beat.
CHAS. A. ROBINSON,
112 N. Eighth Street.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

4553 COOK AV.—10 rooms, all conveniences, $8,000.
H. T. A. LINCHEY,
418½ Olive st., Room 33.

5883 THEODOSIA AV. (One block north of Easton)—5-room brick, just finished; lot 25 x125; $2,100.
H. T. A. LINCHEY,
418½ Olive st., Room 33.

FOR SALE—A very pretty 2-story cottage, near Wells Station, on Suburban electric railway; 6 large rooms, new; beautifully decorated; 50 feet go with it; $2,600.
H. T. A. LINCHEY,
418½ Olive st., Room 33.

FOR SALE—Or exchange—4980 Arsenal st., opposite Reber pl., beautiful location, a fine 6 large rooms and halls residence, with finished basement and attic, granitoid sidewalks, stable, carriage and chicken houses; lot 50x200; value, $5,500; half cash and half on time, or will take grocery store and saloon as part payment (suburban preferred), balance cash or on time. Call on the owner on the premises.

FOR SALE—2648 Nebraska av., a lovely 6-room and bath, two-story stock brick; all the latest modern improvements, sewer, water, gas, hot and cold water, granite cellar, hardwood mantels, etc.; in rapidly improving neighborhood. If you are looking for a nice home and want a bargain call Sunday between 10 and 3 and see the owner, who will make terms to suit you.

CABANNE PLACE.

Corner Clara av., 10-room brick, new, modern, beautiful; lot 50x215; $8,250.
H. T. A. LINCHEY,
418½ Olive st., Room 33.

NICHOLLS-RITTER
SATURDAY LIST.
RESIDENCES.

Washington Boulevard.

4217—Elegant, new, 11 rooms; lot 25x150 ..... $10.500
4219—Lovely, new, 11 rooms; lot 31x150 ..... $12.000
4243—Beautiful 12-room house; lot 50x150 ..... $19.000
4347—Choice, new, 10 rooms; lot 35x150 ..... $12.500

Westminster Place.

3821—12 rooms, just finished; lot 50x150

TOOK A CRIPPLE'S MONEY.

Theodore Bergman's Game a Sad Story to the Police.

Theodore Bergman, a tailor, who for some years past has been unable to use his hands because of rheumatism, called at the Four Courts and told Chief Desmond a rather sad story. Bergman is originally from Silver City, N. M., but several months ago having heard of the advantages of Hot Springs, Ark., for cripples such as he, he thought he would go there. Before he became crippled he, fortunately, hoarded his earnings and laid away about $1,000. He spent a goodly portion of this on doctors, who did him no good, and when he started for Hot Springs he had about $500 left.

He had not been in Hot Springs much longer than a week when he formed the acquaintance of Charles Miller, a barber, who was working in a shop there. Miller ingratiated himself into the confidence of the unfortunate Bergman, and as the latter was unable to do any writing, Miller handled the pen and wrote letters for him to friends and relatives. He found out soon that Bergman had a bank account, because he was requested to draw checks on the account which Bergman had on deposit in Silver City. They remained in Hot Springs until a week ago, and Bergman proposed going to St. Louis. He was willing to take Miller with and did so. Before they left, however, Bergman claims that Miller advised him to draw out the $400 he had remaining in bank, and he did so.

Together they came to St. Louis, arriving here three days ago. They went to Joseph Jones' lodging house, 208 South Levee. Bergman claims that Miller held the money and paid all the bills. Yesterday he says Miller went out by himself, promising to return soon, but he failed to show up again. Bergman waited his return until this morning, and coming to the conclusion that he had been robbed, presented the facts in the case to the police. He furnished a description of Miller, and officers are now scouring the town for the barber.

MME. YALE'S LECTURE.

It Will Be Repeated at the Grand Opera-House To-Morrow.

Mme. M. Yale lectured at the Grand Opera-house yesterday afternoon on physical culture and beauty culture. The audience was large and appreciative. Mme. Yale has decided to deliver another lecture to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Grand Opera-house. The advance sale of tickets opened this morning with an immense crowd of women on the line waiting to get tickets. This shows that the audience to-morrow will be unusually large. Mme. Yale always draws crowded houses. She will repeat in detail the lecture she will attend her lecture to-morrow with a dainty and exquisite jar of her world-famed Excelsior Skin Food, which is said to be the only genuine skin food made.

A reporter of the POST-DISPATCH attended her lecture yesterday, and the remarks of the audience would make Diana of Portierre blush with envy. In fact many persons present declared that if Mme. Yale was 40 years, she must be a modern "she," so quick like is her face and expression. She has a complexion like a La France rose, with head of queenly grace set on the most exquisite of shoulders. Her hair is of a fascinating blonde hue, with eye-lashes and brows of a dark shade, and eyes of peculiarly dazzling brilliancy. Her costumes were the production of Worth.

She wore a Grecian gown in her first part, and then changed it for a fencing costume such as is worn by Marie Tempest in the "Fencing Master." Mme. Yale is a model of grace and beauty from the tip of her dainty toes to the crown of her golden head. She will undoubtedly turn many away at her lecture to-morrow.

A HANDY train. The traveling public are already convinced that the M., K. & T. train leaving St. Louis daily at 1:30 p. m. is THE TRAIN for Sedalia and intermediate points, giving an opportunity to visit any of the theaters and reaching Sedalia at a seasonable hour. Take the Broadway cable and get off at Mullanphy street.

BIRTHS.

McCULLERS—Dr. and Mrs. E. H. McCullers are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby girl, probably the first in the United States to be named for the great singer, MELBA.

DEATHS.

BERGIN—At the family residence, 2302 Eugenia street, Friday, April 20, 1894, at 5:15 p. m., MICHAEL BERGIN.

Funeral services at St. Malachi's Church Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

Omaha, Chicago and Cincinnati papers please copy.

DEE—Died April 21, 9 a. m., MARGARET AGNES DEE, beloved daughter of Jno. and Mary Dee, aged 15 months.

Funeral from family residence, 3616 Clark avenue, on Sunday, April 22, at 2 p. m., to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

DONOVAN—On the 20th inst., at 8 a. m., MRS. ELLEN DONOVAN, beloved mother of Daniel and Murty Donovan and Mrs. E. V. Johnston.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 2423 Biddle street, on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 1:30 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited.

EHRHARDT—On Thursday, April 19, at 9 p. m., WM. EHRHARDT, the son of Henry and Sophie Ehrhardt, aged 39 years 6 months and 19 days.

Funeral will take place from residence, 2115 Eugenia street, Sunday, April 22, at 2 o'clock p. m.

FRALEY—Friday, 21st inst., at 12:45 p. m., JESSE FRALEY, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Fraley, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Charles A. Stix,

Funeral Notice later.

Funeral will take place to-morrow at 2:30 p. m., from family residence, 4003 West Pine street.

McCAFFREY—On Friday, April 20, 1894, at 6:45 o'clock p. m., ANN McCAFFREY, mother of John T. and Rev. James McCaffrey, aged 87 years.

Remains will be removed to-day (Saturday) at 3:30 p. m., from parochial residence, St. Patrick's parish, to Red Bud, Ill., thence to residence of her son, John T. McCaffrey. Interment at Tiptown, Ill., Monday, 23d inst., at 10 a. m. Train leaves Union Depot at 4:30 p. m. to-day. Train to Red Bud in time for funeral leaves Union Depot 7:05 a. m. Monday. Friends are invited to attend.

M'DOUGAL—At St. John's Hospital, April 20, EUGENE F. M'DOUGAL.

Funeral from St. John's Hospital Sunday, April 22, at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

McFARLANE—On the 19th inst., at 6 a. m., Officer ROBERT McFARLANE of the Fifth District, aged 32 years.

Funeral from the residence of his father, John McFarlane, 2105 Division street, on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 2 p. m., to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

REMPP—On the 21st inst., J. C. REMPP, beloved brother of Charles and Carrie Zeller.

Funeral will take place on Sunday, April 22, at 2:30 p. m., from St. Mark's Church, corner of Third and Soulard streets.

RYAN—Suddenly on Thursday, April 19, at 8 a. m., TIMOTHY RYAN, beloved husband of Ellen Ryan, nee Tyrrell.

Funeral will take place Sunday, the 22d inst., at 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 2241 Indiana avenue, to St. Agnes' Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Marriage, Birth and Death Notices.

When inserted in the POST-DISPATCH, will be sent marked to the NEW YORK WORLD for insertion in that journal, without extra charge, when so requested.

TRADE TOPICS.

Interesting Information for the Merchant and Financier.

THE CLOSING DAY OF THE WEEK ON THE BOARDS OF TRADE.

No Material Change in the Markets—Nothing Especially New in the Influences—Tips for the Trade.

It is hard to tell just now who is getting the worst of it—the bull or the bear.

The local stock of wheat is expected to show over 100,000 bu decrease this week.

Minneapolis wheat stocks, it is estimated, will be reduced 325,000 bu this week.

It is difficult to make prediction on the wheat visible now, but the chances favor a good decrease.

The output of St. Louis flour mills this week was 62,800 bbls, against 40,300 last week and 50,700 for corresponding week last year.

Australian wheat exports have been small since their season opened. The total for the fourteen weeks ended April 7 were 4,200,000 bu against 5,670,000 bu last year.

Joe Brecker wires from Kansas City: "There is no question at all about improved feeling in the flour market. The manager of one of our largest mills has higher limits from Glasgow and Leith, and the mill would run full time if they could obtain the wheat. Most of the elevator stocks here is soft and they want No 2 hard."

The week's clearances of flour and wheat from both coasts, as expected, were large, amounting to 3,019,000 bu, or about as estimated by the POST-DISPATCH Thursday. Last week they were 1,955,000 bu and for the corresponding week last year 3,068,000 bu.

Yesterday 3d was between a St. Louis miller and an Irish customer on 4,200 sks flour. Late in the day the foreigner cabled accepting the seller's terms. About 35,000 sks flour were booked in this market for export this week.

The statistical position of cotton, as made up by this morning's *Financial Chronicle*, is as follows: Visible supply, 3,365,264 bales; of which American, 3,308,064; crop in sight, 6,960,246; came into sight during week, 56,041; plantation deliveries, 32,771.

The Chicago *Herald* says: It is said elevator people have given certain assurances to carriers that no uneasiness need be felt about the winter wheat here. That the elevators here will maintain the policy they have in the last ten years and protect every receipt. It is estimated that Wall street holds from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000 long May wheat. The entire professional trade here has been waiting for this Wall street wheat to be liquidated for May and cannot understand why the selling is delayed.

English farmers' deliveries of home-grown wheat this week were 42,500 qrs at an average price of 24s 8d, against 40,900 qrs at 24s 7d last week and 62,900 qrs at 26s 8d for corresponding week last year.

St. Louis as a Wool Market.

St. Louis is in better shape than any of the large wool markets of the country to receive shipments of wool this season. Financially it went through the late panic more successfully than any of the other financial centers. Not a single bank failed here, and the number of commercial failures showed a smaller percentage than anywhere else. St. Louis dealers served to fully foresee the disastrous decline in wool and acted prudently and conservatively. The consequences were that the percentage of losses here were the smallest of any market in the country and that our merchants were in a position late in the season to handle wool that no other market would touch. There are no old sores to heal over here, and our merchants are prepared to handle a larger share of this season's clip than ever before.

Most of the Eastern buying houses announce themselves commission merchants this year, with charges of 1½c per lb commission and the usual extras of interest on advances, discount on 60 and 90 days' sales, grading, storage, insurance, drayage, labor, etc. To this may be added shrinkage in weight on the slow selling grades, carried from three to twelve months, long drawn out accounts, which prevent the shipper from knowing definitely how he stands, and other evils of the old-fashioned way of doing business.

Wool shipped to St. Louis is handled on the cash basis, which means low rate of commission and minimum expenses of all kinds. Sales are promptly executed at full market value and returns made immediately afterwards, in many instances on the same day that the wool is received.

To the usual number of energetic woolbuying dealers, none of whom find it necessary to solicit consignments this year, are added two of the largest houses in the West, neither of which were represented here last season. All the leading mills, both East and West, are represented here, personally, or through brokers, one of the latter doing the largest business in domestic wools of any brokerage firm in the United States.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	54½ b	54¾@55	65
No 3 red	52¾	52¾	61¼@61½
No 4 winter	49¾	....	55½
No 2 hard w'tr	....	....	61@60¾
CORN.			
No 2	36¾@37	36¾@36¾	38¾
No 2 white	39¼ b	39¾	40
No 3	36¾ b	36 b	35¾@36
OATS.			
No 2	33½ a	33½	30¾
No 2 white	35¼ b	35 b	32½@32¾
No 3	32 b	32¼ b	29

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	55¾ b	55¾	55@55¼	55¼ b
July	57¾ b	58	57¼	57½ a
Aug	58¼ a	....	....	58¾ a
CORN.				
April	36¾ a	....	....	36¾ a
May	36¾@36¾ b	36¾	36¾	36¾ b
June	37¼ b	....	....	37 b
July	37¼ b	37½	37¼	37¾ b
Sept.	39¼ a	....	....	39 a
OATS.				
May	32¾ b	....	....	32¾ b
July	27¾ b	....	....	27½ b
Aug	24½ b	....	....	24¼ a

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.			
May	59½	60¼@¼	59¾	59½ a
CORN.			
May	39@¼	39½	38¾@¾	38¾
OATS.			
May	32¾ b	32½	32½@¾	32¾ b
PORK.			
May	12.65	13.77½	12.60	12.60
LARD.			
May	7.72½	7.75	7.65	7.65
SHORT RIBS.				
May	6.57½	6.60	6.50	6.57½

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, 59¼c at July, 61¾@61¾c at Sept. 63½c. Corn—May, 38¾@¾; July, 39¾c. Oats—May, 32½c b; July, 29¾@29¾c b.

PORK—April, $12.55; May, $12.60; July, $13.72½. Lard—April, 7.70c; May, 7.65c; July, 7.80c b. Short ribs—April, 6.57½c; May, 6.57½c; July, 6.80c.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow — Wheat, 82 cars; corn, 280 cars; oats, 230 cars.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 62¾c at July, 65c a. Corn—May, 44¾c b. Oats—May, 37¼c a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 58½@59c; May, 59c b; July, 61¾c b.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—May, 61½c; July, 62¾c.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—May—10 at 55@55½, 115 at 55¼c, 20 at 55¾@55¾c, 30 at 55¼c, 30 at 55¾@55¾c, 15 at 55¾c, 70 at 55¾@55¾c, 10 at 55¾c. July—120 at 57½c, 20 at 57¾@57¾c, 20 at 57¾@57¾c, 50 at 57¾@57¾c. May—30 at 39½c, July, 10 at 37¾c, 20 at 37¾@37¾c.

Oats—No 2 white—July, 10 at 33½c.

ON CHANGE.

Wheat—The same dullness was in the market this morning as of late, so was the same unsettled and feverish feeling. Everyone that had been so prominent had apparently given way to strength and the uneasy feeling confined to the bulls considerably. Quite a strong tone prevailed for some time and the quotations was 1c higher, but finally this strength disappeared and late in the session the feeling became very weak and the market sold off 1@1c from the top. There was considerable pressure to sell late, though mainly by the bears, one prominent trader being conspicuous by his absence. The close was weak at 1c below yesterday. There was quite an array of bullish information on hand this morning from the week's report of 8,000,000 bu said from cables—Russia inside quotations on red winter at Liverpool relaxed 1d—to cold gloomy weather, with frost in Kansas, and a report that locusts were appearing in Missouri and Illinois, a low barometer and cloudy weather was announced for California, but no rains. Receipts were small at most the markets, the total at twelve points being 346,000 bu, but the day's clearances moderate, from four ports being 39,000 pkgs flour and 186,000 bu wheat. Estimates on the next visible were uncertain, statisticians only fearing about fearing after the dump they had last week. An uneasy feeling was excited by reports of trouble feared over the Coxey and the common weal army in the East and West and by the great coal and railroad strikes which led to apprehensions of labor troubles, and these had a depressing effect. The closing Liverpool was firm and 1@1c higher, but cleared at 1@1c lower. Cables were dull weak and locally some of the big bears were hammering prices. There was not much of a demand and the close was weak.

FUTURES—May opened at 55¾c, sold slowly down to 55¼c, rallied to 55¾@¾c to 55¾@¾c, and latter bid at close. July opened at 58c, sold at 57¾c, to 58c, off to 57¾c, rallied to 57¾c, to 55¼c and closed with sellers at latter. Aug offered on call at 58¾c, bid 58¼c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and very little done. A few cars offered currently were taken by millers, but they bought none from stock and no outside orders filled. No 2 red was offered regular at 55c, bid 54½@c. No 3 red sold at 52¾c and No 4 winter at 49¼c, latter grade being difficult to sell.

Sales: No 3 red—2 cars in C "B" at 52¾c. No 4 winter—1 car in M and part car in St L at 49½c.

SAMPLES—Received, 314 sks and 6 cars local. There was not enough done to make a market. The offerings were small, buyers offish and the feeling weaker. The only sales reported were 10 sks prime at 54c, 13 at 54¼c.

Also, 1 car No 2 hard on trk this side at 52c.

Corn—There was no abatement to the strength in this market, the feeling continuing very strong, and little offered for sale in the pit. Small receipts were seen everywhere and all domestic markets showed strength. The early cables quoted Liverpool steady at ¼d advance, but London slow and the clearances were smaller, 100,000 bu from four ports. The late break in wheat eased corn down ¼c, and close May was offered 1-16c below the price bid late yesterday, but July was ⅛c higher than then. Trading was very light.

FUTURES—May sold at 36¾c, but later offered at 36¼c. July sold at 37¼c to 37¾c, closing at latter. June offered on call at 37¼c, bid 37c. No 2 white—July sold early at 38¼c, but on call 38¾c bid for both May and July.

SPOT GRADES—Strong and higher, but quiet, latter being mainly due to the scanty offerings. No 2 sold at 36¾@37c, latter for yellow and prompt, and 36¾c for Z side, but over 36¾c difficult to realize this side. No 3 was offered regular at 37c, bid 36½c. No 2 white regular at 39¼c, bid 39¾c. No 3 do regular 39c bid.

Sales: No 2—5 cars and 5,000 bu in F at 36¾c, 1 car this side, 3 East side and 2,000 bu in United at 37c.

SAMPLES—Quiet and steady. Sales—50 sks mixed at 37¼c, 178 St. Charles white at 42c, 511 sks white landing below p t, 3 bbl lots on order, 43¾@44½c.

Oats—No speculative trading at all. Buyers and sellers too far apart, and none was offered on call. For MAY 32¾c and for July 27½c bid.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 offered regular at 33¼, bid 32c; No 3 white at 34½c and for No 2 do is M. 35¼c bid.

SAMPLES—Received 20 cars. More offering and many of the new grades, and as local dealers were holding back, the market was dull and weak, the little traded in selling off ½@¾c, according to the quality of the oats. For No 2 mixed there was fair order demand at steady prices. No No 3 offering. Sales were as follows:

By sample in special bin—1 car No 3 white at 34½c.

By sample on track—1 car ungraded white at 34½c, 1 No 3 white and 3½ No 2 at 34c, 1 ungraded white at 33¾c, 1 do at 33½c. Sacked lots on orders 29@30c per bu.

Rye—Grade No 2 was offered on Call at 55c regular, bid 53c, and for East Side 53¾c bid.

Hay.

Received, 455 tons; shipped, 185 tons. Light trading and mainly in the top grade, and for these prices were steady. Medium grades quiet and only a very few fancy limited quantities. Low grades dull and dragging.

Sales this side—Grass mixed 2 cars at $8, 1 at $8.50; 1 clover and 1 at $8. Timothy—2 car damaged at $7.50, 3 and 2 parts of car prime at $9, 2 strictly prime at $9.50, 1 choice at $10, 1 strictly do at $10.50, 2 strictly timothy at $11.50, 1 do at $12. Prairie—1 car slough grass at $6, 1 Western at $7.50, 1 at $8, 1 at $8.50, 1 at $9. East side—1 car timothy at $10, 1 do large bales at $12.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Excepting the sale of 4,200 sacks for export very little was done. The weakness of wheat added to the general dullness of the domestic trade, and very little was done, though prices were more in buyers' favor.

Patent	$2 85@3 00
Extra Fancy	2 55@2 65
Family	2 25@2 40
Choice	$2 00@2 10
Extra	1 85@1 95
Rye flour	3 00@3 10

Cornmeal—On orders, $1.95@2.00 per bbl. Feral meal, grits and hominy, $2.40@2.45.

Bran—No spot sales, so small were the offerings. East track available at 62c. Country nominal—3 cars skd at 61c, 1 white mids at 64c. Direct orders East track—3 cars skd at 64c, 1 mids at 69c.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seed—Market without change and very quiet. Clover ranged from $7.50@8.25 for fair to $8.40 @8.65 for prime; weedy, trashy, buckhorn mixed and otherwise inferior less; timothy at $3.75 to $4.10; millet at 50c to 75c; red top at $2.50 to $3.50; Hungarian at $1.50 to $1.65. Sales: Small lot timothy at $3.50, 140 sks Hungarian on p t.

Flax Seed—All the oil mills have closed down for the season and there is no market for flax seed. Nominal at $1.15 per bu.

Castor Beans—Prime salable at $1.50 per bu.

Provisions.

The market was very dull and almost nominal, with the feeling, if changed at all, rather weak.

Pork—Standard mess at $13.12½; on orders, $12.50.

Lard—Prime steam quotable at 7½c and choice at 7.70c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7c; longs, 7¼c; c'ribs 7¾c, shorts, 7¾@8c. On orders—Longs, 7¼c; c'ribs, 7¾c; shorts, 7¾c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age, f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 6¾c; longs and c'ribs 6.60c; shorts 6.75c; boxed, 15c higher.

Country Meats—Dry salted shoulders quotable at 5c, sides 5½c for light, 6c for heavy, hams at 6@7½c. Bacon shoulders at 6c, sides at 6¾c, hams at 8@8½c.

Country Lard—Quotable at 5@6c, according to quality and style of pkgs.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 8½c; shoulders, 5¾c; bellies, 8@9c; boxed, 15c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1.08.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Steady, with a good business doing. Sales: 8 cars spot soft Missouri at 3.20c, 100 tons May arrgeni'ferous at 3.22½c.

Spelter—Dull at 3.30c.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Quiet, but steady. We quote: Fancy selections, $3.75@4; Baldwin, $3.50@3.75; winesap and spice, $3.25@3.50; greenings and russets, $3@3.25 per bbl delivered. Sale to car russets at $3 per bbl.

Strawberries—Receipts light, demand urgent and prices, particularly for Florida, higher. We quote: Florida refrigerator, receipts, 40@50c; ventilated crates, 30@40c per quart; Mississippi, $8@7; Alabama, $5@6; Texas, $3@5 per 6-gal case; Louisiana, $2@3 per 8-gal case.

Oranges—For Florida offerings demand was active, prices strong. California and Mexican firm. Florida averaged receipts sell at $3@3.50 per box. When divided up into small lots 25@50c per box higher, according to size. For selections on orders we quote: Florida russets, $3,50@4; brights, $4@5 per box; California Washington navels, $2.75@3.50; seedlings, $2.50@2.75; Mexican, $2.75@3.25 per box.

Pineapples—Supply and demand fair at $1.50@2.50 per doz.

Bananas—We quote: Selections on orders—small, $1@1.25; medium, $1.25@1.35; large, $1.50@1.75; Jumbo, $2 per bunch.

Dates—New Persian Halloween, 60-lb boxes, 5c per lb; fards, 12-lb boxes, 7c; 60-lb boxes, 5½c.

Figs—We quote: New crop layers, 14c; fancy, 16c; bags, 7c per lb.

Dried Fruit—Very little doing, as the season is over. Supplies in first hands small and firmly held. Apples, nominal at 5@6c for sun-dried, and 8@10c for evaporated; chopped at 4c; cores and peelings at 4@4½c. Peaches—Sun-dried, 4@6c.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts 3,423 bu; shipments 2,356 bu. Good demand, strong and for some varieties higher. We quote: Burbanks 77½@82c, Hebron 67½@72½c, peerless 67½@72½c, sacks 62½@65c per bu, track and delivered. Sales: 2 cars burbanks at 80c, 1 do at 82c delivered.

Sweet Potatoes—Liberal offerings, demand only fair and prices easy. We quote: Florida, $1.50@1.75 per bu box.

Sweet Potatoes—Fair offerings and demand for choice yellows at $3.50 per bbl for yellow and red, and $2.50 for bermudas. Seed in fair supply and good demand at $1.25 per bbl for red; $3.25 for queen's yellow and bermudas.

Onions—Received, 442 bu; shipped, 441 bu. Choice and fancy scarce and in urgent demand and higher. There were several consignments of new Louisiana in this morning. The stock was not very good but owing to the scarcity of others, met a fair demand at good figures according to quality. We quote: Fancy red globe, 3@3½c per lb; yellows, $1.25@1.40; choice, $1@1.10 per bu, new Louisiana, $3@3.50 per bbl.

Asparagus—Large supply and good demand at 60@75c per doz.

New Beets—Receipts and demand fair at 20@25c per doz; on orders more.

New String Beans—Florida receipts sell at $3@3.50 per bu box.

Green Peas—Choice in full request; heated, yellow and stale, slow sale. We quote: Fancy, 70@75c; $1 per ½-bu box; yellow blues, $1.50@2.25 per 3-peck box.

Celery—Fair offerings and demand at 60@65c per doz for Southern and $1.50 for Kalamazoo.

Cauliflower—Limited supply, fair demand, poor quality and neglected at $1.50@1.75 per 2-bu basket.

Cucumbers—Fair receipts, but arrivals were decidedly inferior. Those from Florida were mainly scrubby and some headed. Mobile receipts nearly all heated and damaged. Choice is in request; heated and damaged dull and slow. We quote: Florida, $2@2.50; Louisiana, $1.25@1.50; Mobile, 50c@$1.25 per crate. Selections on orders $1.75 per crate.

Egg Plant—Dull at 35@7 per bbl, and 75@$1.50 per crate, as orders more.

Cucumbers—Choice grass in fair supply and demand at 75c@$1.25 per doz. Some consignments from Florida came in stale, wilted and discolored and sold slow for charges.

Rhubarb—New sells at 20@25c per doz.

Lettuce—Home-grown sells at 30@40c per bu box.

Carrots—New, 15@20c per doz; on orders more.

Parsnips—Fair sale at $2 per bbl.

Rutabagas—Free offerings, lights demand and dull at 15@20c per bu.

Sauer Kraut—New sells at $3.50 per bbl and $1.50@1.80 per ½-bbl.

Spinach—Home-grown, 40@50c per box; consigned, $1.00 per bbl.

Squash—Salable at $1.25@1.50 per case.

Kale—Selling at $1.00 per bbl.

Turnips—New, $1.50 per bbl.

Tomatoes—Good supply fair demand and steady. We quote: Choice, $2.50@2.75 per 6-basket crate; green less.

ON ORDERS IN SHIPPING CONDITION.

Asparagus, 50@75c for small, $1.00@1.50 for hand bunches; beets, 25c; cauliflower, $1.75@2.25; cucumber, $1.25@1.50; egg plant, 50@75c per doz; kale, 40c per bu box and $1.25 per bbl; lettuce, 40@50c per box; parsley, 10@12½c per doz; spinach, $1.00@1.25 per bbl; spring onions, 10@15c; soup bunches, 50c per doz; sweet potatoes, $3 per bbl.

Eggs.

Received, 4,853 cases; shipped, 3,149 cases. Quiet and unchanged. The demand was fairly active and the moderate receipts of good run of stock sold quite freely at 8½c per dozen. Arkansas and Southern sold at 8½c. Goose eggs, 15c per dozen.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Quiet and weak. The late advance has effectually checked the demand for butter, and as goods are accumulating in hands of receivers, they have been forced to put down the price, but sales were slow, even at the decline noted. All other markets are lower and the situation in general is very unsatisfactory.

Creamery	Dairy.
Separator	20@21
Gathered cream	16@19
Fancy Elgin	23@24
Choice	18@19
Common to med'm	12@16
Country butter	5@ 7

Cheese—Quiet. Full cream, twins, 11¾c; singles, 12c. Young America, 12½c. Southern Wisconsin, twins, 9c; singles, 8¼c; brick, 10@11c; limberger, 9½@10c; Swiss, choice, 14½@13½c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—The market showed some little improvement on chickens on account of light receipts, but there was no better demand. Offerings have been light for two days and hardly up to the moderate requirements of the local trade. Large spring chickens firm and in demand, but small not wanted at all. Turkeys steady and in fair request. Ducks quiet.

Chickens.	Turkeys.
Hens, per lb	6 @ 6½
Old roosters	3½
Spring chicks	10 @12½
Spring chick's	20 @22½
Gobblers	6
Hens	7½
Ducks	7½
Average receipts	7@ 7½

Game—Light receipts, demand slow and prices unchanged. We quote: Ducks—Canvas backs, $4; mallards and red heads, $2.25; teal, $1.25; mixed, 75c; snipe, 75c for wet and $1 for dry; plover, 30c per dozen; sand pipers unsalable; pigeons and squabs, $1.50. Frog legs, 50@75c per dozen.

Live Veals—Receipts not large, but more than ample for the requirements and the market ruled dull. We quote: Fancy, 3½c; choice, 2½@3c; medium, 2@2½c; heroics, rough and thin, 1@1½c per lb.

Sheep—Slow; fair supply. Sale at 2@3c per lb.

Spring Lambs—Large receipts and the demand was slow, hardly any sale for anything but pimp fat lambs. Sales range 2½@4c per lb for selections, while poor and small sold as low as 50c@$1 per head.

Hides, Feathers, Pelts Etc.

Hides—Dull and weak. Market decidedly in buyers' favor. Sales ranged as follows:

On Selection.	Round.
Green salted, No 1	3½
Green salted, No 2	2½
Uncured, No 1	3
Dry flint, No 1	6½
Dry flint, No 2	5½
Dry salted, No 1	5
Dry salted, No 2	4
Green salted	2¾
D F Tex and West	6½
Ark & Southern	5½@6
Dry Calf	7
Glue, dry	3
Dry fallen	5½@5¾
Dry salted	4½

Feathers—Steady. Prime white, large sks, 35c; small sks, 36c; old white and prime gray, 28@30c; old—X, 25@27c; XX, 14@15c; XXX, 9@11c; XXXX, 7@7c. Duck—Very mixed, 3@3c. Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Full wool pelts sell at 40@55c each; small a. 20@30c; shearings, green, 10@20c; dry, 5@15c; clover seed, 10c per lb.

Deer Skins—Quiet. Prime, 18c; damaged, half price; antelope, 12@c.

Goat Skins—At 5@15c apiece.

Tallow—Steady. Prime run, 4¼c; No 2, 4¼@4½c; cake, 5½c per lb.

Grease—Yellow, 3½@3¾c per lb; brown, 3@3½c; bone, 2½@3c. Tankage—Tankage country lard, 4½@c.

Beeswax—Prime quotable at 26c per lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.25@2.40; extra large, more; seneca, 25@27c; snake, 16@18c; golden seal, 12@13c; May apple, 1@1½c; black, lady slipper, 5c; black, 3@4c; angelica, 4@4½c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3c; root, 8c; blood, 1½@2c; blue flag, 4c.

Wool.

The demand continues to be very good for desirable wools, medium and coarse on the combing staples being preferred, as manufacturers have placed some orders here for these descriptions. These grades rule firm, but there is no strength to the other kinds. Sales—7 sks light fine at 11½c, 15 Tex. So. new in lots at 15c to 17c, 60 sks Mo mixed on p t.

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS.	TEXAS (6 to 12 months).
Med combing	16 @17
Med clothing	15 @15½
Low and braid	13 @15½
Fine	10 @12
Burry	9 @14
WESTERN AND NORTHERN.	
Medium	12 @13
Fine medium	10 @14
Fine	8 @10
Heavy and low	7 @ 8
Medium	12 @14
Coarse and low	9 @11
Fine medium	9 @12
Light fine	8 @10
Heavy fine	8 @ 9
Short and sandy	5 @ 7
Southern burry	8 @ 8½
TUBWASHED.	
Choice	23
Low and coarse	17 @19

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Net receipts to-day, 23 bales; since Sept 1, 164,706; gross receipts, 527; since Sept 1, 530,631; net shipments to-day, 420; since Sept 1, 132,738; gross shipments, 746; since Sept 498,455; stock on hand, 51,470 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 6¾c; good ordinary, 6¾c; low middling, 7c; middling, 7½c; good middling, 7¾c; middling fair, 8c. Market steady. Sales, 244 bales.

NEW YORK—Spot cotton quiet; middling, 7 9-16c. Futures closed dull. Sales, 66,700 bales. Reported by Hubbard, Price & Buck.

	Closed To-day.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Yes'day.
April	7.29	7.30	7.29	7.29
May	7.33	7.36	7.32	7.33
June	7.40	7.43	7.38	7.40
July	7.46	7.49	7.44	7.46
August	7.51	7.55	7.49	7.51
September	7.53	7.56	7.51	7.53

NEW ORLEANS—Spot cotton steady; middling, 7c. Futures closed steady. April, 6.95c; May, 6.96c; June, 7.07c; July, 7.14c; Aug, 7.20c; Sept, 7.20c.

LIVERPOOL—Spot cotton dull, free supply offering. American uplands, 4½d. Sales: 6,000 bales, of which 5,500 were American. Receipts, 8,000 bales, of which 7,000 were American. Futures closed quiet. April-May, 3.63d; May-June, 3.63d; June-July, 4.01d; July-Aug, 4.01d; Aug-Sept, 4.03d sellers; Sept-Oct, 4.01d sellers; Oct-Nov, 4.04d.

Net receipts at all United States ports for 1 day, 4,090 bales; exports for same time, 8,762 bales; stock, 670,326 bales.

WEEKLY INTERIOR MOVEMENT.—Receipts, 29,377 bales; shipments, 44,509; stocks, 203,041.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Flour dull and steady. Wheat—Receipts, 43,000 bu; sales, 405,000 bu; options. No 2 red opened dull and steady, but later eased off on prediction of rain in California; May, 62¾@63 1-16c; July, 65 1-16@65¾c; Dec, 70¾c. Rye quiet. Corn—Receipts, 203,000 bu; sales, 110,000 bu; option, No 2 steady but dull; May, 44⅝@44½c; July, 45¼@49 1-16c. Oats—Receipts, 99,000 bu; options, No 2 very dull, prices steadily held; track white State, 40@45c; track white Western, 40@45c. Beef dull; family, $11.50@13; extra mess, $8. Pork quiet; new mess, $14.25@14.50; family, $15@15.50; short clear, $14@16. Lard dull; prime Western steam, 8.15c; Butter—Receipts, 4,576 pkgs; dull; State dairy, 16@21c; do creamery, 21@22c; Western dairy, 11½@16c; do creamery, 16@23c; Elgins, 23c. Cheese—Receipts, 772 pkgs; firm; State large, 9@12½c; small, 10@12½c; part skims, 3@8c; full skims, 2@2½c. Eggs unchanged; State and Pennsylvania, 11½c; Western, 11@11½c; Southern, 10@10½c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 2½c; centrifugal 96 test, 2¾c; refined quiet; crushed, 4 13-16@5c; powdered, 4 5-16@4¼c; granulated, 4 1-16@4¼c. Petroleum dull; all ports, $5.10@5.15. Coffee—Receipts, no No 7, 17c. Spirits turpentine, steady at 30c. Molasses, quiet; New Orleans, 28@36c. Rice, steady; domestic, 4@6c; Japan, 4½@5c. Freights, dull. Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1.17½@1.20. Tallow, steady; city thds 5c; country, 5c. Hay, firm.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 21.—May wheat opened 1c up on 60c, advanced to 60¾c and gradually declined to 59¾c. Corn was steady and featureless. May opened unchanged at 39½c and declined to 38¾c. Oats steady; May, 32½c. One sale only of May pork was made at $12.60. Lard nominal. Estimated receipts for Monday—Hogs, 22,000; wheat, 73 cars; corn, 254; oats, 250. Estimates for Monday—Wheat, 82; corn, 250; oats, 280.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 21.—Butter quiet; creamery, 15@21c; dairy, 12@18c.

TOLEDO, O., April 21.—Wheat quiet, easy; No 2 cash, 58¾c; May, 59½c; July, 61¾c; Aug, 62¾c. Corn firm; No 2 cash, 40¼c; May, 39¾c. Oats steady; No 2 mixed, 34c; No 2 white, 36c. Rye steady, 53c. Clover seed firm; prime cash, $5.65; April, $5.60;

...EN CAFE
...TREET.
...entlemen.
...RST-CLASS.

...NEWS.

...requires no bush" ('tis ... that does), Crawford's ...say very little about their ...ory; 'tis only the would-be- ...no milliners) who cull the ...get words in praise of their ..., splatchy, untasteful and dear- ...e stuff! All the cash-paying ...dis city know whereof Crawford's ...k, the pay-as-you-please ladies are ...ortunate and are obliged to swallow ...pathic doses served out to them by ...ce-payment and space-payment stores ...is city. Crawford's asks these lat- ladies to for one season ...se the wind and try Crawford's for their ...w hats and bonnets, who guarantee ...such a radical change for the better in their personal appearance that their husbands will hardly know them, and such a saving in the coin of the United States as will make them dance with glee! Crawford's for a certainty know their milliner to be head and shoulders in good taste and good management above all others in St. Louis, either male or female, or she could not have held her position so long in this most exacting and particular business house!

N. B. Miss Alice Kerr, the "Queen of Corset Fitters," is now at Crawford's fitting "Her Majesty's Corsets" on United States subjects.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

WE are showing a beautiful line of suitings at $25, $30 and $35. H. E. Holloway, 708 Pine street.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
904 Olive street. Crown and bridge work.

Death of Mrs. James D. Crews.

News has been received in St. Louis of the death of Mrs. James D. Crews of Danville, Va., which occurred on Wednesday, April 18. Mrs. Crews was formerly well known as Miss Ella Grasty of Columbia and Mexico, Mo., in both of which towns her father, Rev. Dr. John S. Grasty was for several years pastor of the Presbyterian Church. The deceased had many friends in St. Louis where she resided at different times with her sister, Mrs. Robert L. Brockenbrough. She was also a sister of Charles H. Grasty for several years Managing Editor of the Kansas City *Times*, and her death will be heard with grief by friends all over the state. She leaves a husband and two little children, having left St. Louis a happy bride six years ago.

For the Multitude.

Many great blessings of the world can only be had by the few, but here is one for the benefit of all, and absolutely free of charge. Nothing is of more importance to us than our health. It has, until recently, been impossible for the poor, or those living far from large cities, to obtain the best medical advice except at great expense. But now comes forward one of our greatest and most successful specialists in curing nervous and chronic diseases and offers to every one, far and near, the privilege of consulting him by letter, without charge. This is none other than the well-known Dr. Greene of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, the discoverer of that wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

You who have sought in vain to learn what you are suffering from, or to obtain help, write him a description of your complaint, and he will return you a letter stating exactly what your disease is, and thoroughly describing each symptom, so that you can clearly understand just what ails you. And all this is entirely free of expense to you. The doctor gives most careful and explicit attention to all letters, and is having wonderful success in treating disease through his system of letter correspondence, using, as he does, nothing but harmless vegetable remedies in his practice. Write the doctor at once all about your complaint. It is the surest way to regain your health.

Charity Operetta and Farce.

In the spacious residence of Mr. August Gehner on Lindell boulevard, last night, "Beans and Buttons," a comic operetta, and "The Company's Husbands," a one-act farce, were presented to a select audience under the auspices of the Valentine Organization of the Rebekah Hospital. In the operetta, which is by Robyn and Lepere, Messrs. Henry Groffman, Charles Humphreys, Miss Ruth Thayer and Mrs. Josie Ludwig song the roles, and in the farce Messrs. W. Robbins, Powe and Alfred Scales and Misses Frankel, Elliott, Marie Bond and May Howe took part.

"THE New Dominion," as presented at the Grand Opera-house this week by Clay Clement, is one of the unique attractions of the season.

Joined the St. Johns Lodge.

COBURG, April 21.—The Prince of Wales has joined the St. Johns Lodge of Free Masons of Gotha. In doing so the Prince expressed the hope that there would be close personal relations between the German and English Free Masons.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Mr. Morgan's Report Will Meet With Mr. Davis' Opposition.

HE WILL SPEAK AGAINST IT IN THE SENATE.

Some of His Reasons Why the Bill Should Not Pass—Our Navy Too Weak to Hold It Against the Great Powers—A Disadvantage in Case of War—Washington Topics.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—It was generally understood when Senator Morgan reported the Nicaragua Canal bill that it did not wholly meet the approval of all members of the committee, especially Senator Davis of Minnesota, who opposed the bill when it was previously before the Senate.

Senator Davis has not put his objections in the form of a report and will not do so, but he will probably make a speech against the bill if it is ever called up. As to this contingency, it is well understood that as long as the tariff bill is before the Senate there will not be the least possibility of considering the Nicaragua or any other bill, but when the tariff is out of the way an effort will be made to bring up the Nicaragua bill.

"Yes, I expect to make a speech against the bill," said Senator Davis, "and I will endeavor to point out some reasons why it should not pass. Why should the United States put $100,000,000 into a canal when we have not a navy to hold it ten days against England, Germany, France or Italy?

"There is another feature that ought not to be lost sight of, and that is the fact that vessels are obliged to round Cape Horn is a wonderful defense for the United States. It is no small thing to send a naval vessel around Cape Horn. If we were to cut a canal through to the Pacific it would be open in times of peace and as many vessels could be put through as are needed in case trouble was contemplated in the near future. Without the canal the vessels would be obliged to go around the Horn.

"With $10,000,000 and the immense iron mines on the Pacific Coast we could make a show of defense in a short time, for all vessels that any nation would care to send around the Horn. But the worst feature of it is that we could not hold the canal nor could we recover it if once lost."

READING OF SPEECHES.

Mr. Gray's Proposition to Prevent It in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Although many propositions are introduced in the Senate looking to an amendment of the rules, nothing has resulted from them. At least in the present Congress the majority of the Committee on Rules are wholly opposed to any changes, and the Republican members are not likely to assist in adopting new rules which would in any way restrict their privileges and powers.

The proposition submitted by Senator Gray of Delaware, providing that no Senator shall read a speech or read extensively from books or papers, is intended more especially to cut off speeches which are supposed to be made for the express purpose of killing time. This matter was under discussion during the extra session, when the silver debate was on; the question being whether a Senator could have a document read at the clerk's desk.

In the course of the debate Senator Teller said that the reading of speeches was a practice that had grown up of late years, and was not contemplated when the Senate rules allowing entire freedom of debate were first inaugurated.

The object in preventing the reading of of speeches is that while a Senator may be content to read for hours without a single Senator listening and not more than two or three in the chamber, he would probably not be disposed to talk to the same kind of an audience, and it is further believed there would be very much less speechmaking.

This is no doubt true, but the whole matter would probably be debated until December before any rules looking toward the closure of debate or any startling innovations introduced in the Senate were carried.

"Four-Track Series" Etchings.

The passenger department of the New York Central has just issued a series of eight beautiful etchings, which artistically outrank anything of the kind ever issued by a railroad company, while the absence of any objectionable advertising feature, renders them suitable for hanging in your office, library or home. The titles are "Washington Bridge," "Rock of Ages, Niagara Falls," "Old Spring at West Point," "Rounding the Nose, Mohawk Valley," "No. 999 and the DeWitt Clinton," "The Empire State Express," "Horse-Shoe Fall, Niagara," and "Gorge of the Niagara River."

These etchings are all printed on fine plate paper, 24x32 inches, suitable for framing. Copies may be procured at the office of W. B. Jerome, General Western Passenger Agent, 97 Clark street, Chicago, for 50 cents each, or will be mailed in stiff tubes, secure from injury, to any address, for 75 cents each, or any two of them to one address for $1.80, or any three or more ordered at one time to one address, 60 cents each, in currency, stamps, express or postal money order.

Made Indecent Proposals.

Andrew Nolte, a young man of 24, was fined $300 by Judge Paxson this morning for indecency. It was shown that he made improper advances to the two little daughters of Mrs. Martha Wagner while they were passing the mouth of an alley near the northwest corner of St. Louis avenue and Parnell street about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The children complained to their mother, who had Officers Dooling and Barden of the Fourth District arrest Nolte.

Sunday's Special to Creve Cœur Lake.

Sunday, April 22, the Missouri Pacific Railway will run a special train to Creve Cœur Lake, leaving Union Depot 1:30 p. m. This in addition to regular service.

Porter—Stewart.

Mr. G. W. Porter and Miss L. E. Stewart, daughter of Rev. Stewart, were married Wednesday evening at Quinn Chapel, A. M. E. Church, by the Rev. J. M. Wilkerson. After the ceremony the couple held a reception at the bride's parents, 6104 South Ninth street.

GOOD fishing and boating at Creve Cœur Lake. Special train over the Missouri Pacific Railway leaves Union Depot Sunday, April 22, 1:30 p. m.

Hotel Cashier Livingstone Dead.

Frank A. Livingstone, cashier of the Southern Hotel and confidential clerk to Manager H. C. Lewis, died suddenly at St. Luke's Hospital last evening about 7 o'clock. He had been suffering from dropsy and heart failure for about three months, but his condition was not considered serious. Mr. Livingstone was born in Rockford, Ill., 35 years ago, and has been a hotel man all his life, having been associated with Manager Lewis at the Palmer House in Chicago before coming here ten years ago. His remains will be shipped for interment to Rockford, Ill., where his father and sister still reside.

CLAY CLEMENT is playing a new comedy, "The New Dominion," at the Grand Opera-house. He receives enthusiastic curtain calls every night.

Ashamed To Be Seen

Because of disfiguring facial blemishes is the condition of thousands upon thousands who live in ignorance of the fact that in **Cuticura Soap** is to be found the purest, sweetest and most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world. It is so because it strikes at the root of all complexional disfigurations, viz: THE CLOGGED, IRRITATED, INFLAMED OR SLUGGISH PORE.

For pimples, blackheads, red and oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes it is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

If tired, aching, nervous mothers knew the comfort, strength, and vitality in Cuticura Anti-Pain Plasters, they would never be without them. In every way the purest, sweetest and best plaster for women and children.

GET A MOVE ON!

You'll have to if You Intend to Participate in the Benefits of Our

SATURDAY NIGHT HURRICANE SALE!

To-day will be the third Saturday of our great Hurricane Sale, which will take place between the hours of 7 and 10 O'Clock To-night. We shall offer the following, leaving you to decide as to whether the values are not the greatest ever offered by any house in St. Louis.

MEN'S SUITS AT $5.00!

Yes, indeed—Don't mistake the price, Mr. Printer—$5 only buys choice of about

300 Men's Suits, in broken sizes, only two or three of a kind—Single and Double-Breasted Sacks, some round and some square corners, in Cheviots and Cassimeres, the very kind that have been sold at $10, $12.50 and $15. All will go on our counters and be offered for..... **$5.00**

If you can find your size among them you have a chance of saving $5, $7.50 and even $10, as the case may be. These will be found on second floor—take elevator.

Another Corking Bargain! Boys' single and double-breasted Knee-Pant Suits, light, medium and dark colors, medium weight. To-night only, from 7 to 10 o'clock..... **89c**
Parents, Don't Miss This.

Still Another One! Choice of 10 different styles of Men's soft Negligee Shirts, various colors. Our regular bargain price 75c, but To-night only, from 7 to 10 o'clock, will sell for.. **50c**

A Pocket Tickler! Men's elegant Stiff Hats, latest styles in brown, black, maple and tan colors, sizes 6 5-8 to 7 7-8, honest value at $3 and $3.50. To-night only, from 7 to 10 o'clock, at..... **$1.88**

Almost Given Away! In Housefurnishing Goods Department (basement), blue and white Enameled Pie Plates, worth 10c, just half price we've marked them to, and you can take 'em away for..... **5c**

SALE ONLY FROM 7 TO 10 O'CLOCK.

BARGAIN GIVERS. Famous POPULAR MERCHANTS.
ADVERTISERS OF FACTS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Married on an Illinois License.

The marriage license issued by County Clerk Lannham of Madison County, Ill., to George Rinkel and Miss Mary Puse of St. Louis was returned yesterday and showed that the ceremony was performed on the 18th inst. by Rev. G. Mueller, pastor of the St. Johannes German Evangelical Church, Fourteenth and Madison streets, this city. The couple are said to be living on the groom's farm in Illinois.

Legally the Illinois license does not authorize the solemnization of a marriage in this State, and the minister performing the same is said to be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine. It does not, however, affect the legality of the marriage, which stands even if performed without any license at all. Dr. Mueller does not seem to have been aware of the fact that a Missouri license was necessary for a marriage in this state.

School Board Building Committee.

The Building Committee of the School Board held a meeting last night. The Committee on Rules was granted an extension of time in which to report on the revision of rules for the conduct of janitors. Patrons of the Cote Brilliante School sent a communication to the committee asking that when Cottage avenue in front of the school was changed to conform with the established grade it might be lowered only four feet, instead of nine, as required.

The Carpenters' Union presented a petition that contracts for School Board work should stipulate that only union carpenters should be employed by contractors.

The High School Literary Society was granted permission to hold a debate with the Smith Academy Debating Society in the auditorium of the High School on May 1 next.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ON ITS OWN RAILS!

THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY

TRAINS OF THE
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry
NOW RUN SOLID BETWEEN
St. Louis and Houston,
Galveston and San Antonio.

WAGNER SLEEPERS and CHAIR CARS
TO ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
TEXAS

LEGAL.

SHERIFF SALE—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein August R. Schuls is plaintiff and Paulus & Williamson Architectural Co., Otto L. Mersman, William P. Nelson, trustee, and Fidelio C. Sharp are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described property situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: A certain double 2-story brick dwelling house or flats united together, and built under one roof and numbered 4055, 4053A, 4055 and 4055A Cook avenue, and situated on the following described real estate in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit: A piece or parcel of land composed of two contiguous lots, which are numbered 31 and 32 of city block No 3741 of said city, having an aggregate front of 50 feet on the north line of Cook avenue, by a depth of that width of 162 feet 6 inches to an alley, the western line of said property being parallel with and distant 141 feet eastwardly from the eastern line of Sarah street, and I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAEH,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., April 9, 1894. 532

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, J. H. Vogler, alias J. Heinrich Vogler, alias Henry Vogler, and Anna C. Vogler, his wife, and Margaretha Vogler, widow of Christoph Vogler, by their certain deed of trust dated Dec. 10, 1888, and recorded in the Recorder's Office for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 894, at page 183, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 7 in block 109 of Julia C. Soulard's third addition to said city of St. Louis, and being in city block 393 of said city, the said lot having a front of thirty feet on the west line of Tenth (formerly Buel) street by a depth westwardly of 114 feet to an alley twenty feet wide, including all improvements thereon; and did also convey therein to the undersigned seven shares of the capital stock of said St. Louis Turners' Building and Loan Association, numbers 306 and 307 and numbers 291 to 295, both inclusive; which conveyance was made to secure to the St. Louis Turners' Building and Loan Association the repayment of a certain loan made to said J. H. Vogler in the amount of fourteen hundred dollars, and the faithful performance by said Vogler of the conditions and obligations of a certain written bond, and the payment by said Vogler of certain monthly instalments of money and the performance of other agreements, all fully set forth in said deed of trust, and whereas default has been made in the said payments and in the performance of the conditions and obligations of said bond, and in the performance of other stipulations and agreements named in said deed of trust, and the said John H. Vogler is now dead more than nine months. Now, therefore, at the request of the said St. Louis Turners Building and Loan Association, and pursuant to the powers conferred upon the undersigned by the terms of said deed of trust, notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell, first, the said shares of stock, and next, the above described real property, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying the conditions of said bond and terms of said deed.

B. SCHNURMACHER,
BERD. A. SUPPAN,
Trustees.
St. Louis, Mo., April 18, 1894. 723

WHEREAS George S Tourville (single), by his deed of trust, dated April 1, 1893, recorded in book 1,149, page 120, of the Office of Recorder of Deeds of city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned, Robert W. Morrison, as trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit: Lots Nos. thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) in block two (2) of D. D. Page's second western addition to said city of St. Louis and in block No. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight (1868), having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Lucky street by a depth of 125 feet southwardly to an alley 15 feet wide, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of five certain promissory notes herein described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the interest note due April 1-4, 1894. Now, therefore, the undersigned trustee, at the requst of the legal holder of said note and of the remaining notes secured by said deed of trust, hereby gives public notice that he will proceed to sell and will sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Courthouse, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1894,

between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

ROBERT W. MORRISON, Trustee.
681

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, James B. Boadman, Sherman Allen, Frank H. Marshall, Reuben Douglas, Abram Gibbs, Edward Morgan, and William Allen, Benjamin Hamilton and John E. Offutt, Trustees for the Washington Chapel African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church of St. Louis, Missouri, by their certain deed of trust dated January 16, 1893, recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 1146, at page 551, did convey to the undersigned as trustee, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number nineteen (19) in Adam L. Mills' first addition, and in city block number nine hundred and thirty-two (932) of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, said lot having a front of fifty (50) feet on the north line of Morgan street, and a depth northwardly of equal width of one hundred and forty-seven (147) feet more or less to an alley, and bounded as follows: On the south by Morgan street, east by lot number twenty (20) of said city block, north by said alley, and west by lot number eighteen (18) of said city block, and including all the improvements erected on said lot number nineteen (19) of said city block, which conveyance was made to secure to John M. Sellers and Thomas F. Hayden the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and, whereas default was made in payment of said note by A. William Allen, the maker thereof, and he has not paid the same; now, therefore, at the request of said Sellers and Hayden, and pursuant to the terms of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee hereby gives notice that he will on

SATURDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF APRIL, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the same premises at public vendue or outcry to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying the provisions of said deed of trust. WILLIAM KEARE, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., March 27, 1894. 527

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Western Iron Supply Co., a corporation, plaintiff, and against Sterling Robbins and John A. Johnson, partners under the firm name and style of Robbins & Johnson, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, Sterling Robbins, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. 7 in city block 3918 west, fronting on the south line of Forest Park Boulevard by a depth southwardly with that width of 200 feet, and I will, on

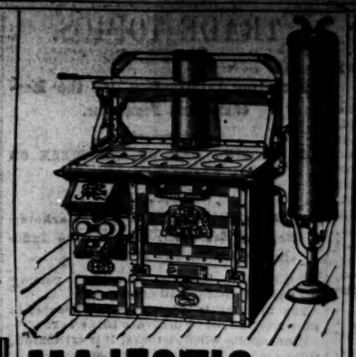
THURSDAY, THE 3D DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant Sterling Robbins, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAEHLI,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., April 10, 1894. 538

IN matter of the assignment of Glass-Box Cigar Co. notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of Glass-Box Cigar Co., has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1894, and said court, together with the vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court, on Tuesday, the 24th day of April, 1894, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

PHILIP E. ORTH,
Assignee.
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
715



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Steel and Malleable Iron
RANGES!

Fire kindles quicker,
Oven heats quicker,
Bread bakes quicker,
Roasts meat juicier,
Takes less fuel,
Costs less money,
Quality considered, than any other.

Seventy-one dealers handle them in this market.

Are also shown at factory office,
MAJESTIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
2004 to 2014 Morgan Street.
☞The MAJESTIC GAS RANGE is now on the market. Ask for it.

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Frances J. Homes, deceased, that I the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

W. F. HOMES,
Administrator of Frances J. Homes, deceased.
St. Louis, March 30, 1894. 541

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Isabella Hickman, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

JOSHUA HICKMAN,
Executor of the estate of Isabella Hickman, deceased.
J. K. HANSBROUGH, Attorney, Room 518 Commercial Building.
St. Louis, April 14, 1894. 680

ST. LOUIS, MO., APRIL 13, 1894.—To all creditors of the Continental Flour and Feed Co.: Your are hereby notified that on the 14th, 18th and 16th days of May, 1894, I shall proceed at the office of George M. Block, Room No. 602, No. 415 Locust street, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me by the Continental Flour and Feed Co. for the benefit of its creditors. All claims not presented at that time will be debarred from all benefit of said assignment.

WM. H. BOYDEN,
666 Assignee Continental Flour and Feed Co.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—In pursuance of the order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., I will, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1894,

at 3 o'clock p. m., sell at public sale the property mentioned below in lots to suit the purchasers, either as a whole or singly. Terms of sale, cash. Place of sale, Haydock Bros.' building, Fourteenth and Papin streets, city of St. Louis.

H. M. POLLARD,
Assignee W. T. Haydock.

Machinery—Section A, first floor—Lot 1, Colton power punch and shears; lot 2, 1 Harris power drill; lot 3, 1 Bames drill; lot 4, 1 post drill; lot 5, 1 emery belt and stand; lot 6, 1 National tap cutting machine; lot 70, 1 bolt header; lot 7, 1 post drill; lot 8, 1 Bickford power drill; lot 69, 1 lot second-hand pulleys, short shafting and rope; lot 9, 1 emery wheel and stand; lot 10, 1 emery wheel and stand; lot 11, 2 oil tanks; Section B, first floor—Lot 12, 2 Oliver hammers; lot 13, 1 Oliver hammer; lot 14, 1 Bradley hammer; lot 15, 1 Bradley hammer; lot 16, 1 small Erie engine; lot 17, 1 tire bender; lot 18, 1 hub boring machine, lot 19, 1 Bames drill; lot 20, 1 tire plate; lot 21, 2 two portable forges; lot 22, 12 Buffalo forges; lot 23, 1 small portable furnace; lot 68, 1 flexible boring machine; lot 24, 2 emery wheels and stand; lot 25, 1 West tire shrinker. Section B, second floor—Lot 53, 1 rip saw and frame; lot 54, 1 double head scrolling machine. Section C, third floor—Lot 55, 1 bow cutting machine. Section B, third floor—Lot 56, 1 old top stitching machine; lot 57, 1 Osborne creasing machine. Section C, fourth floor—Lot 58, 1 pipe machine; lot 59, 1 Hall & Brown shaper; lot 60, 1 boring machine; lot 61, 1 grinding stand; lot 62, 1 Fay sanding machine; lot 63, 1 sand belt and stand; lot 64, sand head and stand; lot 65, 1 sand head and stand; lot 66, 2 gear tanks. Section C, fifth floor—Lot 67, 1 boring machine. Basement—Lot 71, 3 power fans; lot 72, 1 lot extension top forms; lot 73, 1 Oliver hammer; lot 74, 1 lot of old forges; lot 75, 1 lot pulleys with shafting; lot 76, 1 lot shafting with the couplings; lot 77, 1 lot wood pulleys; lot 78, 2 pieces of odd machinery; lot 79, 1 small dynamo. Section C, first floor—Lot 26, 1 portable forge; lot 27, 1 emery belt and stand; lot 28, 1 post drill; lot 29, 1 post drill; lot 30, 1 small rotary pump; lot 31, 1 old drill. Section C, second floor—Lot 32, 1 Fay cross-cut saw and stand; lot 33, 1 rip-saw and stand; lot 34, 1 four-sided molding machine; lot 35, 1 Bentle & Margedant universal wood-worker; lot 36, 1 Hall & Brown tenon machine; lot 37, 1 Fay drill; lot 38, 1 Cordesman shaper; lot 39, 2 emery wheels and stand; lot 40, 1 Cordesman band-saw; lot 41, 1 rip-saw and stand; lot 42, 1 Fay pony planer; lot 43, 1 grindstone, pulley and stand; lot 44, 1 tenon machine; lot 45, 1 double stand for sand belts; lot 46, 1 tenon machine; lot 47, 1 Fay shaper; lot 48, 1 Hall & Brown shaper; lot 49, 1 Egan mortising machine; lot 50, 1 Hall & Brown shaper; lot 51, 1 Hall & Brown shaper; lot 52, 1 Smith band-saw; Section C, sixth floor.—Lot 80, 1 Hall & Brown shaper; lot 81, 1 National screw cutter; lot 82, 1 hub boring machine; lot 83, 1 tenon machine; lot 84, 1 mortising machine; lot 85, 1 screw cutter and hanger. Miscellaneous Articles, Section B, fourth floor.—16 coach makers' vises, 31 blacksmiths' vises, 6 anvils, 6 step-ladders, 10 ladders, 1 paint mill, 2 post drills, 1 lot iron and wood pulleys, 1 old press drill, not complete, 1 lot belting, 1 coal pan for forge, 1 iron wheelbarrow, 2 freight trucks, 3 broken trucks, 124 trestles, 5 rail racks, 2 lumber trestles with roller, 4 circular saws, 11 buffing wheels, 9 chairs, 9 desks, 7 cupboards, 1 bender, 1 small blower for hand forge, 1 lot 74 screw clamps, 1 lot tackle, blocks and rope, 1 tuyre iron for Buffalo forge, 1 lot post hangers for various sizes of shafting, 12 benches with coachmakers' vises, 8 work benches without vises, 55 trucks, 1 box truck, 1 barrel truck, 2 small hand trucks, 1 lumber truck, 3 sewing machines (damaged), 1 butchers' block, 1 name plate case, 10 oil tanks, 2 oil pumps, 4 scales, 8 wheel jacks, 3 tables, 2 tarpaulins for wagons, 50 gear stands, 10 wheel stands, 29 paint stands, 1 lot blacksmith tools and forms. 737

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of two alias executions, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court, to me directed, in favor of William Lenz, plaintiff, and against R. J. Groeninger, defendant; I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: A certain lot of ground bounded and described as lot 29 of block 6 of Page's southern addition to City of St. Louis, city block 467 East, beginning at a point in the northern line of Morrison avenue at the distance of 250 feet westwardly from the western line of Ninth street, thence northwardly and parallel with said Ninth street 118 feet 4 inches to an alley, thence westwardly parallel with Morrison avenue 25 feet to a point, thence southwardly parallel with Ninth street, 118 feet 4 inches to north line of Morrison avenue, thence eastwardly with north line of Morrison avenue 25 feet to place of beginning, with the house thereon known as 923 Morrison avenue, deed of which is recorded in Book 1190 page 382 of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

Also a lot of ground containing a front of 19 feet 3 inches on west line of Second street by a depth westwardly along the north line of Chouteau avenue, in equal width of 91 feet 3 inches and bounding in city block 49, bounded north by property now or formerly of Hankin, Jr., west by property now or formerly of D. T. Watt, south by Chouteau avenue and east by South street, a deed of which is recorded in Book 1202 page 22 of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and I will, on

MONDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF APRIL, 1894,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said executions and costs.

PATRICK M. STAEHLI,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., April 6, 1894. 596

NOTICE to Stockholders Ozark Onyx Company—Pursuant to the order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, made in case No. 91,740, Court-room No. 5, entitled "McMaster against Ozark Onyx Company," a call is hereby made upon you, the stockholders of said company, to appear at the office of the undersigned, over Gerke's bank, on Saturday, April 21st, 1894, the amounts due from you respectively to said company, on account of the capital stock thereof, as set opposite your names in the annexed list, but not wholly paid for; and you are hereby required to make said payments to the undersigned, at the office aforesaid, on or before the day aforesaid.

[SEAL.] ALEX. H. GARRISON, Receiver.
St. Louis, Mo., April 17th, 1894.
MILLS & DOUGLASS, Attys. 592

HUMPHREY'S,
Broadway and Pine,
ST. LOUIS, April 21, 1894.
Generally fair to-day and to-morrow; warmer Sunday.

TO-DAY.

500 Men's Cassimere and Cheviot Sack Suits, carried over by us from last season. Your choice from the entire lot

Only $12.00.

200 Men's Blue and Black soft finish Cutaway Frock and Sack Suits at **$15.00** worth and ought to sell for $20.00.

A new lot of Combination Suits for Boys, ages 4 to 15 years—a coat, two pairs of pants and a cap—all for **$4.50.**

Hats for Men.

All the Spring shapes in Men's Soft and Stiff Hats at **$1.90.**

Hats for Ladies.

We sell *Knox's* celebrated Hats for Ladies. See the special new and beautiful designs we're showing for Ladies' spring and summer wear.

For Boys.

Sweaters and all sorts of Furnishings, Caps, Hats, etc., etc.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

LEGAL.

PUBLIC Administrator's Notice of Letters—No. 20,301 of estate. In re estate of Elliot H. Pendleton, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Elliott H. Pendleton, deceased, and that I did so on the 20th day of January, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 609

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the Tyler Desk Co., that I will, on the 1st, 2d and 3d days of May, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on each of said days, at my office, Room No. 602, No. 415 Locust street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me by the Tyler Desk Co. for the benefit of its creditors.

GEO. M. BLOCK,
546 Assignee of the Tyler Desk Co.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Carl Heinrich von Behren and Caroline von Behren, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 20th day of September, 1893, and recorded in book 1096 page 203 in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned William Reipschlager, trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the City of Saint Louis and State of Missouri, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) of O'Fallon's addition in city block 2054, having together a front of seventy-five feet (75 feet) on the west line of Eighth street by a depth westwardly of 132 feet 6 inches to an alley, bounded north by Biddle street, south by lot 4 of said block and addition, east by Eighth street and west by said alley; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the four principal notes in said deed described, and whereas Carl Heinrich von Behren is now more than nine months dead, now, therefore, under and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned Trustee hereby, at the request of the legal holders of the notes described in said deed of trust, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 2D DAY OF MAY, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, proceed to sell said real estate at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said trust.

WILLIAM REIPSCHLAEGER, Trustee.
LUEKE & MUENCH, Attorneys.
St. Louis, Mo., April 6, 1894. 618

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—No. 20,401. In re estate of Antoine Vest, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of Antoine Vest, deceased, and that I did so on the 10th day of March, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the sale of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1894. 613

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—No. 20,419 of estate. In re estate of Alfred O